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**EASTLAND
DISASTER RELIEF
1915-1918**

**Report of the
Eastland Disaster Relief Committee
Chicago Chapter
American Red Cross
1918**

Eastland Disaster Relief

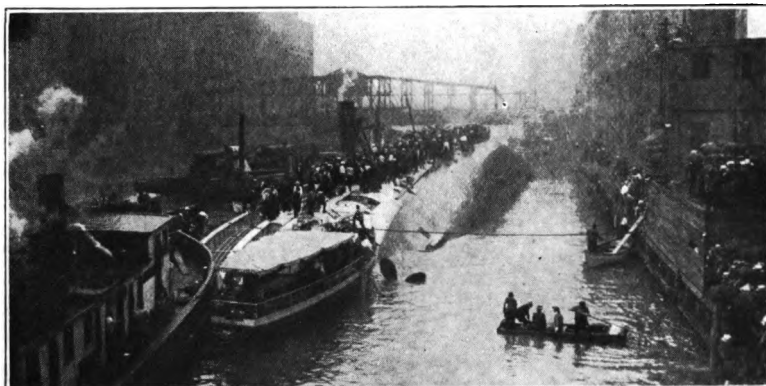
American Red Cross
1915—1918

After the capsizing of the
Steamer "Eastland" in the
Chicago River, July 24, 1915
to completion of Relief Work

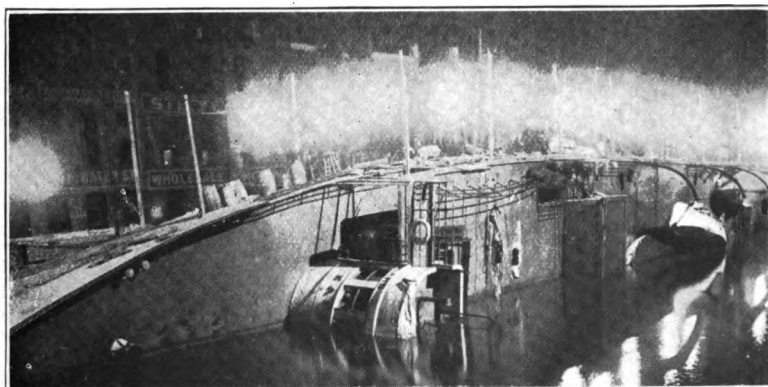
Final Report
Eastland Disaster Relief Committee
Chicago Chapter
American Red Cross
1918



Removing dead. Bow of Eastland looking west. Group on side of boat surrounds hole cut through steel side, through which some victims were rescued.



Looking toward Clark street bridge one hour after disaster.



Flashlight picture of Eastland night after disaster, looking from bow to stern. Warehouses and dock in background are less than fifteen feet from the keel of the boat.

Foreword

Although three public reports have been made upon the administration of the Eastland Disaster Relief funds, that were committed to the care of the Chicago Chapter of the American Red Cross by the Mayor's Committee, the Chapter deems it a duty to print this final report dealing with the emergent and permanent relief work.

The Red Cross desires to express its appreciation of the generous gifts of money, goods and personal service by hundreds of Chicago citizens, business firms, social service and civic organizations and of the excellent work of the Mayor's Committee, the Mayor's office, the departments of the City Government and of the Western Electric Company.

The prompt and generous assistance of the officials of the Western Electric Company to the families of their employees and to other sufferers; the efficiency of all the Company's relief workers and its helpfulness and courtesy to the Red Cross greatly expedited the relief work.

The Red Cross is especially indebted for the services of trained workers during a period of months to the United Charities of Chicago. Other agencies which loaned personnel are the Chicago Association of Commerce, Visiting Nurse Association, Jewish Aid Society, Illinois Tuberculosis Institute, Juvenile Protective Association, Infant Welfare Society, Juvenile Court, City Health Department, Oak Park Charities, City Welfare Department, Cook County Welfare Department, Boy Scouts, Chicago Medical Society, Physicians' Committee of City Health Department, Polish Eastland Relief Committee, Polish Aid Society, Bohemian Eastland Relief Committee, Bohemian Aid Society, and the Evanston Associated Charities.

Reid, Murdoch & Company's prompt and generous action in placing its building at the disposal of the relief workers; the generosity of the Marshall Field Estate in giving a floor of the Conway Building; of the Globe Wernicke Company in giving complete office equipment; of the Remington Typewriter Company and the Burroughs Adding Machine Company in loaning their machines; of Arthur Young & Co. for audit; of the Chicago Telephone Company and scores of other business firms in giving valuable assistance are recorded with deep appreciation.

Grateful acknowledgment is made of the services of the newspapers of Chicago. They assisted the relief work not only by contributing money and raising funds but also by their sympathetic and careful reports of the steps taken to alleviate the suffering.

The Chicago Chapter is indebted to the National Headquarters of the Red Cross for the valuable services of its disaster relief experts, especially the Director of the Relief work.

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DIRECTOR RELIEF WORK,
John J. O'Connor
Director Central Division, American Red Cross

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I. THE DISASTER.

The capsizing of the lake passenger steamship *Eastland*, which caused the death of 812 persons, occurred in the Chicago river at the Clark Street bridge, in the very heart of the City of Chicago, about 7:20 o'clock on the morning of Saturday, July 24, 1915.

The boat was one of four which the employees of the Western Electric Company had chartered to carry 7,000 men, women and children on an annual outing to Michigan City, Ind. The *Eastland* was to have left the dock at 7:30 o'clock, and was to have been followed at halfhour intervals by the other steamers.

The excursionists began to arrive at the dock as early as 6 o'clock in the morning, wishing to sail on the first boat and make the day as long as possible. As soon as the gates were thrown open a solid line of people, two abreast, moved upon the boat, and by 7:10 o'clock there were approximately 2,500 persons aboard.

The Indiana Transportation Company, which furnished the boats for the excursionists, had announced that if the boat were loaded before the hour set for sailing, she would not wait until 7:30. When the boat was filled, preparations were made to sail at once. One line had been cast off and the boat was beginning to swing into the stream.

The 2,500 or more passengers, largely women and children, were in high spirits. The little ones were romping as well as they could on decks so crowded that one could scarcely walk, and the older ones were waving and shouting to their friends who were boarding the other boats.

About 7:10 o'clock the boat listed slowly over away from the dock, swayed back almost to an even keel, then began to list again, and slowly turned over and lay flat on her port side in some 18 feet of water, with the keel only a few feet from the dock.

At first the people thought there was nothing unusual about the movement of the boat. It was not until the second listing had progressed so far as to overturn a refrigerator that the crowd became alarmed.

Then the cheers and wavings and shouts of glee gave way to cries of terror, and a mad panic ensued. A number who were on the starboard side of the boat, next the dock, scrambled ashore or dropped into the water and were pulled out by rescuers, for the boat turned over very slowly.

Several hundred, gathered on the upper or hurricane deck, were spilled overboard into the river, and swam ashore, or were saved by the rescuers.

But many of the hundreds between decks were penned in and drowned or crushed to death. Some of the imprisoned held on until holes were cut in the side of the boat which remained above water, and were taken out alive, but terribly shattered by the horror. Hundreds were dead when finally the rescuers reached them.

News of the tragedy spread rapidly. The fire and police departments were called out; the river boats of both departments and other craft came to the rescue; scores of volunteer rescuers plunged into the work, and the task of taking the passengers from the boat and from the water where they had leaped or had been thrown, went on for hours. Some 1,700 reached shore alive, while the dead were already being laid in windrows along the bank.

The tally of dead finally reached 812, with a considerable list of injured, some of whom died later.

The people of Chicago sprang at once to the relief of those who had been bereaved. Entire families had been wiped out. Parents had gone to their death leaving a number of children. Sons and daughters had been drowned, leaving the parents childless. All the bread winners of other families had perished, leaving a number of dependents. And everywhere were funeral expenses and doctor bills to be met, while the survivors were almost or quite crazed.

Such was the situation when the American Red Cross was called upon to take charge of the relief work, prevent suffering for want of necessities of life among the survivors, see that the dead were given suitable burial, and adjust living conditions for the hundreds of women and children left without their natural protectors.

II RELIEF WORK AT SCENE.

The accident was less than an hour old when the American Red Cross, represented by John J. O'Connor, Director of its Central Division, was at work at the scene.

Confusion was everywhere. The police lines had been drawn a block back from each river bank. The thousands of Western Electric employees arriving to take passage on other steamers, streams of workers moving into the downtown district and the hurrying of fire companies, ambulances, patrol wagons, physicians, nurses and rescuers gave the appearance of great confusion although the work of rescue and caring for the suffering and dead was being rapidly pushed.

Passengers of other steamers, river-men, South Water Street employees, police, firemen and young men from the crowd were diving into the river and the hold of the steamer, occasionally bringing up a body in which there was still a breath of life. On the sidewalks under the street awnings, partially protected from the rain, coatless physicians were trying to resuscitate the victims who were being brought more rapidly than they could be cared for. There were constant calls for hot water, blankets and other materials. Some of these needs were being met by the merchants of the neighborhood, but these sources of supply were quickly drained.

Around the fringes of and through the large crowds men, women and children who had been rescued were dazedly calling out for news of their friends and relatives who had been with them on the boat. All the while the dead were being brought up from the boat and carried across a tug which bridged the gap between the river bank and the side of the ill-fated Eastland.

The telephones for blocks around had lines of anxious people waiting for a chance to advise their homes of their own and the condition of other members of their families. The Chicago Telephone Company rushed a large corps of emergency workmen who quickly installed rows of telephones across the fronts of stores and other places for the public to make free use of. This single action did much to help the organization of the city's forces.

The large building of the wholesale grocery firm of Reid, Murdock and Company is located on the North bank of the river, a stone's throw from the side of the over-turned boat. Employees of this firm were having their annual picnic on this

Saturday. The building was untenanted. Acting on advice from officials of the Company the caretaker threw open the basement and first floor of the building to the relief forces. The Red Cross quickly secured operators for the firm's switchboard and appropriated the private offices for the different agencies at work, the police, state's attorney, coroner's jury, nurses and physicians. Hopeful cases were brought to the first floor for treatment. The dead were numbered and brought into the large cement basement where volunteer embalmers were already at work. Police carefully searched the bodies for valuables and means of identifications, placing all papers and other articles in large envelopes on which were written the police numbers of the dead persons.

A requisition desk to which went all orders for supplies needed in the work of rescue and relief was established almost within the first hour. Truck loads of stretchers, valuable blankets and other supplies were arriving from the State Street de-
parement stores which had offered to give without charge, of their personnel, goods and equipment. Some of them even hurriedly devised stretchers for which there was a constant demand. The alley in the rear of the building was already congested with scores of trucks and delivery wagons.

As a truck was emptied of its goods it was loaded with blanket-wrapped bodies and sent to the Second Regiment Armory, a large unused building at Washington and Curtiss streets, a few miles away. By the careful work of the Coroner's office and the police all bodies were secured from neighboring undertaking establishments, where they had been taken in the first few minutes of rescue work and transported to the Armory. This prompt action in establishing a central morgue later proved of the greatest aid to the grief stricken thousands who were seeking all day for news of their missing relatives and friends.

The Red Cross established rest rooms and first aid stations and saw to the installation of scores of telephones at the Armory before its doors were thrown open. The Chairman of the Red Cross nurses in Chicago, Miss Minnie F. Aherns, quickly selected a competent staff and provided cots and restoratives for the Armory emergency station, which later in the day was called upon to handle scores of fainting and hysterical people.

The work of rescue on the boat and in the Reid, Murdock and Company building was continued all through that rainy day and night. Acetylene lights and search lights aided the police, firemen and other rescuers who toiled all night in the murky waters of the river and the hold of the boat.

About noon nurses and physicians were secured to relieve those who had been tired out. By afternoon the strain was telling on the rescuers, many of whom had been without food

since early morning. The Red Cross enlisted Miss Harriet Vit-tum, head of the Northwestern University Settlement, who es-tablished feeding stations on nearby tugs and on the docks. Coffee and sandwiches were supplied liberally by the LaSalle and Sherman hotels and other firms. Reid, Murdock and Com-pany ordered foodstuffs pulled down from the shelves and served to the workers.

Far into the night the trucks with loads of dead continued on their mournful journey from the River to the Armory. The line of people, many blocks long, waited at the Armory for the doors to be thrown open. Before midnight the signal was given and the sorrowful procession started up and down the aisles of dead on the Armory floor. The heartrending scenes of the Armory had better be left undescribed.

Early in the morning of the disaster two vacant stores near the river were broken open and telephones and other office equipment installed. Within a few hours after the disaster a central registration office was in full operation, manned by em-ployees of the Western Electric Company. These volunteer workers from the Company and the City Health Department quickly secured from all hospitals, physicians' offices and other places the names and addresses of the dead and injured known to them. Announcers were sent through the crowds advising all that had been on the boat or who had news of people who had been passengers to report at the central registration office.

Through one room, down the long rows of desks, filed people with news of passengers. As information of the condition and whereabouts of the passengers was secured duplicate copies of the reports were sent to the other room through which thronged the crowds seeking some word. Word was also flashed to the information station at the Western Electric plant in Hawthorne for the benefit of hundreds of inquirers there.

Early in the day Acting Mayor Moorehouse called a con-ference of officials of the city, Western Electric Company and Red Cross. In the early evening plans were matured for a meeting of the City's most prominent business men to be held the next morning. All Saturday night the staff of the Mayor's office worked with telephone and messenger and on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock a memorable conference was under way in the Mayor's office.

Leaving aside, for the moment, the questions of what caused the disaster and who were responsible these fifty citizens ad-dressed themselves to consideration of the relief measures that should be taken in the name of the horror-stricken people of Chicago.

This group was known as the Mayor's Committee. James Simpson, Vice President of Marshall Field & Company and a member of the executive committee of the Red Cross, was Chairman. Julius Rosenwald was Chairman of the Finance Committee and also Treasurer. A. A. Sprague II, Chairman of the Chicago Chapter of the Red Cross and most of the Directors of the Chapter were members of the Committee.

Reports on the disaster and relief work undertaken up to that time were made at the meeting by Acting Mayor Moorehouse, the Mayor's Secretary, the Chief of Police, the Superintendent of the Health Department, officials of the Western Electric Company and the Director of the Central Division of the Red Cross. It was quickly decided to issue an appeal to the citizens of Chicago to contribute \$200,000 within the next forty-eight hours.

Contributions of nearly double the amount requested were made within a few weeks and almost without exception by Chicago firms and citizens. These contributions were received at the office of Julius Rosenwald, the Chairman of the Finance Committee, and later turned over in a lump sum to the Chicago Chapter.

The Mayor's Committee passed a resolution requesting the American Red Cross to assume responsibility of distributing all its funds and suggested that J. J. O'Connor be made director of the work. A Committee on Co-operation consisting of Health Commissioner, Dr. John Dill Robertson, Chief of Police, Charles C. Healey, A. A. Sprague II, Charles H. Wacker, William P. Sidley and Rev. John P. Brushingham was appointed.

It was decided that since the majority of the dead appeared to be employees of the Western Electric Company and this Company was in position to begin immediately the relief of these families a division of the emergency relief work should be made. All families in which the lost members were Western Electric employees were to be referred to the Company and all others were to be given emergency assistance by the Red Cross. It was decided that the City Health Department should look after the general health conditions of the people who had been immersed in the river water.

The Western Electric Company at once appropriated \$100,000 for relief and permitted the Red Cross to draw upon the fund until the public fund became available.

Under this plan the relief work for the families, already under way, rapidly took shape.

III.

THE EMERGENCY RELIEF.

On Sunday morning, the day after the disaster, one hundred City Health Department nurses assembled in the City Hall and were instructed by Health Commissioner Robertson with respect to treatment of health problems in the Eastland families and by Director O'Connor with respect to relief problems. The names of five hundred families already known to the Health Department and Central Registration office were distributed among the nurses as well as Red Cross cards for recording information. They began immediately visiting the families.

By early Sunday afternoon the Red Cross opened an emergency relief station at the Western Electric Company plant near which the majority of the families resided. A force of trained relief workers from a dozen social service agencies received telephone reports from the nurses as to the needs of the different families.

The reports grouped the families into

1—Those needing immediate assistance, principally in connection with funerals.

2—Those needing assistance after the burials.

3—Those needing possible future assistance.

Automobiles from the Western Electric Company, Chicago Telephone Company and other firms as well as a number of private cars were parked at the relief station. As soon as cases in need were reported either a Red Cross worker or a Western Electric Company relief worker left at once to visit the family taking cash, physician, interpreter, or whatever else the nurse's report indicated would be needed. Meanwhile the nurse moved on to her next family.

General instructions to relief workers were to give liberal emergency assistance, principally in cash, and not to intrude at that time upon the families who were mourning and burying their dead.

The instruction was "Give prompt relief. Ask questions next week."

The first week was devoted to assisting all families to bury their dead. Many of them required some assistance in arranging for undertakers, cemeteries and churches. On account of the scarcity of conveyances for mourners automobiles were requisitioned from large taxicab companies and private owners. Religious services in churches were given without charge. Flowers were sent to the homes by florists. Neighbors and strangers

did their utmost to lighten the burdens in the more than 900 families in which were 812 dead and scores of injured.

The Red Cross expended about \$15,000 in small grants and monthly allowances for emergency needs while waiting for facts necessary for permanent distribution of the bulk of the relief funds. The Western Electric Company expended an equal sum in emergency relief and followed it with the disbursement of the major part of its special fund and payments from its Death and Disability fund. The small needs of the members of the crew and other employees of the boat who lost clothing or tools necessary for a livelihood were met on an economical basis. No attempt was made to replace jewelry or money reported lost as the facts of the losses could not be satisfactorily established.

After one week, when most of the dead had been identified and buried, the Red Cross opened its principal offices in the Conway Building across from the City Hall and closed its emergency station at the Western Electric plant.

Emergency relief work was undertaken by the Polish, Bohemian and German Relief Committees in behalf of families of those nationalities.

It is a fine tribute to the value and promptness of the emergency relief of the Red Cross and the Company that although these Committees had funds they found it unnecessary in a single instance to grant relief after they had reported a family to the Red Cross or Company. As a rule the relief workers were at the homes within one hour after the foreign Committees reported the cases.

All of the funds from the smaller committees, many societies and the newspapers were later turned into the Central fund to be administered by the Red Cross.

Plans were quickly made for ascertaining the multitude of facts necessary for the quick and equitable disbursement of the Red Cross funds and Western Electric Company's special fund for their employees.

IV.
DISTRIBUTION OF RELIEF FUND.

[With a description of the "Eastland Disaster Method of Equalizing Grants"—used later by the Red Cross in a number of disasters.]

The total of the funds paid into the Chicago Chapter was \$385,979.78. In addition the Western Electric Company paid from its Relief Fund \$95,601.47, turned over to the Red Cross \$5,000 and paid in death and disability benefits \$78,518.37. The Employees' Benefit Association of the Western Electric Company paid in death and disability benefits \$2,270.77. The total from Western Electric sources was \$181,390.61. Total payments from public funds and Western Electric Company funds were \$562,370.39.

Parenthetically, the total insurance paid to the families was \$267,160. They owned \$624,046 in equities in real estate valued at \$1,193,475.

The total number of families and individual cases considered by the Red Cross was 883. In 661 of these cases there were 812 dead. The remaining 222 cases were considered because of reported injuries and property losses.

The following table gives the number of cases considered because of deaths, injuries and property losses, arranged according to their social status after the disaster.

Group	Families having deaths	Number of deaths	Families with injuries or prop- erty loss	No claim
Children only	19	26	..	..
Widows with Children	138	156	6	..
Widowers with Children	51	72	2	..
Separated Women with Children	15	15	..	..
Married Couples with Children	262	290	33	..
Married Couples without Children	20	25	10	..
Widows without Children	37	51	..	..
Widowers without Children	33	47	..	..
Single Men	31	34	37	..
Single Women	33	33	13	..
Families wiped out	22	63	..	..
	<u>661</u>	<u>812</u>	<u>101</u>	<u>121</u>
Cases of Families Having Deaths	661			
Cases of Injuries or Property Loss only	101			
Cases of No Claim Recognized	121			
	<u>883</u>			
Total Records	883			

RELIEF NOT RE-IMBURSEMENT.

It was unanimously decided by all the agencies interested in the Red Cross relief work that the public fund should not be considered a compensation fund, to be used for reimbursement of losses. It was agreed that as a relief fund it should be expended according to the degree of need of each family, as nearly as it could be ascertained.

No sum of money could compensate the families for their losses and to attempt to disburse the funds according to the average earning ability of the deceased or the probable length of their lives would have resulted in complications and controversies.

DIFFICULTIES TO BE OVERCOME.

Investigation was directed to ascertain the condition in each family resulting from the disaster. How did the new situations that were instantly created in these 883 families affect their independence? What families would be unable to maintain a proper standard of living because of the losses of wage earning members? What families would need protection of the Red Cross and other forces in the City in order that young children could be properly reared to the age of self support? What safeguards should be provided when the natural protectors were killed?

The problem of how to arrive at an equitable distribution of the fund that would prevent the families from becoming charges, directly or indirectly, upon public or private philanthropy at a later date on account of conditions created by the disaster, presented many difficulties. An equitable distribution required exact knowledge of the families' economic status, their incomes after the disaster, their ownership of real estate, the possession of life insurance and savings as well as social facts regarding health and living conditions.

Many families possessed debts incurred prior to or on account of the disaster. Some had incumbrances upon their properties. Some possessed no property, savings or life insurance. In some all of the children were grown and working, in others the children were young and unhealthy. In a few instances dependents were in other parts of the United States and in Europe.

How to secure exact knowledge of each family's circumstances and then to measure one family against another, was the problem the Red Cross relief forces undertook to solve.

THOROUGH INVESTIGATION DECIDED UPON.

After the first week, the city was divided into districts and fifty trained workers began systematic relief of the families and investigations for the permanent distribution. In conference with a family the relief worker arrived at a decision as to the amount of money that should be paid regularly each week or month. These payments began immediately. The amount of public money that would be available and the decision as to the final disbursement were determined later. Thus, no family was left in need while decision was being reached as to the exact amount that could be set aside for each case.

The investigation was thorough. Facts as to payments were secured from original sources such as insurance companies and benefit societies. Ownership of property was certified. Ages of children were established. In the instances where there were dependent women and children in Europe investigations through American embassies, frequently in the war zone, were necessary.

All the facts pertaining to a family were put into a single record of that case. When the 883 records were completed, they were tabulated according to the social status of the survivors. For instance: All the widows with children were tabulated together, thus setting off one widow's circumstances against another's.

After the facts about the cases were learned and subscriptions to the public fund had been closed the problem of how to equalize the payments to the families still remained to be solved.

How could the fund be distributed so that two widows, with children of the same age, owning the same amount of real estate, having equal incomes, equal insurance payments and savings, would receive the same amount? How could the amounts be determined in the two cases that would take into account the necessity of rearing minor children to working ages, relieve the families of debts incurred from the disaster and place them in a position where they would not be likely to become dependent upon charity as a result of the loss of the bread winners? How could the situation in one family possessing many resources be measured against that of a family possessing none?

PRO-RATA DISTRIBUTION NOT CONSIDERED.

No consideration was given to suggestions of a pro-rata distribution of the money, *i. e.*, dividing the number of victims into the amount of money and granting the heirs and dependents of each victim about \$470. If this plan had been adopted it would have given a family which owned considerable real estate and

money in bank, losing a small, non-wage earning child, exactly the same amount as the mother of six children under sixteen years of age, in poor health, who lost her husband. If the widow were given only \$470 she would be upon the city's charity within a few months. It was plain that if some families, whose needs were great, were to receive large sums, others must receive small sums. If the widow were to receive enough to struggle through with her children, the other family must receive less than \$470.

SOME SCALE OF PAYMENT NEEDED.

It was plain that if a committee gave only ten minutes' consideration to the facts of each of the 883 family situations it would take more than sixteen working days. If any group undertook to distribute \$386,000 among 883 families during sixteen working days without having some scale of payment or "measuring stick" the distressing stories would lead them to be very generous at first but as the money began to go they would tighten up, resulting in inequality. It was in this situation that Director O'Connor devised the "Eastland Disaster Method of Equalizing Relief Grants."

DESCRIPTION OF THE "EASTLAND DISASTER METHOD OF EQUALIZING RELIEF GRANTS."

The following mechanical scale for measuring the economic status of one family against that of another simply gave a figure that would assure equality of grants so far as tangible resources were concerned. It assured that two families of exactly the same economic status, would receive the same amount of money. But, there were many factors such as health and morals that influenced the decision to make a grant of a sum in excess of or below the scale figure. The scale simply furnished a basis, figure, after which judgment in the light of most approved social service methods was applied.

For instance: If two families measured for grants of \$2,000 on the scale, but in one family there were tuberculous or crippled children who would never be able to contribute much to the support of the family, a grant might be in excess of \$2,000. If in the other family there were wealthy relatives, owing a legal and moral obligation to support, or if there were unusual wage earning ability, the grant might be less than \$2,000.

THE SCALE.

1.—*In every case in which there were dead*—For each adult person drowned there was an allowance of \$200 and for each child under eighteen years of age drowned there was an allowance of \$150.

It was the decision of the Finance Committee of the Mayor's Committee that each family losing a member should receive some gift. The smallest sum offered to the family losing a member was \$150.

2.—*Children only.*—In the group of families containing children only, in which there were no surviving parents, the scale allowance to each child was \$12 per month for each month of dependency until the child reached the working age of sixteen years. Deductions were made on account of estates.

Example: If there were left two orphans, six and ten years respectively, there would be ten years of dependency in one case and six years in the other, a total of sixteen years of dependency to be provided for at the rate of \$144 per year. In other words, it would take \$2,304 to rear these children to a self-supporting age. If the children had no estate, such as insurance from parents, or real estate, this total sum would be tentatively set aside to be increased or decreased, according to the judgment of the Advisory Committee when the exact facts of the case were scrutinized. If, however, the children had an estate of \$1,000 and all funeral expenses had been paid they would be allowed on the scale only \$1,304. The Advisory Committee would then use this figure as a basis from which to depart in deciding the exact sum that should be given to the children.

3.—*Widows with children.*—Each widow with surviving children was allowed \$150 for each minor dead person and \$200 for each adult dead. She was allowed \$500 for herself on account of widowhood and the following scale for surviving children:

For each living child 1 to 7 years	\$500
8 or 9 years	400
10 or 11 years	300
12 or 13 years	200
14 years	150
15 years	100

(The amounts were diminished as the children neared the working age.)

Deductions were made for children over sixteen years. For each child sixteen or seventeen years \$100 was deducted and for each child eighteen to twenty-one \$100 was deducted and for each child over twenty-one \$100 was deducted, but the maximum deduction in any case for children over working age was \$200.

For each widow who owned real estate \$10 per \$100 of equity over \$1,000 was deducted. One thousand dollar equities owned by widows were ignored on the basis that a widow who owned \$1,000 equity in a property was only little better off than a widow with no equity, if the property were to be sold at a forced sale or if it was being purchased from a Building and Loan Association and she was in danger of losing all that had been paid if the payments were not kept up.

For each widow who received insurance and had savings in bank \$20 per \$100 of insurance or savings was deducted.

The deductions tended to equalize the payments to widows who were without equity, insurance, savings, or children of working age with the payments to widows with some or all of those assets.

Example: If a widow with three children under seven years of age, one child 15 years of age and one 18 years of age, who had lost her husband on the Eastland, owned a piece of property valued at \$3,000, upon which there was a \$1,500 mortgage and received in death benefits from the Western Electric Company or an insurance company \$500, the following is the way the scale was applied:

She was allowed—
 \$200 because of the adult dead.
 \$500 because of her widowhood.
 \$1,500 for three children under 7 years of age.
 \$100 for child 15 years of age.

Total..\$2,300

There was deducted—
 \$50 or 10% of the \$500 excess over the \$1,000 equity.
 \$100 or 20% of the \$500 insurance.
 \$100 for the child 18 years of age.

Total...\$250

Upon the scale she would receive \$2,050. But if the child 18 years of age were tuberculous or unable to work or if the widow were ill, an additional sum, according to the nature of the incapacity would be voted. On the other hand, if her property brought her good income, or, if the child 18 years of age, were earning unusually good wages, or if there were well-to-do relatives who were liable under the laws of the State of Illinois for support, a deduction would be made. These additions or deductions, as stated, were made by a committee of twelve people representing the various nationalities and the public and private social agencies after considering complete reports of the circumstances of each family.

4.—*Deserted, divorced and separated women with children.*—This group was treated on the same scale as widows with children. They were exactly in the same position, so far as reliance upon the father or husband for support was concerned.

Example: No example needed, as the example under "widows with children" illustrates the method.

5.—*Widows without children.*—Widows without children were allowed the same scale as "widows with children," with the exception of course, that no allowance was made for children, as these widows had none.

6.—*Widowers with children.*—Widowers with children were allowed three-fourths the widow's scale.

Example: In a case of a widower with three children under 7 years of age, one child 15 years of age and one child 18 years of age, who lost his wife on the Eastland and who owned a piece of property valued at \$3,000, upon which there was \$1,500.00 mortgage and who had received \$500 insurance the following is the way the scale was applied:

He was allowed—

\$200 because of adult dead. (This figure was constant.)

375 for himself.

1,125 for three children under 7 years of age.

75 for the child 15 years of age.

Total . \$1,775

There was deducted—

\$37 or 5% of the \$500 excess over the \$1,000 equity.

75 or 10% of the \$500 insurance.

75 for the child 18 years of age.

Total . . \$187

Upon the scale he would receive \$1,588, but if the child 18 years of age were ill, or if he were unable to work, an additional sum would be voted. On the other hand, if he were earning an unusually good income only part of the grant might be made.

7.—*Married couples with children.*—Married couples with children were allowed one-half the widow's scale.

Example: The example of the application of the scale which is given under "widowers with children" will suffice.

8.—*Married couples without children.*—Married couples without children were given the same scale as "married couples with children," without allowance for children, as none survived.

The example under "widowers with children" will suffice.

9.—*Widowers without children surviving.*—Widowers who were left alone were allowed the death allowance on the scale of \$200 if the lost member was over 18 and \$150 if under 18 years.

10.—*Dependents of the single men and women who were killed.*—Dependents of single men or women killed were allowed \$200 or \$150 because of the deaths with additions according to the degree of dependency.

11.—*Families wiped out.*—In the instances where every member of a family was lost there was no particular scale allowance. If there were dependents the maximum allowance on the scale would be the death grant of \$200 or \$150 according to the ages of the deceased persons.

Inasmuch as it was not the plan to make payments to the legal heirs who were not dependent upon the victims the full amount of the death-grant fund was not appropriated in this group.

12.—*Cases reported for injuries.*—The policy adopted was to make small grants to injured persons who did not receive sick benefits or whose wages were not paid by earnings.

13.—*Cases reported on account of property loss.*—The policy adopted was not to pay for property loss except where tools needed for livelihood were lost in cases where the sufferers could not restore same. No attention was paid to sentimental values. Working outfits were restored at a minimum cost.

14.—*Losses of rescuers.*—No grants were made people who lost property or wages while engaged in rescue work. It was deemed that the fund was contributed for the victims of the disaster and some other way of compensating rescuers for wages or property lost, such as clothing, should be found. There was no way of determining the truthfulness of their statements.

THE SCALE MERELY A BASIS.

It should be emphasized that the scale was simply a measuring stick. The results secured from application of the scale were not final. Final gifts, as decided by the committee of relief experts and representatives of Polish, Bohemian and German relief committees, were in most instances above or below the scale according to the circumstances of the families.

Tabulation in book form of all families, with the scale figure and the grant recommended by the Red Cross was presented to each member of the Committee. The Committee held sessions during a number of days and with books before them approved or disapproved the amount recommended by the Red Cross. In many instances the Committee voted larger or smaller gifts than were recommended by the Red Cross. Only those sums voted by the Committee were paid. The Committee also decided whether or not payment should be made in full to beneficiary or whether trust funds should be created.

THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

This Advisory Committee, appointed by the Director of the Red Cross Relief work and approved by the executive committee, consisted of the following: Sherman C. Kingsley, Chairman, J. W. Bancker, Mrs. Katherine M. Briggs, A. J. Cermak, Mrs. L. L. Funk, Judge Edmund K. Jarecki, Miss Minnie F. Low, Mrs. L. Z. Meder, W. S. Reynolds, Mrs. Louise Osborne Rowe, Miss Amelia Sears, Henry Stewart and Miss A. M. Walsh. The Polish and Bohemian relief committees elected their delegates to this committee.

The recommendations of the committee were approved by the Executive Committee of the Chicago Chapter in special conference with the Mayor's Committee.

METHOD OF PAYMENT.

Families to receive payments were divided into two groups, those to whom complete payment could be paid in lump sums and those for whom it would be better to protect the gifts.

The first group consisted of families where young children were lost, whose parents could properly administer the gifts, or where the gifts were very small. The second group consisted of widows, who were unable to speak English or who lacked capable advisors, and families in which there were records of drinking or other delinquencies.

In the case of children made orphans by the disaster the funds were placed under the protection of the Probate Court.

On Saturday, September 18, 1915, which was fifty-five days after the disaster and one week after subscriptions of the public fund had been closed, final payments were made to 540 families totalling \$170,000.

LETTER ACCOMPANYING PAYMENT.

The following letter was sent with these payments:

To.....

Address....., Chicago.

Dear

There is enclosed with this letter Eastland Relief Fund check No. for \$....., payable to you.

We suggest that you take this letter and check to some bank and have with you somebody to identify you. The Cashier will explain to you how to get your money.

The Eastland Relief Fund was contributed by the public to the Mayor's Committee for the purpose of providing some relief for those who suffered from the terrible Eastland disaster. It was not intended as a fund to pay people for their losses. It is keenly realized by the members of the Mayor's Committee and the Red Cross that no payment of money can lessen the grief caused by this disaster, but it is hoped that the enclosed check will prove acceptable to you.

We desire to have you know that the sum was determined upon by unanimous decision of all the committees that represented you and the public.

We ask you to accept the check as an expression of the kindly sympathy that your fellow citizens of Chicago feel toward you.

Sympathetically yours,
Chicago Chapter, American Red Cross.

Death of

Although awards had been made in the remaining cases it was deemed advisable to interview the members of the families and their advisors. The following letter was mailed to them:

To.....

Address....., Chicago.

Dear.....

A tentative decision has been reached with respect to the gift to be made from the Eastland Relief Fund, raised by the Mayor's Committee, to the dependents of

A personal conference with you in reference to this matter is desirable and we would like to have you call at our office, Room 717, Conway Building, Washington and Clark streets, on at o'clock, and confer with regarding the situation.

If you find it impossible to come at that time, kindly telephone us at once in order that another appointment may be made. If you are employed, kindly show this letter to your foreman and ask him to excuse you.

Sympathetically yours,
Chicago Chapter, American Red Cross.

P. S.—Please bring this letter and ask the following people to come with you.

.....
.....
.....

TRUST FUND.

During the next week interviews were held with the families at the rate of 72 appointments a day. Lawyers, physicians, neighbors and relatives were encouraged to come with the families to whom it was not deemed wise to pay over the money in lump sums and amicable decisions were reached as to the best methods of protecting the funds. In some cases it was deemed advisable to make payments on mortgages; in some the decision was reached to pay the money when the interviews were finished. It was found there were 69 families with awards of about \$110,000 whom it was deemed vital to protect by creating trust funds.

The form of trust funds differed materially from those created for other disasters. Instead of placing the fund with a trust company to be invested in securities and the income only to be paid over to beneficiaries, individual trusts were created with banks selected by the families.

The form of trust fund which would bring only a small income to a widow until her children arrived at legal age when the principal would be paid was deemed inadvisable as the widows needed larger incomes when the children were small than when grown.

The following is an example of the agreement signed by the recipient and the bank:

There has been deposited by the Chicago Chapter of the American Red Cross, with the National Bank, the sum of (\$....) out of which it is agreed by the undersigned, there shall be paid to, Chicago, Ill., at the office of said bank for the benefit of , herself and children, the sum of dollars (\$....) on the first day of each and every month until said fund is exhausted; and said Bank shall make no charge for its services in making such disbursements, but shall allow and add to the principal of said fund three per cent (3%) interest per annum, compounded semi-annually, on that part of the fund remaining in its possession from time to time.

In the event of serious disability, or death in the family, or other great need, the Bank, at the request of the undersigned, but only on the approval of the Chairman or Secretary of the Chicago Chapter of the American Red Cross shall pay to said out of said fund an additional sum, not to exceed one hundred and fifty dollars (\$150.00).

At any time hereafter at the written request of the Chairman or Secretary of the Chicago Chapter of the American Red Cross, the entire unpaid balance to the credit of the undersigned shall be paid to the undersigned and the account closed.

Upon the death of said if any of said fund remains in the possession of said Bank, it shall be paid to the legal representatives of said
.....

The Chicago Chapter of the American Red Cross and its officers and the Mayor's Committee are absolutely absolved and released by the undersigned from all responsibility and liability of every kind growing out of the handling of the Eastland Relief fund and for the fund deposited

with the Bank.

.....(Seal)

National Bank.

By.....

As a rule banks convenient to the homes of the beneficiaries were selected. The amount of money to be paid monthly by the bank was decided by the Red Cross in conference with the family. In every instance the sum was sufficient to permit the family to maintain a proper standard of living and at the same time not so much as to deplete the fund before a sufficient number of children were reared to an age where their earnings would replace the monthly payment when the fund was exhausted.

THE SITUATION TODAY.

All Eastland disaster families know of the readiness of the Red Cross to assist them. Hundreds of families, during the past three years, have come to the Red Cross for advice on their problems. In many instances the Red Cross has called upon lawyers to assist families in litigations, secured employment for children, provided expert advice on investments, particularly the purchase of homes, and in many other ways has acted as friend and counsellor to Eastland sufferers.

The Western Electric Company has, throughout the years, stood steadily by the families of its employees who suffered from the disaster.

It is the opinion of the Red Cross that its objective was realized, that, in so far as it was possible to prevent it, no Eastland sufferers have become dependent upon charity, as a direct result of the disaster. Some of the families have had other accidents, illnesses and deaths and a few may have become dependent but so far as the Red Cross is informed, these disabilities are not traceable to the disaster.

V.

WESTERN ELECTRIC RELIEF.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company has been described.

The following is a summary of expenditures from the Western Electric Company sources:

Relief fund	\$100,601.47
Company's Benefit plan.....	78,518.37
Employees' Benevolent Assn. ...	2,270.77
	<hr/>
Total	\$181,390.61

Of the 812 persons killed in the disaster 465 were employees of the Company and 217 were relatives of employees. Of the employees killed 119 were married and 346 were single. The Western Electric Company extended assistance to the dependents of each of the 465 employees who lost their lives and in 187 cases in which relatives of employees were killed.

THE COMPANY'S DEATH AND DISABILITY BENEFIT PLAN.

Death benefits were paid to dependents of employees from the permanent fund of the Company. The beneficiaries of any employee who had worked with the Company for more than five and less than ten years were allowed six months' average wages. The beneficiaries of any employee who had been with the Company ten years or more were entitled to one year's average wages. Payments were not made to legal heirs unless they were dependent upon the deceased employee.

These payments ranged in amounts from \$300 to \$2,000. They were required under the Company's plan to be paid within thirty days after death. \$75,227.93 was paid in death benefits and \$3,290.44 in disability benefits on account of sickness or injury. The death benefits were paid in the instances of 122 employees and the disability benefits in the instances of 81 employees.

SPECIAL RELIEF FUND.

As soon as news of the disaster reached the Western Electric Company's officers an appropriation of \$100,000 was made by the Company for immediate relief.

\$15,489.81 was paid out in the first few days in emergency cash relief.

Funeral bills totalling \$75,806.37 were paid by the Company. The Company also paid for supplies used in rescuing victims and turned over a balance of \$5,000 to the Red Cross fund.

The Company's expenditures from its special relief fund exceeded the \$100,000 appropriation by the amount of \$601.47.

EXCELLENT CO-OPERATION FROM THE COMPANY.

The Red Cross was assisted at every turn by the Company. Expenditures from its relief funds were made upon a plan devised in a conference with the Red Cross.

In the instance of funeral bills, an average discount of at least 10 per cent on every bill was secured by the Company in exchange for prompt payment. The payment of these funeral bills by the Company was of the greatest assistance to the beneficiaries and to the Red Cross.

ASSISTANCE IN OTHER WAYS.

It would be difficult to place a money value upon the other forms of assistance that were extended by the Company to the sufferers.

The Company has pursued the policy of favoring victims' families with employment and has frequently paid them more than the usual scale of wages. It has extended the services of its medical and nursing staffs and, through its Welfare Department, has frequently come to the assistance of many families.

The Company has steadily kept in close contact with the Red Cross. Without its co-operation the relief work could not have been nearly so effectively administered.

VI.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.

It is the feeling of the Chicago Chapter that its administration of so large a relief fund under difficult conditions has established a record, both with respect to the short time and the small amount of operative expenses. The operative expense was \$3,069.37, about eight-tenths of one per cent of the funds. No salaries were paid except to clerical help. The total salary cost was \$1,431.95. The bulk of the cost of administration was for supplies, carfare and expenses of the workers.

It is only fair to say that this record could not have been established without the help of the trained workers of Chicago's social agencies, particularly the United Charities, and without the co-operation that the business firms so generously gave in offices, equipment and clerical help.

The Board of Directors of the United Charities of Chicago unanimously decided that it would bear the salary expenses of the workers it loaned to the Red Cross. This was approximately \$4,000. Other social agencies, listed in this report, did the same, although their contributions were smaller.

RED CROSS GRATEFUL TO SOCIAL WORKERS.

The social workers of Chicago themselves made a large contribution in that for the most part they paid their own expenses and generously worked long hours overtime, frequently all night. To these workers the Red Cross is especially indebted not only for their contributions of extra time, which in many cases were made with sacrifice of health and opportunity, but also for their intelligent, conscientious and sympathetic services. Their contacts with the families were marked by courtesy, tact and genuine appreciation of the suffering caused by this terrible and sudden calamity. Chicago owes to them a great debt of gratitude.

VII. CASE REPORTS.

Of the 883 cases considered for relief distribution, 661 cases were families in which deaths occurred, 101 cases were injuries and property losses, and 121 were unrecognized claims. With the exception of \$3,889 the whole sum was used to relieve the distress in families where deaths occurred.

Attention to individual needs was given after the problems relating to general social groups had been considered. Careful information regarding the family situation was secured before permanent plans were made. In some cases this necessitated long and difficult correspondence, as the families, dependent upon the earnings of the victims of the disaster, lived in remote parts of Poland, Russia, and other warring countries of Europe. In those cases months elapsed before reliable information regarding the conditions of the families could be secured and the final decisions made. Public and private agencies assisted in working out plans for permanent help, so that the fund granted by the Red Cross was an investment in a permanent plan for the welfare of the bereaved families.

The deaths in all cases are indicated by the heavy black type. The groups are arranged according to the social status of families after the disaster.

GROUP A. CHILDREN ALONE.

In 19 families of children alone surviving, 26 victims were lost, and 24 young children rendered dependent. 77% of the victims in this group carried insurance, while 42% owned property. The largest pro rata distribution was made in this group, which included many minor children.

The amount of insurance held was \$11,603, while the amount of equity in real estate was \$12,700.

GROUP A — I (Loss of Parent or Parents)

No. 17. (German.) Mother, 47; son, 24. Insurance, \$500.

A mother, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The son was a chauffeur earning a good living, and there were no dependents.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$190. Eastland Fund gift, \$100.

No. 75. (German.) **Mother, 21; daughter, 6 months.**
Insurance, \$564.

A young wife was drowned. She had been deserted by the husband a year before. When the child was born she had placed it in the care of her parents, and had returned to work as soon as possible. The Eastland excursion was her first bit of pleasure since she had been deserted. The money from the Red Cross was placed in trust, to be paid \$60 every six months.

Eastland Fund gift, **\$1,310.**

No. 147. (American.) **Husband, 32; wife, 32; son, 10; daughter, 6.** Insurance, \$209.96.

A husband and wife were drowned together. He had been an employe of the Western Electric Company. The brother of the husband and the father of the wife were appointed guardians of the children, and it was agreed that the money should be placed in trust and paid for the support of the children, under the direction of the guardians, at the rate of \$12 each a month.

Western Electric Company benefit, **\$1,463.99.** Eastland Fund gift, **\$400.**

No. 169. (German.) **Mother, 50; daughter, 21.** Insurance, \$122.

The mother was drowned and the daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was injured. After her bereavement the daughter planned to store her furniture, board, and go on with her work.

Western Electric Company benefit, **\$89.** Eastland Fund gift of **\$200.**

No. 183. (Polish.) **Husband, 28; wife, 27; daughter, 2.** Insurance, \$1,500.

Husband and wife were both drowned. The husband had been an employe of the Western Electric Company at a salary of \$23 a week. In the five years of their married life the couple had saved up \$1,500.

Western Electric Company benefit of **\$630.99,** and Eastland Fund gift of **\$200** paid to the child's legal guardian.

No. 195. (Hungarian.) **Woman, 34.**

A woman wage earner was drowned. From her salary of \$10 a week she had been supporting her aged father and two children in Hungary, and the money from the Red Cross was placed in the hands of the Orphan's court of their city for the education of the children.

Eastland Fund gift, **\$1,000.**

REPORT OF THE RELIEF COMMITTEE

No. 389. (Polish.) Husband, 34; wife, 28; son, 5; son, 3; daughter, 1. Real estate, \$4,700; insurance, \$2,048; mortgage, \$3,700.

The husband, wife and little boy were drowned, leaving a boy of three and a girl of one year. The parish priest was appointed the legal administrator of the estate and guardian of the children. Under his direction they were placed with a family which would care for them.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit, \$325. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$800.

No. 426. (German.) Husband, 52; wife, 53; son, 20.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned with the wife. The son was working unsteadily because of a serious heart affection.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$295. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$300.

No. 660. (Swedish.) Father, 47; daughter, 21; son, 19; daughter, 14. Insurance, \$265.

The father, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had died twelve years before. The two children of working age were self-supporting, but the youngest was in an orphanage, where the father was paying \$5 a month for her care. At a conference with the elder daughter it was decided to devote the gift money to the youngest child, and the Red Cross placed it in trust, to be paid \$25 quarterly for her support.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200. Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 687. (German.) Husband, 44; wife, 37; daughter, 5; son, 3. Insurance, \$1,000.

Husband and wife were drowned together. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company and kept a most comfortable home, but used up all his income. The only near relative, a sister of the husband, agreed to take charge of the children, though she was a widow with three of her own. All the money from whatever source was placed at her command, as she was very capable. With the approval of the Probate Court, she invested part in a first mortgage and the balance was placed in trust, to be paid her \$30 a month for the care of the children.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$440. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,940.

No. 749. (Polish.) Husband, 25; wife, 25; daughter, 1; infant son. Insurance, \$1,000.

Husband and wife were drowned together. The husband had been an employe of the Western Electric Company at a salary of \$13 a week. An aunt was made guardian of the children, and one was placed with each of two married brothers of the husband. The life insurance money was placed in probate and the gift money placed in trust, to be paid \$12.50 a month to each brother for the care of the children.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$448. Eastland Fund gift, \$2,675.

GROUP A — II.

(Loss of Brother or Sister)

No. 52. (German.) Brother, 25; sister, 25; sister, 20; niece, 11. Real estate, \$5,000; insurance, \$210; mortgage, \$2,200.

A single man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. He and his two sisters, one of whom also was employed by the Western Electric Company, had been supporting their young niece. An unmarried brother, living away, had helped at times, but the income was so insufficient that the elder sister had been drawing on her savings from previous employment. They lived in the basement of property they owned, but the income from rents barely paid interest and taxes.

Western Electric Company emergency relief and \$198.25. Eastland Fund gift of \$500.

No. 69. (Bohemian.) Brother, 31; sister, 27; brother, 16. Insurance, \$326.80.

A young man was killed. He and his brother had both been employed by the Western Electric Company, and the sister was also a wage-earner. It appeared that the survivors would still be largely self-supporting.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$271. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 253. (German.) Sister, 31; sister, 26; brother, 21; sister, 20; sister, 16. Real estate, \$2,000; insurance, \$130; mortgage, \$900.

The only brother, a Western Electric Company employe, was killed. Both parents were dead, but the five children had kept together, and lived co-operatively in the old home. The youngest was the housekeeper and the others were wage earners. The property was in the name of the eldest sister, and all the others requested that any benefit be given in her name. They planned to go on, as nearly as possible, as they had been doing.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$165. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 265. (Bohemian.) Brother, 28; brother, 20; sister, 19. Real estate, \$3,500; insurance, \$139.40.

A young woman, housekeeper for her two brothers, was drowned. Their parents had died some time before, but the three young people kept up the home. The brothers kept a saloon and made a fair living.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 357. (Polish.) Sister, 18; brother, 10; brother, 8; brother, 6; aunt, 29. Real estate, \$2,500; mortgage, \$1,100.

The only wage-earner of four orphans, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. An aunt had been living with them to do the housekeeping, and she earned about \$9 a week by needlework. The bit of realty owned by the family was tied up in the probate court and the administrator had died. The Red Cross had the aunt appointed administratrix, and guardian of the estate, and she planned to sell the property. The money from the Red Cross was placed in trust for the children to be paid \$30 monthly, and \$10 set aside for another brother who was in the St. Charles school.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$210. Eastland Fund gift, \$2,000.

No. 399. (Bohemian.) Single man, 20. Insurance, \$1,000.

A single man, living with his brother and uncle, was killed. He had been helping support a younger brother and sister who lived with a married brother. The insurance money was held in trust for the children, and the money from the Red Cross went to the married brother for funeral expenses.

Eastland Fund gift, \$280.

No. 543. (German.) Sister, 27; sister, 23; brother, 18; sister, 15.

A young man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. He and his three orphaned sisters had been living co-operatively, he and one sister earning the money and the two other sisters, one of whom was delicate, looking after the home.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit, \$223. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 707. (Bohemian.) Brother, 23; sister, 23; sister, 19; sister, 16.

The only brother, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The parents were both dead, and this brother had become the head of the family and kept the children together. Immediately after the disaster the second sister was burned by gasoline, and for a time the wages of the eldest sister was the only income.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, \$351.86. Eastland Fund gift, \$575.

GROUP B. WIDOWS WITH CHILDREN.

One hundred and fifty-six deaths were recorded in 138 families of widows with children. The gifts were generous in this group, and individual consideration carefully directed to plans which would insure the future welfare of mothers and children. In some cases the fund was placed in trust on request of the mother and her advisors. A regular monthly allowance, based upon the family's needs, was arranged. 75% received insurance, and 48% owned property. Amount of insurance held was \$80,960.00, while the amount of equity in real estate was \$134,002.00.

Fifty-nine men were drowned, leaving families of young wives and small children. 42 of these men were under 40 years of age; 64 of the 151 children who survived were under 6 years of age, while 118 were under 14 years of age. Three babies were born after the fathers had died, and special funds were placed in trust for the care of the mothers and infants.

In 9 families husband and children were lost, while in 90 cases children were killed. As the victims in this group were in 76 cases wage-earning children, the adjustment necessary for the widowed mothers was difficult. Many real estate problems were presented because of inability to continue payments without incomes from the fathers and older children.

GROUP B.—I.

(Loss of Husband)

No. 9. (Swedish.) **Husband, 24; wife, 23; daughter, four.**

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The wife had no plans for the future except to get work and support herself and the little girl. The Red Cross placed the gift with a bank, which was to pay it to her \$25 a month.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$527. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,363.

No. 10. (Swedish.) **Husband, 44; wife, 40; daughter, 9; daughter, 6. Insurance, \$1,000.**

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had established a very comfortable home and maintained a high standard of living, but had no reserve fund.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$865.12. Eastland Fund gift, placed in bank to be drawn \$30 a month, \$1,523.

No. 27. (American.) **Husband, 27; wife, 22; son, 3.**

The husband was killed and the wife injured so that she was unable, for some time, to support herself and the child. The Red Cross paid her \$350 at once to meet current needs, and placed \$1,000 in a bank to be paid her \$30 a month.

Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,850.

No. 36. (Jewish.) Husband, 37; wife, 35; son, 9; son, 7; daughter, 3; son posthumous. Insurance, \$500.

The husband, who had been earning \$18 a week at the Western Electric Company plant, was killed. The wife was left with no reserve fund and with three little children. Another was born three months after the disaster. The little girl was crippled by infantile paralysis.

Western Electric Company emergency relief and benefit, \$110. Emergency relief by Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift to be paid in instalments, \$2,870.

No. 38. (American.) Husband, 25; wife, 21; daughter, 5 months.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The family had lost a child a year before the disaster and were still in debt, and the wife was in very frail health. The Red Cross placed the gift money in bank to be paid the wife \$30 a month.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company and benefit, \$480.85. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,386.

No. 44. (French.) Husband, 50; wife, 42; son, 18. Insurance, \$705.50.

The husband, an employe of the Eastland, was killed. He had been out of work for several months until just before the accident, and the family had depended on the earnings of the son and the income from two boarders.

Eastland Fund gift of \$651.

No. 72. (Bohemian.) Husband, 32; wife, 22; daughter, 3; daughter, 6 months. Insurance, \$1,000.

The husband was drowned. The home was immediately broken up, and the wife went to live with relatives who could care for the children by day while she worked. At her request she was paid \$300 of the gift for current expenses, and the remainder was placed in bank to be drawn \$40 a month.

Emergency relief by Red Cross and Western Electric Company, and Eastland Fund gift of \$1,625.

Western Electric gift, \$440.06.

No. 73. (Bohemian.) Husband, 37; wife, 36; daughter, 7; daughter, 6; daughter, 4; son, 3. Insurance, \$1,000.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had kept a comfortable home for the family, and the wife was unwilling to have it broken up. Though she had no reserve fund and no relatives to help her, she said she could work and keep the children together. She was paid \$300 of the gift outright, the remainder deposited, to be drawn \$50 a month.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$578.71. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$2,675.

No. 74. (Polish.) Man, 30.

A young man was killed. He was supposed to have been unmarried. His friends said that he had sent part of his earnings to his aged mother in Russia. The Red Cross, through the state department, made inquiry as to the situation of this mother, and had a letter saying that she was very old and quite needy. The letter said, further, that the decedent's wife and child "sent love." This was an entirely new feature, and the Red Cross again appealed to the state department for information. But before anything further could be heard of the wife and child, Russian and German armies had fought back and forth over the province a number of times and all trace of them was lost. The Red Cross paid the funeral expenses from the gift, and placed the remainder in reserve, to be held until the close of the war, when it may be given the family if any of them can be found.

Eastland Fund gift, \$750.

No. 76. (Polish.) Husband, 28; wife, 30; son, 2; daughter, 1; son, posthumous.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had been out of work and had been compelled to borrow money, and to save expenses had moved into a crowded house with his sister's family. A third baby was born soon after the disaster.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$142. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$2,400.

No. 80. (Italian.) Man 23. Insurance, \$100.

A man was killed. His wife and child, whom he had not been supporting, were in St. Louis. The Red Cross paid the funeral expenses of \$132.14, and sent the remainder of the gift to the wife. The insurance went to a sister.

Eastland Fund gift, \$332.14.

No. 95. (Bohemian.) Husband, 34; wife, 31; daughter, 11; son, 9. Real estate, \$2,300; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$1,200.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. He was very thrifty and steady, and had paid about half the value of the comfortable little house they had bought. The money from the Red Cross was at first paid in installments, but later the balance was invested for the widow in a first mortgage.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$270. Emergency relief by Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,595.

No. 114. (Bohemian.) Husband, 33; wife, 22; son, 4; son, 6 months. Insurance, \$1,000.

The husband, a Western Electric Company employe, was killed. He had provided a very attractive home for his family. With the insurance money and the Western Electric Company grant the wife bought a small farm in Michigan, and the money from the Red Cross was placed in trust to be paid her \$50 dollars a month.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company and benefit of \$390.27. Emergency relief by Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,450.

No. 120. (Hungarian.) Man, 40.

A man employed by the Western Electric Company was killed. The Red Cross, after difficult search, located his wife and three children in Austria, and learned that he had been sending his earnings to them. The gift was sent them through the State department. The funeral expenses were paid from the Western Electric company benefit.

Western Electric company benefit, \$147. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,000.

No. 125. (German.) Husband, 32; wife, 32; son, 5. insurance, \$1,000.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband had maintained a very comfortable home for the family, and had a little money in the bank, but it was quickly used up for the necessary expenses. The wife planned to secure work as a typist.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$696. Eastland Fund gift of \$945.

No. 131. (German.) Husband, 24; wife, 23; daughter, 7 weeks.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The family had just begun house-keeping, and the disaster forced the young wife to give up her home and live with her mother-in-law. She planned to go to work as soon as she could safely leave the baby.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$415. Eastland Fund gift of \$1,363, paid by the Red Cross \$25 monthly at wife's request.

No. 150. (Polish.) Man, 33.

A man, employed by the Western Electric Company was killed. His wife and child were still in Austria and he had been sending them his earnings. Through the state department the wife and child were located, and the Red Cross placed the money in the hands of the court in whose jurisdiction the wife lived, and the court was to allow her monthly whatever sum it judged best.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$62. Eastland Fund gift, \$800.

No. 189. (Irish.) Husband, 29; wife, 26; baby; four nephews.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. Only two weeks before the disaster the family had undertaken to care for four children of the wife's sister. Their mother had died and their father deserted. After urgent expenses had been met, the Red Cross placed the remainder of the money in trust to be paid \$30 a month.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$387. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$1,280.

No. 190. (German.) Husband, 37; wife, 31; baby (posthumous). Insurance, \$2,000.

The husband, employed by the Western Electric company, was killed. He had been assisting in supporting his parents. The insurance money went to the parents, the other money to the wife.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$774. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,260.

No. 209. (Italian.) Husband, 36; wife, 31; daughter, 2; baby.

An employe of the Western Electric Company was killed, leaving a widow with two little children and heavy debts because of her recent confinement. The money from the Red Cross, except \$100 for immediate needs, was placed in trust to be paid \$35 a month.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company, and benefit, \$300. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,835.

No. 210. (Danish.) Husband, 50; wife, 57; son, 31; son, 28; daughter, 20. Insurance, \$1,000.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The wife had just come from the hospital after a serious operation, and the daughter was in poor health and had never been able to work. The younger son also was out of employment. The elder son, who had always given most of his earnings to the family, took his father's place and assumed the responsibility.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company and benefit, \$435.06. Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

No. 221. (Polish.) Husband, 43; wife, 37; son, 15; daughter, 13; daughter, 11; son, 9; daughter, 5; son, 3. Insurance, \$2,000.

The husband, earning \$11.50 a week from the Western Electric Company, was killed. The only addition to his wages was \$2.50 a week earned by the eldest son at intervals when he worked, and \$2 a week which the eldest daughter earned carrying a paper route. The family lived, rent free, in a dilapidated building which had been a saloon, but all seemed bright and ambitious. On expert advice, the Red Cross invested the money for the family in a two-story flat building where they had an attractive home and a small income from rent.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$449. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$3,150.

No. 238. (German.) Husband, 28; wife, 24; daughter, 2; father, 63; mother, 59. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$1,500.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, earning \$31 a week, was killed. The aged parents of the wife made their home with the family, and all were dependent on the husband's earnings. They had put all their savings into a home four months before the disaster, and were without reserve funds when the tragedy occurred. The wife planned to go to work and try to support her child and parents.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit of \$1,609. Eastland Fund gift, \$755.

No. 245. (German.) Husband, 29; wife, 29; son, 2.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The wife had, before her marriage, been an employe of the Western Electric Company, and planned to go back to work there and support her child.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company, and

benefit of \$220. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,260.

No. 256. (Bohemian.) Husband, 26; wife, 24; daughter, 4; baby. Insurance, \$1,127.75.

The husband was killed. He had been in the employ of the Western Electric Company for ten years, but was laid off just before the disaster. The wife went to live with her mother, planning to take work as soon as the baby was old enough to be left. The Red Cross placed the money in trust to be paid \$36 a month.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, \$226. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,575.

No. 274. (Norwegian.) Husband, 30; wife, 30; daughter, 1. Insurance, \$1,418.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. He and his wife had separated, but he was paying her \$5 a week, and she supplemented this by taking roomers. The insurance was in two policies, one of \$279 in favor of his mother, and \$1,139 in favor of the wife. The money from the Red Cross was placed in trust, to be paid \$12 a month for the support of the child.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$415. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,100.

No. 286. (Swedish.) Husband, 37; wife, 27; daughter, 7; daughter, 5; daughter, 2. Insurance, \$1,000.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. Three little children were left dependent on the young wife, who had never been trained to anything but home work. Her plan was to take the money from the Red Cross in monthly payments, and invest everything not needed for expenses.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company, and benefit, \$980.89. Eastland Fund gift of \$2,120.

No. 291. (Swedish.) Husband, 60; wife, 70; daughter, 28; daughter, 25; two sons-in-law. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$1,100; mortgage, \$1,000.

The husband, who had been an employe of the Western Electric Company at a salary of \$24 a week, was killed. The wife had been with him on the boat, but was rescued uninjured. The two married daughters and their husbands lived with the couple, but were not in any way dependent on them for support. The couple owned the home, though it was under mortgage.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$1,408.68. Eastland Fund gift, \$210.

No. 292. (Norwegian.) Husband, 53; wife, 56; daughter, 20. Real estate, \$4,000; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$1,100.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. He was earning \$20 a week, the daughter was employed at \$11 a week, and the family had a most comfortable living. They were buying the two-flat building in which they lived, and had an income of \$22 a month from rents.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$1,006. Eastland Fund gift of \$210.

No. 316. (Swedish.) **Husband, 27; wife, 21; son, 1; brother; sister. Insurance, \$100.**

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The brother and sister of the husband, living with the family, were of great assistance in the emergency. Special transportation was arranged for the two women to return to Sweden, where their relatives were.

Western Electric Company benefit, **\$182.90.** Eastland Fund gift, **\$1,300.**

No. 317. (German.) **Husband, 35; wife, 31; son, 11; daughter, 2. Insurance, \$1,024.**

The husband, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The family had been living with the wife's mother and brothers, and the widow planned to remain with them, paying \$25 a month rent and board. She had been in poor health, but hoped to be able to work.

Western Electric Company emergency relief and benefit, **\$658.72.** Eastland Fund gift, **\$1,575.**

No. 322. (Bohemian.) **Husband, 35; wife, 26; daughter, 1; sister. Insurance, \$1,000.**

The husband, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The widow moved at once to cheaper quarters and planned to go to work, and the husband's sister went to work as a domestic. The insurance and benefit money was invested in a mortgage. The money from the Red Cross was paid, \$300 down and the remainder in trust to be paid \$30 monthly.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, **\$1,091.36.** Eastland Fund gift, **\$1,050.**

No. 346. (German.) **Husband, 30; wife, 27; son, 1. Insurance, \$1,039.**

The husband, a Western Electric company employe, was killed. He had kept a comfortable home for his wife and baby, and helped support his parents. Of the money from the Red Cross, \$100 was given his parents, and the remainder placed in trust to be paid the widow \$30 a month.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, **\$461.** Eastland Fund gift, **\$1,050.**

No. 350. (German.) **Husband, 29; wife, 30; daughter, 7; daughter, 4; daughter, 1; sister. Insurance, \$2,522.**

The husband, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The wife planned to take her children east and live with her parents. The husband's sister, who had lived with the family, was self-supporting. The money from the Red Cross was placed in trust, to be paid \$65 a month.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, **\$678.88.** Eastland Fund gift, **\$1,600.**

No. 471. (Polish.) **Husband, 40; wife, 36; son, 17; daughter, 15; daughter, 12; son, 8; mother, 74. Real estate, \$2,300; insurance, \$600; mortgage, \$1,000.**

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The only remaining wage-earner was the elder son, who brought in \$25 a month. The aged

mother of the wife also lived with the family, and was entirely dependent. After the disaster the wife suffered a nervous breakdown and was ill for weeks. The Red Cross arranged to have the gift money placed in trust, and paid to the wife \$35 a month.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, \$575. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$1,155.

No. 489. (Polish.) Husband, 44; wife, 46; son, 22; daughter, 20; daughter, 16; daughter, 14; daughter, 12; daughter, 10; son, 8; son, 6. Real estate, \$1,000; insurance, \$1,500; mortgage, \$300.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, earning a salary of \$12 a week, was drowned. The body was held fast in the wreckage and was not recovered until the hull of the Eastland was raised some two weeks after the disaster. After the death of the husband there were still three children earning wages, and bringing \$25 a week into the family. They owned the home, though there was still a small incumbrance. Under advice of the Red Cross the gift money was invested in a first mortgage except \$500 which was placed in trust.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$275. Eastland Fund gift, \$2,100.

No. 493. (Austrian.) Husband, 36; wife, 36; daughter, 18; several children.

The husband was killed. One daughter was in Chicago with him, but the wife and smaller children were on a visit in Austria. Settlement of the case was long delayed because of the difficulty of communicating with the wife. The gift was finally sent to her through the State department.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$439. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,000.

No. 500. (Norwegian.) Husband, 49; wife, 22; son, 4. Insurance, \$48.

The husband, a Western Electric Company employe, was killed with the little son. A daughter of the husband by a former marriage survived, but could not be located, and as she was at least 22 years of age, she was in no wise dependent on him.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$16.84. Eastland Fund gift, \$300.

No. 506. (Bohemian.) Husband, 41; wife, 38; daughter, 16; son, 11; son, 5. Real estate, \$1,350; insurance, \$1,300; mortgage, \$589.

The husband, who had been earning \$15 a week at the Western Electric company's plant, was killed. The wife had been taking in \$6 a week by doing laundry work three days a week, leaving the youngest child with a neighbor. They had bought the home and were well on the way to getting it paid for. Of the money from the Red Cross, \$150 was given at once, and the remainder placed in trust to be paid \$20 a month.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$454. Emergency relief by Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,468.

No. 510. (American.) **Husband, 47; wife, 43; son, 20.** Real estate, \$4,500; insurance, \$2,000; mortgage, \$4,100.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The son, a university student, had also gone to work for the company, hoping to finish his studies later. The family had just bought the home and paid \$500 on it. After the disaster the wife planned to sell her equity and find employment.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$2,272. Eastland Fund gift, \$210.

No. 514. (Polish.) **Husband, 31; wife, 29; son, 9; daughter, 5.** Insurance, \$228.

The husband was killed. The couple had not lived together in four years, the wife returning to the home of her parents with the children, and the husband sending her money each week toward their support. At the wife's request she was paid \$200 and the remainder of the gift was placed in trust to be paid her \$25 a week.

Eastland Fund gift, \$1,625.

No. 515. (Italian.) **Husband, 25; wife, 18; baby.**

The husband, earning \$12 a week from the Western Electric Company, was killed. All his savings had been used up in the illness of the wife and the arrival of the baby, and after the disaster the wife was again very ill. The gift money was placed in trust to be paid her \$25 a month.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$65. Emergency relief by Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,625.

No. 531. (Austrian.) **Man, 41.**

A man employed by the Western Electric Company was killed. His wife and four small children were in Austria, and he had been sending them \$20 a month from his wages. After much difficulty the Red Cross located the wife and children through the state department, and sent the gift money to them.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$125. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,500.

No. 539. (Polish.) **Husband, 40; wife, 45; son, 19; daughter, 15; daughter, 10; daughter, 7.** Real estate, \$2,000; insurance, \$800; debts, \$200.

The husband was killed. He had been employed by the Western Electric Company at \$13 a week. In spite of the illness of the wife, he had finished paying for the home, and had an income of \$9 a month rent from part of it. The son also earned a small wage.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit, \$140. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$1,205 paid the wife in monthly installments.

No. 554. (German.) **Husband, 31; wife, 31; daughter, 4; daughter, 2; baby.** Real estate, \$2,500; mortgage, \$690.

The husband, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. He was paying for the home on the installment plan, and there was no reserve fund to meet the emergency. The wife gave up the home, moved in with her mother, and planned to go to work as soon as the baby could be left. At her request the Red Cross paid off the mortgage and placed the remainder of the gift in trust to be paid her \$25 a month.

Western Electric Company emergency relief and benefit, \$758. Eastland Fund gift, \$2,100.

No. 578. (German.) Husband, 47; wife, 48; son, 24; daughter, 21; daughter, 19; daughter, 17. Real estate, \$3,700; insurance, \$250; mortgage, \$2,700.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The family owned the home, though under a rather heavy mortgage, and all three of the daughters were earning wages, so that there was no fear that they would not be self-sustaining. The son was at once given work by the Western Electric Company.

Benefit by Western Electric Company, \$528. Eastland Fund grant, \$368.

No. 606. (Russian.) Man, 38. Insurance, \$50.

A man employed by the Western Electric Company was killed. Red Cross officials were told that he had a wife and two small children in the province of Kovno, Russia, to whom he had been sending his earnings. As this province was in the theater of war, there was great difficulty in getting at any of the facts regarding these dependents. The American embassies at Berlin and Petrograd, and the American consul at Riga, all gave their aid, but all they could do was to confirm the story that such dependents had lived there. The benefit from his employers met the funeral expenses, and the money from the Red Cross was ordered held until the close of the war, when it may be paid the dependents if they can be found.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$190. Eastland Fund gift held in reserve, \$1,000.

No. 621. (Bohemian.) Husband, 40; wife, 40; daughter, 13; daughter, 12; son, 8; daughter, 3. Insurance, \$1,000.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The family was in very humble circumstances, with no income but the husband's scanty earnings, and no savings. The eldest child was very frail, and the wife's health had not been good for three years. A number of distant relatives were of great aid to the Red Cross. The gift was placed in trust, to be paid \$40 monthly.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$991. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,645.

No. 628. (Bohemian.) Husband, 44; wife, 31; son, 6. Insurance, \$2,011.

The husband, a high-salaried employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had savings of \$5,000 and owned some stock in the Western Electric Company. The wife had been a stenographer, and after the disaster planned to return to this work.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$2,162. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 655. (German.) Husband, 42; wife, 40; son, 16; son, 13; son, 11; daughter, 4; daughter, 3; daughter, 1. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$1,000; debt.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. On a salary of \$17 a week he had maintained a comfortable home for his large family and owned the home free of incumbrance. There was, however, a small debt owing relatives who would not press for payment. The only wage earner left in the family was the boy of 16, who got a small salary. The money from the Red Cross was placed in trust, to be paid \$50 monthly. This was at the request of the widow.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$1,090. Eastland Fund gift, \$2,150.

No. 684. (Italian.) Husband, 44; wife, 40; daughter, 23; daughter, 21; daughter, 20; daughter, 18; daughter, 16; daughter, 13; son, 11; son, 9; mother; Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$300; mortgage, \$2,000.

The husband, a member of the orchestra on the Eastland, was killed. The eldest three daughters were also wage earners, but one of them was temporarily out of work at the time of the disaster. The wife was a sufferer from heart disease and able to do very little work even about the home. Her aged mother also lived with the family. The family decided to apply the gift money to the mortgage on the home and depend on their earnings for support.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,500.

No. 691. (German.) Husband, 38; wife, 30; daughter, 10; son, 9. Real estate, \$3,500; insurance, \$567; mortgage, \$1,500; notes, \$600.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. Though he earned but \$21 a week, they had bought their home and were well on the way to getting it paid for, though the wife was in very poor health and unable to do hard work. She planned to live on the second floor of the home and rent the ground floor at \$18 a month. Of the gift money she invested \$1,000 in special assessment bonds and placed the remainder in a savings account to be drawn out \$30 a month.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, \$603. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,500.

No. 697. (Polish.) **Husband, 35; wife, 40; son, 18; son, 16.** Real estate, \$4,200; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$2,100.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The two sons went to work immediately after the disaster, and though their combined earnings did not equal what the husband had been bringing in, the family thought they could manage.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$265. Eastland Fund gift, \$500.

No. 720. (Polish.) **Husband, 43; wife, 43; daughter, 18; son, 15; daughter, 12; daughter, 10; son, 7; daughter, 5; daughter, 1.** Real estate, \$4,000; insurance, \$1,100; mortgage, \$2,300.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The 15-year-old son was injured at the same time. The family was very anxious that this son should remain in school as long as possible, though the only remaining source of income was the wages of the 18-year-old daughter, who earned \$7 a week. The wife herself was physically frail and unable to do any heavy work. The Red Cross arranged to have the gift money placed in trust and paid out \$40 a month.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$1,378.21. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$2,550.

No. 726. (German.) **Husband, 42; wife, 48; son, 16; son, 14; daughter, 12; daughter, 9; daughter, 6; son, 5.** Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$626; mortgage, \$1,200.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had earned \$21 a week, and the only other income of the large family was \$7 a week earned by the 16-year-old son, also an employe of the Western Electric Company. The wife suffered a complete nervous breakdown after the disaster. The Red Cross had her cared for in the Hinsdale sanitarium for a time, but she was finally adjudged insane and sent to an asylum. A business man of high standing agreed to become the guardian of the children and all funds were placed in his hands under the Probate Court.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$1,181. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$2,500.

No. 727. (Canadian.) **Husband, 24; wife, 25; son, 3; daughter, 1.** Insurance, \$1,000.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The family had been living with the wife's parents and her four brothers, the two groups sharing expenses. The wife was under treatment for tubercular glands, but pluckily planned to earn her own living as soon as she could leave the baby. The gift money was placed in trust, to be paid her \$40 a month.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$527. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,850.

No. 735. (Polish.) **Husband, 25; wife, 21; son, 1.**

The husband, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The only source of income other than his wages had been \$5 a week paid by his brother for board. The Red Cross placed the gift money in trust, to be paid \$30 a month.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, **\$222.** Red Cross emergency relief, and Eastland Fund gift, **\$1,200.**

No. 737. (Bohemian.) **Husband, 37; wife, 35; son, 4; daughter, 2.** Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$3,000; mortgage, \$668.

The husband, who had been earning \$22.50 a week at the Western Electric Company's plant, was killed. The wife and both children were aboard the boat, but were rescued. The family had just invested all the savings in additional real estate and had no reserve fund for such an emergency. The wife planned to remodel the house and take in boarders.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, **\$1,180.** Red Cross emergency relief and Eastland Fund gift, **\$750.**

No. 747. (German.) **Husband, 31; wife, 30; son, 6; daughter, 3; daughter, 1.** Real estate, \$3,500; mortgage, \$2,500.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had just bought the home, which was under heavy mortgage. Experts advised the Red Cross that the property was valuable and there was already an income of \$14 a month from rents. The wife thought that if the mortgage were paid she could live on the income, with what she could earn with the needle, so the Red Cross applied the money on the mortgage.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, **\$587.84.** Eastland Fund gift, **\$2,625.65.**

GROUP B — II.

(Loss of Husband and Child)

No. 63. (Irish.) **Husband, 48; wife, 48; son, 24; son, 23; daughter, 18; daughter, 16.** Real estate, \$5,000; insurance, \$3,763.95; mortgage, \$1,900.

The husband, a Western Electric Company employe, and one son, were killed, and another son injured. The older daughter suffered so from shock that it was thought best to send her to the country. The surviving son, when able to work, was taken on by the Western Electric company, and became the head of the house.

Emergency relief and **\$845.12** by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of **\$525.**

No. 167. (Irish.) **Husband; wife; son, 16; son, 8; son, 5.** Real estate, \$4,500; insurance, \$2,000.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, and one son, were drowned. The whole family was on the boat, but the wife and two sons were rescued. The husband provided a good living, had bought the house in which they lived and rented a flat in it for \$21 a month, and had \$200 saved. The wife had an income of \$200 a year from an inheritance.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$905. Eastland Fund gift of \$420.

No. 351. (Polish.) Husband, 46; wife, 41; daughter, 21; daughter, 20; daughter, 18; son, 14; son, 12; son, 9; son, 7. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$900; mortgage, \$1,000.

The husband and the eldest daughter, both employed by the Western Electric Company, were drowned. There still remained two wage-earners in the family, and they owned the home, though under mortgage. There was an income of \$15 a month in rents. Of the money from the Red Cross, \$500 was paid in a lump sum to make a payment on the mortgage and meet pressing bills. The remainder was placed in trust to be paid \$25 a month. Later the widow became irresponsible, and a conservator was appointed to look after the estate and the interest of the children.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$835.48. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,680.

No. 374. (Bohemian.) Husband, 37; wife, 32; son, 12; son, 10; son, 10; mother. Real estate, \$2,000; insurance, \$2,000; mortgage, \$500.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned with two little children. The wife, her aged mother, and another child were left with no support. The wife was physically unable to work except in the home, and there were no relatives able to assist her. The family owned the property, and the mortgage was held by the wife's mother.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company, and benefit of \$1,357.44. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 393. (Irish.) Husband, 35; wife, 34; daughter, 9; daughter, 8; son, 4. Insurance, \$192.

The husband and little boy were drowned. He had been a Western Electric Company employe at \$23 a week. The wife's only consolation was that these two, between whom there had been an unusually strong tie, had gone to their death together. She planned to take boarders, as housework was all she could do. The Red Cross paid her \$300 outright to meet immediate needs, and placed the remainder in trust to be paid \$50 a month.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$1,321. Emergency relief by Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,418.

No. 409. (Hungarian.) Husband, 37; wife, 37; son, 13; son, 1; three children. Insurance, \$92.

The husband, a Western Electric Company employe, was killed with his son. The family was recently from Hungary, where they had left three of the children, for whose support they were sending \$18 a month. The Red Cross got the widow to agree to move into a better neighborhood and send for her other children. The money was placed in trust, to be paid her \$55 a month.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$332. Eastland Fund gift, \$2,780.

No. 677. (American.) Husband, 36; wife, 33; daughter, 8; son, 7; mother; brother. Insurance, \$2,190.20.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned with his little daughter. The wife's mother made her home with the family, but she was so crippled with rheumatism that the wife had to care for her and could not leave the house to earn a living. She planned after the disaster to take boarders.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$1,546. Eastland Fund gift, \$688.

No. 690. (Bohemian.) Husband, 34; wife, 33; daughter, 12; daughter, 10; daughter, 9; son, 3; baby; mother. Real estate, \$3,500; insurance, \$2,262; mortgage, \$1,500.

The husband, for ten years an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned with his two little daughters. There was not a wage earner left in the family, but the wife was very thrifty and capable. She moved at once to cheaper quarters and announced that she would apply the insurance money to clear off the mortgage on the home. The Red Cross paid her \$300 at once and put the remainder of the gift in bank to be paid her \$40 a month.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$1,282.52. Eastland Fund gift, \$2,465.

No. 736. (Polish.) Husband, 34; wife, 23; daughter, 4; daughter, 2; daughter, 1; sister-in-law. Real estate, \$5,500; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$2,500.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned, with the little girl. The wife was also on the boat, but was rescued, apparently uninjured. Four months later, however, a child was born to her and lived but a few days. After the death of the husband the family's only income was \$3 a week board paid by the wife's sister. The gift money was placed in trust, to be paid \$30 a month.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$596. Emergency relief by Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$2,349.

GROUP B — III.

(Loss of Children)

No. 5. (German.) Mother, 49; daughter, 21; daughter, 17.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company at \$8 a week, was drowned. The husband had died eight weeks before the disaster, and the daughter had been employed only seven weeks. The mother was an alcoholic and, after the death of her husband, grew much worse, and was unable to keep house. The only income was \$8 a week, earned by the surviving daughter. The mother was taken in charge by a distant relative, and the daughter went to board with a married sister.

Emergency aid and benefit of \$25 by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$600 placed in trust to pay for the mother's support and necessary expenses.

REPORT OF THE RELIEF COMMITTEE

No. 6. (German.) Mother, 61; daughter, 31; daughter, 29; daughter, 28. Insurance, \$197.28.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed, and both her sisters badly injured. The mother had been a widow for ten years and, until her strength failed, had taken in washing. Family had just been able to live when all three daughters were working regularly.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$230. Eastland Fund gift, \$735.

No. 14. (Swedish.) Mother, 58; daughter, 28; son, 24; son, 22. Insurance, \$474.14.

The daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had suffered with a nervous disorder for years and was almost blind. The two sons were regularly employed, and after the accident a married daughter with two children came to live with the mother and care for the house. The son-in-law, who had been out of work, was given employment by the Western Electric Company.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$326.86. Eastland Fund gift of \$630.

No. 21. (Bohemian.) Mother, 55; daughter, 28; daughter, 21; son, 18. Insurance, \$500.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had been a widow for six years, and with her children's earnings was just able to make a living. The older daughter had been employed only intermittently. The mother was completely prostrated by the shock of the disaster and required a great deal of medical attention.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company and \$362.17 benefit. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$630.

No. 28. (German.) Mother, 50; daughter, 21; daughter, 19; daughter, 14; daughter, 12. Real estate, \$5,500; insurance, \$1,000; debts, \$500.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had been a widow for four years. With the insurance carried by the father she had bought a home and partly paid for it. With the assistance of the oldest two girls she had been paying off the debt. When one daughter was killed the burden fell very heavily on the other, and the mother feared she would have to take one of the younger children from school.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$200. Eastland Fund gift of \$735.

No. 32. (Bohemian.) Mother, 65; son, 29; daughter, 21; two young grandsons. Real estate, \$2,400; insurance, \$222.53; mortgage, \$1,200.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had been a widow for ten years and had brought up a family of eight children, of whom six were married. Four years before the acci-

dent the death of a married daughter and the desertion of the daughter's husband had left two grandchildren on the widow's hands. After the disaster the son was the only wage-earner in the family.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$195. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 33. (German.) Mother, 47; son, 27; son, 25; son, 22; daughter, 19. Real estate, \$2,900; insurance, \$360; mortgage, \$700.

One son, a wage-earner, was killed. Two other sons were employed, but the daughter was unable to work. She had been operated upon for appendicitis a year before and, because of a weak heart, was making a slow recovery. The father had been dead for 18 years, and the widow had always scrubbed to help support the family. The family seemed very thrifty, and the mother especially capable and responsible.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift of \$368.

No. 35. (Bohemian.) Mother; son, 25; son, 23; daughter, 20; daughter, 18. Real estate, \$4,000. Insurance, \$600. Mortgage, \$2,200.

A daughter, a wage-earner, was killed. The eldest son operated a coat-making establishment in the home, and all the children were employed by him, making a comfortable living. The husband and father had been dead for many years and the home was in the widow's name.

Eastland Fund gift of \$315 paid to the widow.

No. 37. (American.) Mother, 61; son, 22; adopted son, 11. Insurance, \$442.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had always added to the income with her needlework, and had some assistance from three married sons. After the disaster she planned to open a small millinery shop.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$150. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,050.

No. 45. (Bohemian.) Mother, 46; son, 24; daughter, 19; son, 18; daughter, 17; son, 13; daughter, 11. Real estate, \$3,000; mortgage, \$1,000.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The father had been dead for twelve years, and the mother had supported the family and reared the children to working age by giving meals to school teachers. By her own enterprise she had built the home, and with the wages of the older children was making a comfortable living. The family planned to make no change unless it might be found necessary for the mother to take boarders again for a time.

Emergency relief and \$226.45 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$630.

No. 88. (Bohemian.) Mother, 62; son, 24; daughter, 24; son, 19; son, 15; daughter, 12. Real estate, \$5,900; insurance, \$800; mortgage, \$4,000.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She was the only member of the family working steadily. The eldest son was out of employment, and the two others worked irregularly. The family owned a little property, but it was so mortgaged that there was no income from it.

Emergency relief and \$205 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and \$625 Eastland Fund gift.

No. 94. (Slavish.) Mother, 44; son, 22; daughter, 21. Insurance, \$1,265.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother had been a widow for nineteen years, and had reared three children by washing and cleaning. One son died at the age of seventeen. Mother and surviving son were in poor health and unable to work. The daughter had been the sole wage-earner.

Emergency relief and \$225 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$525 paid the mother.

No. 107. (Polish.) Mother, 25; two sons; two daughters. Real estate, home; insurance, \$1,000.

One son was killed. The father was dead, but the mother and surviving children said they were fully equal to the emergency and wished no assistance. They said there were others who needed help more than they. Later, however, they asked that a grant be made to cover the funeral expenses.

Eastland Fund gift, \$300.

No. 128. (Bohemian.) Mother, 51; daughter, 21; daughter, 19; daughter, 17; daughter, 12. Insurance, \$550.

Three daughters of a widow, all employes of the Western Electric Company, were drowned. Ten years before one child had died, and the husband was stricken with cancer and, after two years in bed, also died, leaving the mother six children to bring up. Two had married before the disaster, and the three wage-earners of the family were drowned. The mother planned to take boarders and care for her remaining child.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company and benefit of \$601. Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift of \$1,070.

No. 129. (Bohemian.) Mother, 61; daughter, 22; daughter, 18. Real estate, \$2,000; insurance, \$600.

One daughter was drowned and another was injured and suffered greatly from shock, which was the heavier from the fact that her aunt and family of six were killed in the disaster. Both daughters had been employed. The mother owned the home and received \$8 monthly from the rent of the second-floor apartment.

Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

No. 143. (Polish.) Mother, 45; daughter, 19; son, 18; daughter, 16. Insurance, \$134.55.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother, widowed four years before, had worked at scrubbing until incapacitated by rheumatism. The son had a serious heart lesion and was forbidden by a physician to work. The Western Electric gave work to the surviving daughter after the disaster.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$250. Emergency relief and medical care by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$735.

No. 160. (Irish.) Mother, 60; son, 39; son, 22; son, 19.

A son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother had been a widow for sixteen years, and the eldest son had taken his father's place as the head of the family, and was the main support. The youngest son was a cripple and unable to work, and the second son earned but little.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company and benefit of \$225. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$700.

No. 200. (Jewish.) Mother, 58; son, 37; son, 33; son, 27; son, 25; son, 23; daughter, 18. Real estate, \$5,800; insurance, \$150; mortgage, \$3,000.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother was a widow, but there were still three wage earners in the family, and it was with reluctance that she accepted any assistance at all. The son who was killed had been trained at a technical high school, and the mother had had great hope for his future.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$1,456. Eastland Fund gift of \$200 paid to the mother.

No. 216. (German.) Mother, 56; son, 23; daughter, 21. Insurance, \$133.08.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She was the chief support of the widowed mother, and for that reason had been delaying her marriage. The son had but one leg, and was able to earn but a small wage.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200. Eastland Fund gift, \$875.

No. 218. (German.) Mother, 62; son, 26; son, 23; son; daughter-in-law; grandchild. Real estate, \$1,650; insurance, \$192.

A son, a wage earner, was drowned. The widowed mother and her two unmarried sons lived with the family of a married son. The property was in the name of the mother who, despite her age, was very capable. She was greatly grieved at the loss of her son, for she said that he was more concerned about her welfare than the older children.

Eastland Fund gift of \$525 to the mother.

No. 219. (German.) Mother, 42; son, 20; son, 18; son, 16. Insurance, \$242.

A son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. He was the principal wage earner of the family. The husband had been dead for 15 years, and the mother had reared the family by washing and scrubbing. Three years before the disaster the son had his mother give up her work, and the three sons were supporting her comfortably.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$186. Eastland Fund gift, \$700.

No. 229. (Danish.) Mother, 50; daughter, 22; son, 19; daughter, 14; daughter, 11; son, 8; daughter-in-law; son. Insurance, \$414.

Two daughters, one an employe of the Western Electric Company, were drowned. The mother had been a widow for two years, and the family depended on the wages of the eldest daughter and the son of working age. A married son and his wife lived with them, but they paid only board, and that irregularly. The money from the Red Cross was placed in trust to be paid \$25 a month.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$267. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,330.

No. 250. (Polish.) Mother, 45; son, 21; son, 19; son, 16; son, 12; son, 10; son, 8. Insurance, \$475.

The eldest son of a widow was killed. He was an employe of the Western Electric Company. For eight years the mother had supported her sons by hard work, and her task was just beginning to grow lighter as they became able to earn money. At the time of the disaster the second and third sons had been without work for months. They were immediately taken on by the Western Electric Company.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$180. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,645.

No. 263. (Bohemian.) Mother, 58; son, 34; son, 32; son, 23. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$1,100.

A son, chief support of a widowed mother and an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The eldest son had worked but irregularly, and contributed but little to the support of the family. The youngest son was away from home, and sent back money only occasionally. It was planned that a married daughter should come and live with the mother.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$220.10. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 272. (Polish.) Mother, 43; son, 21; son, 19; son, 18; daughter, 13; daughter, 25; two children; mother-in-law. Real estate, \$1,800; insurance, \$270; mortgage, \$900.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had been a widow for seven years, and had brought up the children to working age by her own efforts. The oldest son had been killed by robbers

two years before the disaster. The family owned the home, though under mortgage, and all the children of working age were employed.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$142. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$700.

No. 299. (Bohemian.) Mother, 46; son, 21; daughter, 19. Real estate, \$3,250; insurance, \$155; mortgage, \$3,000.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother had been a widow for several years, and depended entirely on the \$8 a week earned by the daughter, and the \$10 a week by the son. Yet they had bought their home and assumed a heavy mortgage.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$235. Eastland Fund gift, \$805.

No. 303. (German.) Mother, 57; daughter, 27; son, 24; daughter, 16; son, 14; son, 12. Real estate, \$1,000; insurance, \$204.

The eldest son, the chief support of a widowed mother and her children, was killed. Except the elder daughter, who earned but \$8 a week as telephone operator, he was the only child employed. The family owned a small property in Wisconsin. The employer of the son paid the funeral expenses.

Eastland Fund gift of \$1,000 was paid the mother.

No. 314. (Bohemian.) Mother, 51; daughter, 19; son, 9. Insurance, \$600.

The only daughter, the chief support of the little family, was drowned. The father had died 18 months before the disaster. The daughter was earning wages, and the mother, though crippled with rheumatism, aided her by taking in washing and doing scrubbing.

Eastland Fund gift, \$1,260.

No. 329. (German.) Mother, 47; son, 25; daughter, 24; son, 21; daughter, 16; son, 14; daughter, 8; father, 83. Real estate, \$2,000; insurance, \$347.

The eldest daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother had been widowed five years before, and took in washing until heart disease compelled her to stop. Since then she had been dependent on the earnings of the children. Her aged father also lived with the family, and was entirely dependent on them. The second son was in the navy, and unable to help with the family expenses. The family owned the little home.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company and benefit, \$200. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,120.

No. 335. (Polish.) Mother, 55; son, 25; son, 20; daughter, 18. Real estate, \$5,400; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$3,000.

The only daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had been giving her widowed mother her entire wage of \$10 a week, while the elder son paid only his board, and the younger son was out of work. The family owned the home, but it was mortgaged for more than half its value.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company and benefit of \$173.60. Eastland Fund gift of \$210.

No. 343. (Bohemian.) Mother, 46; son, 19; son, 17; daughter, 16; son, 14. Insurance, \$127.

The son of a widow was drowned. He was the only one who assisted the mother in caring for the family. The eldest son was in the Southwest and sent the family nothing, and the second son and the daughter were unemployed. The youngest earned \$4 a week carrying a paper route, and the mother did washing.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$735.

No. 379. (German.) Mother, 56; son, 27; daughter, 23; son, 22. Insurance, \$604.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The father had died six years before, after a lingering illness which exhausted the family's resources. There still remained two wage earners in the family.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$210. Eastland Fund gift, \$400.

No. 383. (Polish.) Mother, 56; daughter, 27; daughter, 25; son, 24; daughter, 22. Insurance, \$1,500.

A daughter and a son, both employes of the Western Electric Company, were drowned. The mother had been an invalid for many years, and the second daughter had been ill and unable to work for two years. After the disaster the only wage earner left was the youngest daughter.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$523.37. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,050.

No. 385. (English.) Mother, 53; daughter, 25; daughter, 24; son, 22; sister-in-law; two children. Real estate, \$3,100; mortgage, \$1,500.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had been a widow for twelve years, and for almost the same length of time the second daughter had been an invalid. The son had been the chief support of the family, and his death left the younger daughter the only wage earner. A sister-in-law and her two children were with the family temporarily, and were not self-supporting. The family had a small income from rents.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, \$185. Eastland Fund gift, \$595.

No. 391. (German.) Mother, 54; son, 26; daughter, 23; daughter, 14. Real estate, \$1,600; insurance, \$200.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother had been a widow for seven years, and was losing her sight. The son was a wage earner, and after the disaster a married daughter and her family went to make their home with the mother and care for her.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$216.34. Eastland Fund gift, \$735.

No. 392. (American.) Mother, 61; son, 26; daughter, 25; brother. Insurance, \$396.21.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother was a widow, entirely dependent on the earnings of her two children. After the disaster a brother of the mother, who boarded at the home, assumed most of the responsibility.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$188. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 402. (Bohemian.) Mother, 54; daughter, 22; son, 20; son, 16. Real estate, \$3,000.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother was a widow, and had the care of an aged father who died just after the disaster. With his insurance money she paid off the mortgage on the home. The sons were both employed, and a comfortable living was assured.

Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 412. (Scotch.) Mother, 55; daughter, 23; son, 18; daughter, 16; son-in-law; daughter; two grandchildren. Insurance, \$250.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother had been a widow for seven years, badly crippled by rheumatism, and entirely dependent on the earnings of the children. At the time of the disaster the remaining two were at work, and the son-in-law, who had been idle all winter, had just found employment.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$264.18. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 432. (Polish.) Mother, 48; son, 26; daughter, 19; son, 17. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$1,500.

The only daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She and the younger son had been giving their mother all their earnings, while the elder son merely paid board. The mother had been a widow for fourteen years, and until two years before the disaster had supported the children by taking in washing.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$180. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 440. (Scotch.) Mother, 58; daughter, 26; daughter, 20. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$636; mortgage, \$500.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother and the younger daughter escaped, but the mother was made ill by the shock. The mother had been left a widow 20 years before with five little children, and had worked to rear them. Two made unfortunate marriages, one died two years previous to the disaster, and the death of the bread winner left her and a feeble-minded daughter entirely dependent.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company, and benefit, \$377. Eastland Fund gift, \$860.

No. 442. (Irish.) Mother, 46; daughter, 23; daughter, 18; daughter, 13; daughter, 10; daughter, 8. Real estate, \$2,000; insurance, \$263; mortgage, \$500.

Two daughters, the sole support of the family, were drowned. The elder was an employe of the Western Electric Company. The father had been dead for seven years. The mother owned the home, but there was still a mortgage of \$500 on it. At her request the Red Cross paid off the mortgage, gave her \$100 for immediate needs, and placed the remainder of the gift in trust to be paid her \$36 a month.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$539. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,785.

No. 443. (French.) Mother, 50; son, 25; daughter, 23; son, 21; son, 20; son, 18, son, 17; son, 15; daughter, 14; daughter, 12. Insurance, \$300.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had been widowed twelve years before, and had brought up her large family without any outside assistance. At the time of the disaster all the children except the youngest two were employed, but only the victim had been giving the mother all his wages. The others had outside interests, and paid board only. At the mother's request \$100 was given her for immediate needs and the rest was placed in trust to be paid her \$20 monthly.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company, \$185. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,100.

No. 474. (Irish.) Mother, 41; daughter, 22; daughter, 21; son, 18; daughter, 14. Insurance, \$758.20.

A daughter, a wage-earner, was drowned. The mother had been a widow for seven years, and formerly kept a store to support the children, but at the time of the disaster the children were working and supporting her. The son was just recovering from a serious operation.

Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 497. (German.) Mother, 61; son, 28; son, 26; widowed daughter; granddaughter; grandson. Real estate, \$1,000; insurance, \$392.36; mortgage, \$600.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had been a widow for many years, and lived with her two sons, and a widowed daughter and her two children. The elder son had contributed all his earnings to the family support. After the disaster the Western Electric Company gave work to the granddaughter.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$407.33. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 504. (Bohemian.) Mother, 47; son, 24; son, 21; daughter, 20; son, 15; daughter, 6. Real estate, \$7,500; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$5,500.

The eldest son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had been left a widow four years before, but the family owned the property where they lived, and the second son carried on his father's business in retail paints. The elder daughter was

also earning wages. The family was in fairly comfortable circumstances, though there was a rather heavy mortgage on the home.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$275. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 507. (German.) Mother, 55; daughter, 20; son, 18; son, 13; daughter, 7. Real estate, \$2,700; loan, \$1,400.

A daughter, a wage-earner, was drowned. The only income of the family had been the \$6 a week she earned as a domestic, and \$10 a week brought in by the elder son. The husband had been dead for several years. In spite of the limited earning power the family was clearing off a \$1,400 loan which had been made to clear title to their property. The mother's courage was not broken, and she was confident that she could still go on as before. At her request \$200 was paid her at once, and the remainder placed in trust.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,334.

No. 517. (Bohemian.) Mother, 67; son, 28; son, 26; son, 18. Real estate, \$2,600; insurance, \$105; mortgage, \$700.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The father had died of cancer only six months before the disaster, after a long illness which took much of the family revenues. There were still remaining two wage-earners who could support the mother.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$197. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 535. (German.) Mother, 50; daughter, 22; daughter, 20; son, 17; son, 15; daughter, 9. Real estate, \$4,000; insurance, \$500; mortgage, \$1,000.

A daughter, who had been earning \$13 a week with the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother had been a widow for years. The family income was the wages of the two daughters, and \$20 a month from rents. The mother was in feeble health, and the elder son was very ill of an incurable disease of the stomach. The gift money was placed in trust by the Red Cross, to be paid \$40 a month.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$192. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,050.

No. 537. (German.) Mother, 56; son, 30; son, 27; daughter, 25; daughter, 22; son, 17; daughter, 13. Real estate, \$4,600; insurance, \$186; mortgage, \$2,200.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother had been a widow for nine years. All the children of working age were earning wages except the second son, who was in poor health. The family owned the home, though it was under mortgage, and had an income of \$20 a month from rents. The family was safely self-supporting.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, benefit of \$384. Eastland Fund gift of \$469.

No. 547. (German.) Mother, 57; daughter, 26; son, 24; son, 23; daughter, 22; daughter, 19; daughter, 14; son, 10. Real estate, \$6,000; mortgage, \$3,000.

A daughter, a wage earner who had been bringing in \$17 a week to the family, was drowned. The mother was a widow, and the third daughter was in the state home for defectives at Lincoln. The eldest three children were earning wages, and the family had an income of \$26 a month from the rent of part of the home which they owned under mortgage.

The Eastland Fund gift of \$478 was paid to the mother.

No. 561. (German.) Mother, 51; daughter, 23; daughter, 21; daughter, 19; son, 14; son, 12; daughter, 8. Real estate, \$2,000; insurance, \$250; mortgage, \$1,000.

Two daughters of a widowed mother were drowned. The father had died eight years before, and the mother had worked hard to support the children and try to pay off the mortgage. The death of these two wage earners cut the family income in half. At the mother's request, the money from the Red Cross was paid in monthly instalments of \$30, except \$250 immediate payment to cover outstanding debts.

Eastland Fund gift, \$1,890.

No. 579. (German.) Mother, 47; daughter, 19; daughter, 16. Insurance, \$300.

The only wage earner of the family, a daughter, was drowned. The elder daughter was out of work, and the mother, a midwife, earned money but irregularly. The Western Electric Company at once gave work to the surviving daughter.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$184. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 591. (German.) Mother, 51; daughter, 27; son, 23. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$1,000.

The daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother had been a widow for nine years, and depended entirely on the earnings of the two children, and \$12 a month rent.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$289. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 602. (Bohemian.) Mother, 59; son, 39; son, 20; daughter, 19. Insurance, \$332.

A daughter was drowned. She was an employe of the Western Electric Company, and at the time the only support of her widowed mother and two brothers. The elder son drank and was unreliable, and the second son was out of work, because of ill health. The Western Electric Company gave work to the younger son, and a widowed daughter came from the West to live with the mother.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$206. Eastland Fund gift of \$735.

No. 613. (German.) Mother, 58; son, 25; daughter, 24; daughter, 21; son, 15; daughter, 13; son, 11. Real estate, \$12,000; insurance, \$1,500; mortgage, \$2,400.

The eldest son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had been a widow for ten years, and the son had taken the place of his father at the head of the household, and all were very proud of him. The family owned a valuable property and had an income of \$83 a month from rents, so that there was no danger of privation.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$338. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 632. (Italian.) Mother, 55; daughter, 20; son, 17; son, 14. Insurance, \$268.62.

A boy of 17, the chief dependence of the family, was killed. The mother had been a widow for years, and the daughter's health was such that she could not work. The sole income was \$15, earned by the decedent, and \$4 a week which the younger son earned as messenger boy.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$900.

No. 640. (German.) Mother, 59; daughter, 26; daughter, 25; daughter, 18; daughter, 16. Real estate, \$1,700; insurance, \$459; mortgage, \$1,000.

One of four daughters was drowned. She had been working irregularly, earning about \$5 a week. Two other daughters were employed and the youngest was in school. The mother had been a widow for two years and was herself incapacitated by rheumatism.

Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

No. 644. (English.) Mother, 58; son, 26; daughter, 24. Insurance, \$102.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She was the sole support of the family. The mother had been a widow for eight years, the son had been out of work for eight months, and the family was heavily in debt. The Western Electric Company took on the son at \$13 a week.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$126. Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

No. 645. (Bohemian.) Mother, 51; son, 30; son, 24; daughter, 22; son, 20; son, 18; daughter, 16; son, 14; daughter, 12. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$280; mortgage, \$1,500.

A daughter, who had been earning \$8 a week in a tailoring establishment, was drowned. The mother had been a widow for nine years and had worked hard to keep her children together in the home. At the time of the disaster they were all working except the youngest two and the second son, but their combined wage was only \$29 a week, and the mother found it difficult to keep the household going on that sum. The family owned the home, but it was mortgaged for half its value.

Eastland Fund gift, \$840.

No. 652. (Polish.) Mother, 51; son, 21; son, 19; son, 16. Real estate, \$7,000; insurance, \$475; mortgage, \$3,000.

The eldest son of a widow was killed. At the time of the disaster he had been out of work for six months. The family owned the home, though under heavy mortgage, and had an income from rents of \$32 a month. The youngest son was also earning \$6 a week.

Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

No. 659. (Swedish.) Mother, 56; son, 24; daughter; two grandchildren. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$1,200.

The son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother was a widow, entirely dependent on the earnings of this son. A daughter, a divorcee, and her two little children lived with them and were partly dependent on him.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$452. Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$500.

No. 673. (German.) Mother, 41; daughter, 21; daughter, 17; daughter, 11.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother had been a widow for four years and had become a janitress to support her children.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$177. Eastland Fund gift, \$893.

No. 674. (Swiss.) Mother, 54; son, 25; daughter, 20; daughter, 13. Real estate, \$2,300; insurance, \$500.

A daughter, a wage earner, was drowned. The mother was a widow and depended largely on the earnings of the children. The son was employed at good wages, and a married daughter occupied the lower flat of the home and paid rent. The mother owned the property free of incumbrance.

Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

No. 675. (English.) Mother, 55; son, 25; daughter, 24; daughter, 21; son, 20; son, 20. Real estate, \$2,600; mortgage, \$1,500.

A daughter was drowned. The family had been in rather difficult circumstances for some time. The eldest son, employed in the postoffice, was suspected of being tubercular. The elder daughter had undergone an operation and at the time of the disaster was unable to work. The daughter who was drowned had been out of work for some time. One son was employed by the Western Electric Company. The mother had been a widow for a year.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$147. Eastland Fund gift, \$995.

No. 692. (Bohemian.) Mother, 40; son, 21; son, 17; daughter, 15; son, 13; son, 11; son, 8; daughter, 6.

The eldest son of a widow, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had been left a widow six years before by the suicide of the father, and, alone and unaided, had worked to keep her children together. The eldest was, at the time of the disaster, earning \$14 a week. He was a musician of ability and had planned a series of concerts for the next season to increase the family income. The mother was thoroughly disheartened.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$245. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$2,625.

No. 708. (German.) Mother, 55; daughter, 33; son, 28; son, 21; son, 16; married son. Insurance, \$380.25.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had been married, but was separated from her husband and was living at home, contributing regularly to the family income and taking much of the housework off the shoulders of her mother. A married son was temporarily living at home and paying board.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$440. Eastland Fund gift, \$735.

No. 715. (German.) Mother, 58; son, 27; daughter, 21; daughter-in-law; son; grandchild. Real estate, \$3,000; mortgage, \$1,500.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The eldest son was about to be married, which would leave the widowed mother with no support except the \$30 a month paid by the married son and his family, who lived in the home. The mother owned the property, though under heavy mortgage, and the \$13 a month rent from the upper flat barely paid the interest, taxes and upkeep.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200. Eastland Fund gift, \$500.

No. 718. (German.) Mother; son, 21; daughter, 19; son, 16; daughter, 6. Real estate, \$2,600; insurance, \$324; mortgage, \$1,000.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, and the most dependable source of income of the family, was drowned. The mother had been a widow for three years and had been taking in washing to help earn the living. The elder son was not dependable, and on the morning of the disaster had just returned home from one of his periodic journeys. The younger son, a messenger, had just lost his position. The Western Electric Company gave work to the elder son.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$229. Emergency relief and Eastland Fund gift by the Red Cross, \$961.

No. 748. (Polish.) Mother, 50; daughter, 20; daughter, 17; daughter, 14; daughter, 12; daughter, 10; grandchild, 2. Real estate, \$4,850; insurance, \$150.10; mortgage, \$1,700.

A daughter, a wage earner, was drowned. The mother had been a widow for nine years, and the family's only income was the wages of the two daughters of working age. A married daughter and her husband were also drowned in the Eastland disaster, and their little child was left to be cared for by the family. The son-in-law had been a Western Electric Company employe, and for that reason the firm let this family share in the benefit.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$210. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,100.

No. 750. (German.) Mother, 58; daughter, 28; daughter, 20; son, 18. Real estate, \$2,400; insurance, \$373; mortgage, \$700.

Two daughters were drowned. The mother had been a widow for thirteen years, and, except for \$12 a month from rents, depended entirely on the wages of the two daughters. The son was not employed at the time of the disaster and the daughters earned but \$18 a week between them. A married son was a Western Electric Company employe of fifteen years' standing.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$285. Red Cross emergency relief, and Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

GROUP C. WIDOWERS WITH CHILDREN.

After the widows with children group, these cases presented the second most difficult problem of social adjustment and relief. In 51 families, 72 deaths were recorded. In 25 families the wife was killed, while in 14 families both wife and children were lost, and in 12, children were the victims. In cases where the mother was lost, proper home provisions were made and special consideration given to the added cost of living of the 47 children left in this group. 33 were under ten years of age. The amount of insurance held was \$22,627, while the amount of equity in real estate was \$37,734.

GROUP C— I.

(Loss of Wife)

No. 2. (German.) Husband, 28; wife, 30; son, 6; son 3. Insurance, \$164.

The wife was drowned. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company. Though he earned but \$7 a week, he had just arranged to buy a home. After the disaster he placed the children in the care of their grandparents, and the Red Cross arranged for him to pay \$12 a month for two and a half years for their care.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$230. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 13. (Norwegian.) Husband; wife, 37; daughter, 16; daughter, 11; daughter, 8; mother. Real estate, \$3,600. Insurance, \$251.80; mortgage, \$2,266.

The wife was killed. The husband had been out of work for more than a year, and the support of the family and the payments on the property they had bought fell on the woman's brother. The plan of the family was to allow the eldest daughter to become the house-keeper, and to continue their life as nearly as possible as it had been before.

Emergency relief by Red Cross. Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

No. 43. (Irish.) Husband, 45; wife, 42; son, 7. Insurance, \$168.40.

The wife was killed. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company, and the wife had been conducting a rooming house. Five children by a former marriage lived with the husband's mother. The son by the second marriage was taken by the husband's sister.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$167. Eastland Fund gift, \$250.

No. 123. (American.) Husband, 27; wife, 27; son, 4 months. Real estate, \$300; insurance, \$1,132.

The wife who, previous to the birth of the child had been an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband was part owner of a store and had a comfortable income, and said he needed no assistance; but that if anything were given it would be placed to the credit of the child.

Eastland Fund gift for the child, \$200.

No. 159. (Irish.) Husband, 22; wife, 19; son, 2. Insurance, \$93.

The wife, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The illness of the husband had compelled the couple to separate, and the wife was living with her parents and supporting herself and the child. It was agreed that the Western Electric Company should pay the funeral expenses, the insurance money go to the wife's mother, and the money from the Red Cross placed in trust and paid for the child's support, \$10 a month.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$182. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,575.

No. 198. (Swedish.) Husband, 33; wife, 25; daughter, 1. Insurance, \$2,000.

The wife was drowned. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company. He was bruised and lost his clothing in the disaster. He arranged to have the child cared for by her grandmother.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 246. (English.) Husband, 38; wife, 41; daughter, 19; daughter, 11. Real estate, \$5,500; insurance, \$500; mortgage, \$2,800.

The wife was drowned, and the younger daughter was rescued only after much hardship, and was ill for some time after. The husband was a gas inspector and earned a comfortable salary, and the elder daughter was in high school. The family owned the home, though it was mortgaged, and received \$20 monthly rent from one flat.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 290. (Irish.) Husband, 31; wife, 29; daughter, 5; brother; mother.

The wife of an employe of the Western Electric Company was drowned. The whole family was on the boat, and the little daughter suffered a severe nervous shock. The wife's brother made his home with the family, as did the husband's mother.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$230. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 390. (American.) Husband, 29; wife, 28; son, 8; daughter, 6; daughter, 4; son, 2. Real estate, \$1,650; mortgage, \$650.

The wife was drowned and the husband, a Western Electric company employe, sustained injuries. After the disaster the husband took his children and went to the home of his mother, but he could regard this as only a temporary measure, since his brother, living with the mother, had tuberculosis and was a constant menace to the children.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$264. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,050.

No. 408. (Dutch.) Husband, 41; wife, 40; son, 15. Real estate, \$2,600; insurance, 263.90.

The wife was drowned. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company. He seemed dazed for some time after the disaster, and hesitated about accepting any aid. He planned to take his son and live with a brother-in-law.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$150. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 435. (Polish.) Husband, 42; wife, 35; son, 13; son, 10; daughter, 8; son, 5; daughter, 4. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$300; mortgage, \$1,000.

The wife, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The older two children were on the boat with her but escaped with slight injuries. The husband was unreliable, and had a reputation as a drinker and a wife beater. For this reason the Red Cross secured the appointment of the mother of the wife as legal guardian for the children, and the money was placed in trust to be paid her \$15 a month.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$285. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,255.

No. 475. (German.) Husband, 30; wife, 28; son, 8. Insurance, \$500.

The wife, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband made his home with his parents and had not contributed to the support of the family for seven years. Soon after the disaster he was sent to an insane asylum. The wife and boy had lived with her sister. This sister was appointed legal guardian of the child, but settlement of the case was delayed by the parents of the husband bringing suit to gain possession of the child and the estate. A fraternal order paid the funeral expenses, and all the money was finally paid the wife's sister for the use of the child.

Western Electric Company benefit, **\$352**. Eastland Fund gift, **\$525**.

No. 508. (French.) Husband, 37; wife, 28; son, 10; son, 7. Insurance, \$705.20.

The wife, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband had been away from home for 18 months until just before the disaster, and the wife had been working, leaving the children with a housekeeper.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, **\$144.75**. Eastland Fund gift, **\$363**.

No. 519. (American.) Husband, 44; wife, 39; daughter, 19, daughter, 18; son, 17; daughter, 11; daughter, 5.

The wife was drowned. The husband and the elder daughter were employes of the Western Electric Company, and that firm at once gave work to the son. The second daughter assumed the duties of housekeeper, and the family life went on.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, **\$245.79**. Eastland Fund gift of **\$420**.

No. 532. (Bohemian.) Husband, 34; wife, 35; son, 19; daughter, 17. Insurance, \$1,000.

The wife was drowned. The two children were hers by a former marriage. The husband was a bartender, out of work, and very uncertain what he would do toward supporting the children. Other relatives promised to supervise their care.

Eastland Fund gift of **\$200**.

No. 562. (German.) Husband, 51; wife, 44; son, 21; son-in-law; daughter; two grandchildren. Real estate, \$4,500; insurance, \$1,500; mortgage, \$2,500.

The wife was drowned. The son was employed, but for a year before the disaster the husband had been out of work. The wife had furnished the house with money she earned doing translations for a lawyer, and she aided the son in supporting the family. Also she rented some rooms and added to the family income. They owned the home, but under heavy mortgage.

Western Electric Company benefit, **\$142**. Eastland Fund gift, **\$200**.

No. 569. (German.) Husband, 29; wife, 26; daughter, 1.

The wife of an employe of the Western Electric Company was drowned. Immediately after the disaster the husband placed the baby in charge of the wife's mother, and went to live with relatives.

Western Electric Company benefit, **\$198**. Eastland Fund gift, **\$500**.

No. 575. (English.) Husband, 30; wife, 27; son, 4; son, 1; mother, 66. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance **\$379**.

The wife was drowned. The husband and four-year-old son were also on the boat, but escaped. The wife's mother lived with the family, and was entirely dependent on them. The husband agreed that she should have

the money from the Red Cross. He owned a plumbing shop, and had a comfortable income. The mother remained in the home to care for the little children, but the bereaved husband soon took another wife, making the mother's position unpleasant. She held the gift money in reserve in case it became necessary for her to enter an old ladies' home.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 593. (German.) Husband, 64; wife, 55; son, 31; son, 23. Real estate, \$4,000; insurance, \$306; mortgage, \$200.

The wife was drowned. The husband was a tanner by trade, but for five years had not worked, and both parents had been dependent on the earnings of the sons. The sons were to continue to support their father.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 600. (Polish.) Husband, 23; wife, 20; son, 2; daughter, 1. Insurance, \$300.

The wife was drowned. The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was injured and was ill for some time. The entire family of the husband's brother also perished (case treated elsewhere).

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$314. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 614. (German.) Husband, 34; wife, 28; son, 4. Insurance, \$207.

The wife was drowned. The husband had been earning \$18 a week in a tailor shop. He gave up his home, and with the child went to live with his mother.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, \$335, and Eastland Fund gift of \$420.

No. 626. (Austrian.) Husband, 31; wife, 29; daughter, 9; daughter, 3; son, 1. Real estate, \$2,945; insurance, \$1,500; mortgage, \$1,700.

The wife was drowned. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company. The husband owned the home, and the insurance and gift money were sufficient to lift the mortgage on it. He seemed very conscientious and anxious to bring his children up properly, and planned to hire a housekeeper and maintain the home for them.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$216.25. Eastland Fund gift of \$340.

No. 653. (German.) Husband, 28; wife, 23. Insurance, \$148.

A wife was drowned. The couple had been married but six months, but the wife had been married before and left a child who was in the care of the wife's mother and whom she helped support. The husband was a cook in a downtown hotel.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 657. (German.) Husband, 35; wife, 31; daughter, 9; son, 7. Real estate, \$3,950; insurance, \$176; mortgage, \$2,000.

The wife was drowned. The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, had taken the entire family for the outing, but he escaped and rescued the children. He had been earning \$23 a week, and owned the home, though it was rather heavily mortgaged. After the disaster he placed the children in charge of a sister in New York.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$468.55. Emergency relief by Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 670. (German.) Husband, 30; wife, 28; son, 5. Insurance, \$152.

The wife was drowned. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company. The husband arranged to have his child cared for by the parents of the wife, who also took charge of the children of another daughter who was drowned.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$150. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

GROUP C — II.

(Loss of Wife and Children)

No. 39. (Norwegian.) Husband, 38; wife, 35; daughter, 15; daughter, 9; daughter, 7; son, 4; daughter, 9 months. Real estate, \$1,500. Mortgage, \$1,000.

A wife and little daughter were killed. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company. The family had been in very happy circumstances. The husband had built the home with his own hands, and the wife was very thrifty and efficient. After the disaster the eldest daughter assumed the duties of housekeeper, but the family hoped that some arrangement could be made whereby she might complete the high-school course, of which she had taken one year.

Emergency relief and \$146 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$693.

No. 99. (Danish.) Husband, 31; wife, 31; child, 7; child, 3; brother. Real estate, \$2,800; insurance, \$300; mortgage, \$1,400.

The wife and one child were killed. The husband was young, enterprising and fully responsible, and was regularly employed at fair wages. Immediately after the accident he arranged for his married sister to bring her family and live with him, and assume the care of his remaining child.

Eastland Fund gift of \$473.

No. 105. (Irish.) Husband, 40; wife, 34; daughter, 9; daughter, 7; daughter, 5; daughter, 3; son, 2; brother, 33; sister, 32. Insurance \$1,000.

A wife with her baby boy and her sister were drowned, and another sister was injured. The brother and two sisters of the wife had been living with the family. Immediately after the disaster the surviving children were sent to the home of relatives in Michigan, but it was the husband's plan to engage a housekeeper and bring them back home as soon as possible. It was agreed that the husband should receive the insurance money and the parents of the sister the other benefits.

REPORT OF THE RELIEF COMMITTEE

Western Electric Company benefit \$218. Eastland Fund gift of \$998.

No. 130. (Bohemian.) Husband, 33; wife, 27; daughter, 4; son, 2; daughter, 1. Insurance, \$600.

The wife and two children were killed. The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, also was on the Eastland, and was driven temporarily insane by the shock. The wife's mother and sister lived in the same building with the family and planned to look after the surviving child.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$298. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$758.

No. 134. (Bohemian.) Husband, 44; wife, 38; daughter, 15; daughter, 14; son, 11; son, 9. Real estate, \$300; insurance, \$900.

The wife and two children were drowned. The wife had with her the family savings of \$300 which was not recovered. The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was ill for some time after the disaster. The surviving son was a cripple. The remaining daughter, though but 14, said that she would be her father's housekeeper and care for her little brother.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and \$552.52 benefit. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$762.

No. 177. (Swedish.) Husband, 47; wife, 45; daughter, 22; son, 21; son, 19; son, 15; son, 8; son, 7; daughter, 4; son, 1. Real estate, \$3,500; insurance, \$216; mortgage, \$1,500.

The mother, a son and a daughter were drowned. The eldest son was also on the boat, and his efforts to save his mother and sister, and the shock of seeing them killed, brought on severe heart disease which reduced his earning capacity. The husband had been working only part time for several months previous to the disaster, and the wife had been compelled to take in boarders to help with the family income. They were buying the home.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit of \$334. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,292.

No. 257. (Bohemian.) Husband, 28; wife, 28; daughter, 3; daughter, 2. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$600; mortgage, \$2,300.

The wife and little daughter were killed. The husband, a Western Electric Company employe, planned to keep the home he was buying, and hire a housekeeper to look after the little girl. He placed the child temporarily with friends, and took his evening meals there to watch over her. The Red Cross paid him \$100 at once, and placed the remainder in trust to be paid \$12 a month.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, \$316.25. Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

No. 326. (German.) Husband, 42; wife, 44; son, 22; son, 18; son, 17; daughter, 15; daughter, 6; son, 3. Real estate, \$3,600; insurance, \$1,258; mortgage, \$2,000.

The wife and two sons were drowned. Both the sons were employes of the Western Electric Company, bringing in a salary of \$22 between them each week. The husband was also employed, and the family had a high standard of living. They owned the very comfortable property where they lived.

Emergency relief was given by the Western Electric Company, and a benefit of \$405. Eastland Fund gift of \$840 was paid the husband.

No. 446. (Bohemian.) Husband, 50; wife, 48; daughter, 21; son, 18; daughter, 15; daughter, 12; daughter, 10. Real estate, \$2,000; insurance, \$600; mortgage, \$700.

The wife and the two eldest children were drowned. The son was a deaf mute and the father earned but \$9 a week as a laborer, so the family depended largely on the wages of the daughter. They were making payments on the home, and had no reserve fund to meet such a disaster. To add to the trouble, the husband, despondent over the loss of his wife and children, committed suicide. The survivors were placed in the care of a married daughter.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company, \$432.80, and Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$965.

No. 549. (Polish.) Husband, 47; wife, 42; daughter, 19; son, 15.

The wife and daughter of an employe of the Western Electric Company were drowned. The husband was subject to fainting attacks dating back ten years to a severe injury, but was still able to work. After the disaster he retained his position, and placed the son with a family to board.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$441.50. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 605. (German.) Husband, 45; wife, 44; son, 26; son, 23; son, 19; son, 14; son-in-law; daughter. Real estate, \$4,500; insurance, \$500; mortgage, \$2,000.

The wife and two sons were killed, the husband injured and was ill for several weeks, and all the other members of the family slightly injured and shocked. The husband was a Western Electric Company employe. He and the 19-year-old boy were the only members of the family employed at the time of the disaster. The Western Electric Company at once gave work to the eldest son.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$583. Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

No. 678. (German.) Husband, 45; wife, 42; daughter, 19; son, 18; daughter, 15; daughter, 13; daughter, 11; son, 9; son, 5; son, 2. Real estate, \$5,000; mortgage, \$2,500.

The mother was drowned with her 18-year-old son. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company. After the disaster the family planned to keep up the home, and the 15-year-old daughter became the housekeeper while the older ones earned the living. The husband was reported for intemperance and cruelty toward the children, and after investigating carefully, the Red Cross decided to apply the gift money on the mortgage instead of putting it into his hands.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$285. Eastland Fund gift, \$888.

No. 733. (American.) Husband, 25; wife, 23; son, 3; son, 1. Insurance, \$533.42.

The wife and little son were drowned; the father and the year-old baby survived. The husband went to board with friends who promised to care for the child while he earned the living. Relatives of the wife also promised assistance if needed.

Eastland Fund gift, \$475.

No. 746. (Polish.) Husband, 45; wife, 42; son, 21; son, 18; daughter, 17; daughter, 14. Real estate, \$2,200; insurance, \$890.45; mortgage, \$1,300.

The wife and young daughter were drowned together. The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was also on the boat and was slightly injured. He had worked only part time for several months. The eldest three children had been employed, but the daughter of 17 had to give up her place after the disaster and care for the house for her father and brothers. A married daughter also lived in the flat, but she paid only rent.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, \$200. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

GROUP C — III.

(Loss of Children)

No. 57. (Canadian.) Father, 54; daughter, 28; son, 26; daughter, 21.

One son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother was dead, and the family was living with one of the married daughters. The father was a carpenter, but had not had steady work, and at the time of the accident both the married daughter and her husband were out of work.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$213. Eastland Fund gift of \$200 to father.

No. 155. (Swedish.) Father, 60; son, 25; daughter, 23; son, 16. Insurance, \$372.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The father had been a widower for eight years, and the daughter was not only the principal wage earner, but the housekeeper. The father had work only at intervals, and the elder son, by reason of drinking habits, had been unable to keep a steady position. The younger son gave all his wages of \$6 weekly to the family.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$165. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 204. (American.) Father, 47; son, 22; son, 20; son, 18; son, 16; daughter, 14.

One son, a wage earner, was killed, and the father, an employe of the Western Electric Company, suffered a broken leg. The mother had been dead for 14 years, but the father kept the children together, and they did the housework themselves. They were educating the daughter in an eastern convent.

Hospital care of father by Western Electric Company, and benefit of \$200. Eastland Fund gift of \$250.

No. 247. (German.) Father, 66; son, 35; daughter, 25; son, 24; daughter; son-in-law; grandchild. Insurance, 559.

A son and daughter were drowned. The daughter was an employe of the Western Electric Company. The mother had been dead for five years, and the father had not worked in the last four years before the disaster. The married daughter and her family were included in the household, and the son-in-law's salary went toward the maintenance of the entire family.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$327. Eastland Fund gift, \$250.

No. 261. (Polish.) Father, 56; son, 21; son, 19; daughter, 15; son, 13; daughter, 11; daughter, 8. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$145.20; mortgage, \$1,000.

A daughter, housekeeper for her widowed father, was drowned. The father's mind had not been strong since the death of the mother seven years before, and he earned but small wages. The eldest son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was the head of the house, and he and the next eldest son were wage earners. The family owned the home and there was a small income from rents.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit of \$120. Eastland Fund gift of \$478.

No. 282. (Bohemian.) Father, 60; daughter, 18; son, 11. Insurance, \$50.

A daughter was drowned. Since the death of her mother she had been the housekeeper for the father, and cared for the 11-year-old son. The father kept a small butter and egg store, but after the loss of his daughter planned to sell it at once. He said he could not go on without her.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$900.

No. 325. (German.) Father, 56; son, 28; son, 21; daughter, 18. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$129; mortgage, \$1,800.

The only daughter was drowned. The father and both the sons were employed, and she had been their housekeeper. They owned the home, though it was under a rather heavy mortgage.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift of \$478.

No. 397. (Bohemian.) Father, 54; daughter, 30; daughter, 28; daughter, 23; son, 22; daughter, 20; son, 16; son, 13; son, 13. Insurance, \$240.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother had been dead for several years, but the father and the elder children worked in full co-operation to keep the children together and provide an attractive home for them. The father was a carpenter, not able to obtain work all the time, but after the disaster the eldest four children were employed, and a comfortable living was assured.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$241. Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 496. (Bohemian.) Father, 63; son, 31; son, 27; daughter, 20; son, 19. Real estate, \$3,400; insurance, \$300; mortgage, \$1,800.

The only daughter, housekeeper for her father and brothers since her mother's death, was drowned. The father, formerly an employe at the stockyards, had not worked since the death of the mother, three months previous to the disaster. The three sons were working steadily at fair wages, and they planned to engage a housekeeper and keep up the home life.

Eastland Fund gift, \$400.

No. 553. (German). Father, 69; son, 23; daughter, 19; daughter, 14. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$1,800.

The son, an employe of the Western Electric Company and the largest wage earner of the family, was killed. The father and the elder daughter were employed, and the family owned the home and had an income of \$15 a month from rents, though there was still a mortgage to be met.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200. Eastland Fund gift, \$215.

No. 643. (American.) Father, 40; daughter, 15; son, 13; daughter, 3.

A little boy was drowned. The father had taken his three children and a little niece on the outing. The niece also was drowned. (Case treated elsewhere.) The father was earning \$32 a week at the Western Electric Company's plant.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$250. Eastland Fund gift, \$150.

No. 649. (Bohemian.) Father, 76; daughter, 24; daughter, 22; daughter, 20; son, 19; son, 15; daughter, 15. Real estate, \$2,200; mortgage, \$1,000.

The youngest daughter was drowned. She had gone on the excursion with her two sisters, who were employed by the Western Electric Company. They were rescued, but suffered from exposure and shock, and were unable to return to work for weeks. The mother had been dead for years and the father was too old to work. The two sons were working and the eldest daughter was the housekeeper.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$304.61. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

GROUP D. SEPARATED WOMEN WITH CHILDREN.

Fifteen women who were separated from their husbands lost children. Fifteen deaths were recorded, all of whom were wage earning children. As over 23 of the surviving children were minors, special consideration was given to provision for them. 12% of this group held insurance, while 40% owned property. Amount of insurance held was \$4,354, while the amount of equity in real estate was valued at \$1,700.

GROUP D.

(Loss of Children)

No. 15. (Swedish.) Mother, 49; daughter, 25; son, 19. Insurance, \$401.85.

The son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The father had deserted the family four years before, but the son and daughter had supported themselves and the mother comfortably. The mother planned to live in the same flat, though the rent was \$18, hoping by some means to supplement her daughter's earnings of \$16 a week.

Benefit by Western Electric Company, \$109.65. Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

No. 87. (Lithuanian.) Mother, 45; daughter, 19. Insurance, \$512.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She was the sole support of her mother, who had been deserted, and who was badly crippled by rheumatism. After the disaster another daughter came to live with the mother.

Emergency relief and \$247 benefit by the Western Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

No. 89. (Polish.) Mother, 40; daughter, 17; son, 14; daughter, 13; son, 11; daughter, 6. Insurance, \$174.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The father had deserted before the youngest child was born, and a son of 18 years had also deserted before the disaster. Though the daughter earned but \$9 a week she was supporting the family and trying to pay off old debts.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company and benefit, \$141.10. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift to be paid in \$40 installments, \$1,600.

No. 102. (Irish.) Mother, 45; daughter, 20; son, 19; daughter, 18; daughter, 15; son, 13; son, 12; daughter, 10; son, 6; daughter, 5. Insurance, \$133.

A daughter was drowned. She had been a telephone operator, earning \$10 a week, which was a very important item in so large a family. The father had deserted two years before, when only two of the children were of working age. The mother had taken in washing until two others began to earn wages. At the time of the disaster the eldest four were bringing in \$35 a week, which was barely sufficient to keep the family. After the disaster the family moved into a better neighborhood, raised the

standard of living, and got medical care for two children who had been ailing. The mother seemed very efficient and made the best possible use of the money from the Red Cross.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, **\$2,484.**

No. 153. (German.) Mother, 53; son, 32; daughter, 28; son, 27; daughter, 26; daughter, 24; son, 22; son, 20; son, 20; son, 16; daughter, 13. Real estate, \$3,900; insurance, \$216; mortgage, \$3,800; debts, \$250.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother had been deserted by the father ten years before the disaster, with a very large family of children to support. This she had done by taking in washing, and as they became old enough the children went to work. The older children were paying board at the time of the disaster, but the son who was drowned was giving his mother all his pay. Four years before, the mother had borrowed \$100 with which to make the first payment on their home, but at the time of the disaster she had not repaid this and had accumulated other debts, and still owed almost the full value of the property.

Western Electric benefit of **\$235.** Eastland Fund gift of **\$683.**

No. 187. (German.) Mother, 50; daughter, 19; son, 15.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The father had deserted twelve years before, and the mother had for a time supported the family by scrubbing, but her sight had recently failed and she was forced to stop work. The son also had defective sight.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, **\$282.** Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, **\$930.**

No. 233. (Scotch-Irish.) Mother, 50; daughter, 25; son, 23; son, 23; son, 13; son, 12. Insurance, \$328.30.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The father had died years before, and the mother had made an unfortunate second marriage. The step-father deserted, and the family was dependent on the wages of elder children. The daughter was in hospital for an operation, and the mother faced the prospect of returning to janitor's work by which she had supported the family while she was a widow.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, **\$225.** Eastland Fund gift, **\$860.**

No. 334. (Bohemian.) Mother, 50; son, 34; daughter, 26; daughter, 23; daughter, 17; daughter, 17; daughter, 16; son, 15; son, 12. Insurance, \$500.

The eldest daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company at \$13 a week, was drowned. All the children of working age were employed, but they had not been able to accumulate any savings. Instead, there were a number of debts to be met.

Emergency relief was given by the Western Electric Company, and a benefit of \$331. Emergency relief by the Red Cross also, and Eastland Fund gift of \$473.

No. 406. (Bohemian.) Mother, 38; daughter, 20; daughter, 16; son, 14; daughter, 12; son, 10. Insurance, \$548.

The eldest daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The father had deserted two years before the disaster, and the daughter had supported the family, aided by what the mother could earn by taking in washing. Just before the disaster the second daughter began to earn wages.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$205. Emergency relief by Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,250.

No. 427. (Irish.) Mother, 49; son, 19; daughter, 16. Insurance, \$278.

The son, a wage earner, was killed. He was the chief support of his mother and sister, for his father had been a chronic drunkard for 19 years, and a chronic deserter. He had not been seen for months previous to the disaster. The daughter had recently undergone an operation. After the disaster mother and daughter went to live with a married daughter.

Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$351.

No. 480. (Irish.) Mother, 54; daughter, 24. Real estate, \$4,000; insurance, \$424.62; mortgage, \$3,200.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had been deserted for ten years. She suffered from an ulcer which prevented her from doing more than the housework. One son was in the army and two daughters married, and none could assist her.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$319.29. Eastland Fund gift, \$650.

No. 482. (Bohemian.) Mother, 61; son, 23; son, 17.

A son was killed. He had just recovered from pneumonia, and had worked only a month. The mother had been deserted for several years, and an older child had been sent to the insane asylum. She was left with only the earnings of the 17-year-old son.

Eastland Fund gift, \$800.

No. 625. (German.) Mother, 40; daughter, 18; daughter, 16. Insurance, \$418.

A daughter, a wage earner, was drowned. The father had deserted the family years before, and the mother had supported the children by working in a restaurant. Failing health had forced her to stop work, but both girls were employed, one at \$8 and the other at \$6 a week.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$630.

No. 654. (Polish.) Mother, 47; son, 20; son, 19; son, 17; son, 10. Real estate, \$1,900; mortgage, \$1,000.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The father had deserted a year before—the latest of his many desertions—and the mother had entered suit for separate maintenance. However, he applied to the Red Cross for the gift money. At a final conference it was decided to place the money in trust, to be paid to the mother \$35 a month.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, \$230. Eastland Fund gift, \$800.

No. 666. (German.) Mother, 40; daughter, 21; son, 16.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The father had deserted the family fourteen years before, and the mother had learned nursing and had brought up the children. Her health had failed, and she was being supported by them.

Western Electric Company \$191 benefit. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$650.

GROUP E. MARRIED COUPLES WITH CHILDREN WHERE DEATHS OF CHILDREN OCCURRED.

This, the largest group, includes 262 families, with 290 members killed. In 24 of these, 2 or more children were killed; in one family four grown children were lost. With the exception of 7 cases, all deaths in this group (290 in all) were those of wage earning children. 61% of this group held insurance, while 67% held property. Amount of insurance held was \$76,239, while the amount of equity in real estate was valued at \$375,500.

GROUP E.

(Loss of Children)

No. 1. (Polish.) Husband, 55; wife, 52; daughter, 25; son, 23; son, 20; daughter, 19; daughter, 16. Insurance, \$192.10.

Two daughters, one of whom was an employe of the Western Electric Company, were drowned. The family had depended largely on their earnings, as the husband and the elder son had been out of work for several months. The youngest daughter had been a cripple from childhood, and the wife was in ill health, and was completely prostrated by the tragedy. The Western Electric Company at once gave work to the husband and one son.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$484.28. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$420.

No. 4. (German.) Husband, 51; wife, 47; daughter, 22; daughter, 21; daughter, 18; son, 15; daughter, 12; son, 10; son, 5. Real estate, \$1,950; mortgage, \$1,750.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had been the chief support of the family, as she had been earning more than either

the husband or the son of working age. The husband was ill for two weeks after the disaster, and for a time the family was in a serious situation. The Western Electric Company gave work to the third daughter immediately after the disaster.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$185. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$840.

No. 7. (German.) Husband, 71; wife; son, 25; daughter, 22. Real estate, \$3,200; insurance, \$500.50; mortgage, \$2,000.

A daughter, a wage-earner, was killed. The husband was a cobbler, the wife a cook in a restaurant, and the son a conductor on the Surface Lines. The family was paying for the home. The family accepted aid with reluctance, seeming to think that others were in greater need.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 18. (Polish.) Husband, 50; wife, 48; daughter, 21; daughter, 19; son, 16; daughter, 14; married daughter; son-in-law. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$800.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. She had been the highest paid and the most regularly employed wage-earner in the family. The son and the second daughter were employed and the husband was a teamster. The married daughter and her husband paid board.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$151.70. Eastland Fund gift of \$263 paid to the husband.

No. 19. (Italian.) Husband, 57; wife, 46; son, 27; son, 21; daughter, 18; son, 17; son, 14; son, 13; son, 6.

A son, who had been employed, was killed. The husband, who suffered with a very bad hernia, had not worked for several years. The mother was rheumatic. The eldest son was suspected of being tubercular and had just returned from a trip to the West. The son of 14 had a bad school record for truancy. The second son was the only member of the family who was regularly employed after the accident. A plan was finally worked out whereby, on advice of the school authorities, a working certificate was obtained for the son of 14 and he was put to work. The father said he would open a small store with the money from the fund.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$630.

No. 24. (German.) Husband, 63; wife, 53; son, 23; daughter, 21.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The family was in comfortable circumstances, as the husband and son both had good positions and there were no small children.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$190. Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 25. (German.) Husband, 69; wife, 64; son, 20; daughter, 17; daughter, 11; daughter, 10; son, 7; son, 5. Insurance, \$800.

The eldest son, the principal wage-earner of the family, was killed. The husband had been incapacitated for three years, the wife was too infirm to work, and the burden fell chiefly on the girl of 17 at the son's death. The husband was unreliable. At the wife's request it was decided to place the money from the Red Cross with a trust company, to be paid the wife \$25 a month.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$675.

No. 26. (German.) Husband, 49; wife, 49; son, 27; son, 21; daughter, 19; son, 16; son, 12. Insurance, \$132.06.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. She and the husband were the only members of the family who had been working regularly. Two of the sons were immediately given employment by the Western Electric Company, but the older one did not keep his position. The general standard of living in the family seemed to be decidedly plain. There were enough adult members of the family to insure a sufficient income.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$243. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 29. (German.) Husband, 56; wife, 48; son, 27; son, 24; son, 19; daughter, 3. Real estate, \$7,000; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$1,000.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had not been living at home for some time, as he could not agree with his stepmother, but he had been contributing weekly to the family support. The husband was in ill health and had not recently been employed. The other sources of income in the family were the second and third sons, both of whom were employed.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$265.01. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 30. (German.) Husband, 52; wife, 48; daughter, 23; daughter, 20; daughter, 17; son, 14; son, 12; son, 9; son, 7. Insurance, \$257.86.

Two daughters, both wage-earners, one an employe of the Western Electric, were killed. The father had done heavy work for years, and had been planning to give up his place and take another where the work would be lighter. The second daughter was the only member of the family employed immediately after the disaster, but the Western Electric Company took on the eldest son, and the father planned to keep on at heavy work as long as he could since the wages were good.

Emergency relief and \$327.02 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$945.

No. 31. (Italian.) Husband, 45; wife, 35; son, 20; daughter, 10.

The only son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had been the chief support of the family. In addition to his regular employment he made photographs in the park on Sundays, and was in the habit of turning over all his money to his parents. The father earned very small wages as a day laborer.

Emergency relief and \$190 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift, \$850.

No. 40. (Swedish.) Husband, 54; wife, 53; son, 24; son, 19; daughter, 18. Real estate, \$4,500; mortgage, \$2,200.

A daughter was killed. She had gone on the Eastland excursion with her uncle, who escaped and reported the circumstances to the Red Cross. The husband was a tailor, owning a partnership in a fair business. The two sons were also employed as tailors.

Eastland Fund gift of \$150.

No. 41. (Swedish.) Husband, 45; wife, 45; son, 22; daughter, 20; daughter, 18. Real estate, \$1,600; mortgage, \$800.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband was a street car conductor, no longer able to work full time because of kidney disease. The two daughters were employed, and the family income seemed sufficient.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$190. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 42. (Swedish.) Husband, 42; wife, 40; son, 15; daughter, 11.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The family life was practically organized around this son. He was at work for the summer only, as it was the plan to have him graduated from technical high school. The husband and wife were much broken up by the accident, and the wife was sent, on advice of a physician, to the country.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$200. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

No. 46. (German.) Husband, 60; wife, 52; son, 27; son, 25; son, 23; daughter, 18; daughter, 16; daughter, 14; daughter, 12. Real estate, \$2,600; insurance, \$125; mortgage, \$1,900.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The family was very comfortably situated. The husband and the oldest four children earned a sufficient income. The family also had well-to-do relatives who assisted in the emergency. Western Electric gift of \$178.50.

Eastland Fund gift of \$250.

No. 47. (Hungarian.) Husband, 53; wife, 48; son, 21; daughter, 19; son, 17; daughter, 16. Real estate, \$4,000; insurance, \$886.70; mortgage, \$700.

Two daughters, both of whom were wage-earners, were killed. In addition, the family suffered a shock in the loss of the wife's brother, and of her niece and the niece's two children. Husband and wife were both prostrated, and the husband had to stop work for a time. The older son was taken on by the Western Electric Company, where the younger was already employed. Later the husband was able to return to work and the wife to resume the responsibilities of the household.

Benefit of \$180 by the Western Electric Company, and Eastland Fund gift of \$368.

No. 49. (American.) Husband, 46; wife, 40; son, 19; daughter, 16; son, 14; son, 11. Real estate, \$2,500.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The family had been largely dependent on the son's earnings, as the husband was badly crippled by rheumatism. One other child was employed at a small wage. The house was poorly constructed and much in need of repairs.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$195. Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

No. 50. (Bohemian.) Husband, 45; wife, 42; son, 20; son, 8; daughter, 5; daughter, 2. Real estate, \$3,000; mortgage, \$150.

A son, the only child of the wife by a former marriage, was killed. He was employed and was the family's chief support, as the husband suffered with a very bad hernia, which interfered with his work as a brick-layer. The family owned some land in Florida and had long planned to go there and live.

Emergency relief and medical advice by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$788.

No. 51. (German.) Husband; wife; daughter, 25; daughter, 23; daughter, 20; daughter, 19; son, 14; daughter, 8; niece, 20. Real estate, \$7,000; insurance, \$96.30; mortgage, \$6,000.

One daughter was killed and another injured. Both had been employed by the Western Electric Company. The injured daughter was unable to work for several weeks, and the mother had to be taken to a hospital because of the shock. The family had bought an attractive flat building and was paying for it with the help of the earnings of four children and the niece. The family did not wish any aid until the final settlement.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$265.01. Eastland Fund gift of \$315.

No. 53. (German.) Husband, 53; wife, 52; son, 24; son, 21; son, 16. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$1,000.

One son, a wage-earner, was killed. The husband and two other sons were employed. The family had an attractive home, and made no application for assistance.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 54. (American.) Husband, 46; wife, 41; son, 25; son, 18; daughter, 14. Real estate, \$5,000; mortgage, \$300.

One son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. Another son and a son-in-law were also on the Eastland, but were saved. The husband suffered with Bright's disease, and worked only part of the time. With the help of the two sons he had been paying for the home.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$510.43. Eastland Fund gift of \$210.

No. 62. (Irish.) Husband; wife; son, 23; daughter, 23. Insurance, \$1,000.

The son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband earned good wages, but the wife had been under a doctor's care for three years, and the daughter had been able to go to work only a short time before the accident. The shock caused a return of the wife's ill health, and the daughter had to give up her work. The family planned to move to a cheaper flat.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$237.50. Eastland Fund gift of \$260 to the husband.

No. 66. (American.) Husband, 66; wife, 65; daughter, 39; daughter, 37; son, 23. Insurance, \$1,000.

The son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The father was working part time at small wages, the second daughter was earning but \$9 a week, and the elder daughter was unemployed. Some assistance was expected from a married son. The family standard of living was very plain.

Emergency relief and \$300 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$420.

No. 67. (German.) Husband, 48; wife, 48; daughter, 18; son, 15; daughter, 12; daughter, 4. Real estate, \$1,200; insurance, \$100; debts, \$300.

The eldest daughter, a wage-earner and the main support of the family, was killed. The wife had been in poor health for fifteen years and at constant expense for doctors and medicines, and the husband had been out of work for a long time until just before the accident. In spite of these drawbacks, they had just finished paying for a four-room cottage.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$680.

No. 68. (German.) Husband, 58; wife, 47; daughter, 28; daughter, 19; son, 14; daughter, 12. Real estate, \$4,000; insurance, \$500; mortgage, \$1,800.

One daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. She had been married and widowed, and had returned to live with her parents, paying her board. The father was a carpenter making good wages, the second daughter was employed, and there was additional income from rents.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$216.95. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 77. (German Polish.) Husband, 74; wife, 60; daughter, 24; daughter, 20. Insurance, \$270.10.

One daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed, and the younger daughter severely injured. The two had been the sole support of their parents, since the husband had for years been unable to work by reason of illness and age. The younger daughter was in hospital for some time on account of her injuries and the shock.

Emergency relief and \$177.50 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$755.

No. 78. (German.) Husband; wife; son, 19; daughter, 14; daughter, 12; son, 9; daughter, 6. Insurance, \$1,000.

A son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. He had been the principal wage-earner of the family because the husband was incompetent and unreliable by reason of drink. After the disaster the husband became so abusive toward the family that the wife appealed to the Red Cross, and was advised what action to take. At the wife's request, she received \$100 outright from the Eastland Fund gift, the balance to be paid in installments of \$45 a month.

Emergency relief and \$225 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and \$910 Eastland Fund gift.

No. 83. (English.) Husband, 53; wife, 50; son, 25; daughter, 22; daughter, 12. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$150; mortgage, \$1,300.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had been giving her entire wages to her mother for the family use. The husband was a stone cutter, earning good wages when he had work, which was at very irregular intervals. The son paid board. There was a little income from rent.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$240. Eastland Fund gift of \$315.

No. 85. (Irish.) Husband, 50; wife, 45; daughter, 24; daughter, 22; son, 21; son, 15; son, 12; son, 10; daughter, 5. Insurance, \$256.20.

The son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband was a laborer, crippled in one arm. The family had within a year moved into more expensive quarters and was refurnishing the house, and the grown daughters had both undergone serious operations, so that the loss of the principal wage-earner was most untimely.

Emergency relief and \$210 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$860. father.

No. 86. (American.) Husband; wife; son, 24; daughter, 21; son, 16; married daughter; grandchild.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband had not been regularly employed for several months, the elder son had been injured nine months before and was still drawing sick

benefit, and the married daughter paid only a nominal sum for her board. The younger son was given work by the Western Electric Company after the disaster.

Emergency relief and \$210 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$315.

No. 90. (Bohemian.) Husband, 55; wife, 50; daughter, 26; son, 24; daughter, 21; son, 21; son, 19; son, 18; daughter, 14; daughter, 10.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband, a carpenter, was out of work at the time of the accident. All the children of working age had employment, and were able to pay a stated sum each week toward the family expenses, so that there was no need for emergency relief. They did need help, however, with the funeral expenses.

Benefit of \$262 by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 91. (Bohemian.) Husband, 48; wife, 45; daughter, 24; daughter, 20; daughter, 15; son, 13. Real estate, \$1,500.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband worked irregularly, and the youngest daughter had been ill and unable to work for some time before the accident. The only reliable income the family had was the wages of the two employed daughters. The family owned the small frame house in which they lived.

Benefit of \$251 by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$420.

No. 92. (Bohemian.) Husband, 61; wife, 60; daughter, 27; daughter, 25; son, 23; son, 21; son, 20; daughter, 20. Real estate, \$5,000; insurance, \$250; mortgage, \$3,000.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric company, was drowned. The husband was a carpenter, employed but irregularly. The eldest daughter assisted the wife in the home work, and all the other children were wage-earners. The family owned the building in which they lived, but it was heavily mortgaged. They needed help with the funeral expense, but no emergency relief.

Benefit of \$194 by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 93. (German.) Husband; wife; son, 35; daughter, 30; daughter, 20; daughter, 18; daughter, 17; son, 14; son, 12. Real estate, \$2,800; insurance, \$264; mortgage, \$1,200.

A daughter, a wage-earner, was killed. The husband and the eldest son were bricklayers, but working irregularly. All the other children of working age had employment. The family owned the house in which they lived, but it was under heavy mortgage. There was no need for immediate assistance other than with the funeral expenses.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 104. (German.) Husband, 71; wife, 62; daughter, 29; son, 24; daughter, 23; daughter, 21; daughter, 18. Real estate, \$1,800; insurance, \$132; mortgage, \$500.

One daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company and the largest wage-earner of the family, was drowned. The father was able to work very little and, at the time of the disaster, the son was out of employment, but the other daughters were working regularly and contributing to the support of the family. They needed no immediate assistance, except with the funeral expenses.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$190. Eastland Fund gift of \$300.

No. 158. (Dutch.) Husband, 48; wife, 46; daughter, 26; daughter, 25; son, 22; son, 12; daughter, 1. Real estate, \$3,500; insurance, \$300.

Two daughters, both employes of the Western Electric Company, were drowned. The husband was a plasterer, whose work was unsteady and income uncertain, but the two daughters brought in a steady wage of \$23 a week together. After the disaster the family's sole steady wage earner was the elder son.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$266. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 110. (American.) Husband; wife; daughter, 22; son, 12; son-in-law; daughter; grandchild. Insurance, \$517.

A daughter, employed in a department store, was drowned. A married daughter and her family were living with the family and paying board. The husband was employed and earning a fair salary.

Emergency relief was given by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift of \$220.

No. 113. (Bohemian.) Husband, 53; wife, 51; daughter, 20; daughter, 16; daughter, 15; son, 11. Real estate, \$1,400.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, and a young son, were drowned. The daughter had been the only reliable source of income for the family, as the father worked but irregularly and the two other daughters earned very small salaries. The family owned, clear of incumbrance, the house in which they lived.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$355. Eastland Fund gift of \$368.

No. 116. (German.) Husband, 51; wife, 46; daughter, 25; son, 24. Real estate, \$7,500; insurance, \$100; mortgage, \$4,000.

The son, employed by the Western Electric Company at \$25 a week, was drowned. The husband was working at a comfortable salary. The daughter had been employed, but after the disaster, she had to give up her position to care for the mother, whose health failed. The family owned a two-apartment building which brought an income of \$40, though it was heavily mortgaged.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$200. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 119. (English.) Husband, 45; wife, 33; son, 18; son, 9; daughter, 7. Insurance, \$255.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. He had been the family's principal support, since the husband, a machinist, had not had steady work for more than a year. Several old bills remained unpaid, and the disaster left them in financial straits.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company, \$185. Emergency relief by Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift of \$680.

No. 127. (Hungarian.) Husband, 47; wife, 44; son, 18; son, 16; daughter, 12; daughter, 8; daughter, 6. Insurance, \$232.

A son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband was a stone cutter, making good wages in the summer, but with little work in the winter, when the family depended chiefly on the earnings of the older son. The younger son had just begun to work, and earned but little.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company and the Bohemian Charitable association, \$152. Eastland Fund gift of \$788.

No. 133. (Bohemian.) Husband, 55; wife, 52; daughter, 20; son, 16. Real estate, \$1,800; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$1,000.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The father had built, with his own hands, their very attractive home. He was a wood grainer, and did not have steady work, the family depending largely on the daughter's earnings. The young son had just started to work. There were three married sons, unable to assist the family.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$200. Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

No. 136. (German.) Husband; wife; son, 25; daughter, 19; daughter, 15; daughter, 12; son, 9; son, 7; son, 5; son, 3; daughter, 7 months. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$499; mortgage, \$1,000.

One daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, earning a salary of \$10 a week, was drowned. She had been giving her mother \$8 a week from her salary, and the loss of even this sum was a serious matter in so large a family. The husband was a railroad man, earning \$100 a month, but he was making payments of \$30 a month on the home, and was forced to practice rigid economy to provide food and clothing.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$205. Eastland Fund gift of \$1,000.

No. 142. (Bohemian.) Husband, 46; wife, 46; daughter, 19; son, 18; daughter, 17; son, 3. Real estate, \$2,400; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$2,000.

A daughter was drowned. She had been employed in a mail order house at \$8 a week. Her wages were important to the family, since the husband was unemployed, and the other daughter was physically unable to work. The older son was employed. After the disaster the husband was given work in a mail order house.

REPORT OF THE RELIEF COMMITTEE

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

No. 145. (Jewish.) Husband; wife; daughter, 16; son, 7; mother. Insurance, \$249.90.

A daughter was killed. She had been married but had never lived with her husband, making her home with her mother and step-father, and earning wages to help in the household expenses. The husband was a car sweeper.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 146. (American.) Husband, 45; wife, 39; daughter, 15; son, 13; son, 8; son, 6; daughter, 2. Debts, \$200.

A daughter, was drowned. She had gone on the Eastland excursion with friends. She was a high school student in the third year, but was really almost the housekeeper, doing much of the cooking and sewing and caring for the younger children. The husband was a city employe at good salary, but on account of sickness had \$200 debts, and no reserve fund to meet the disaster.

Eastland Fund gift of \$473.

No. 148. (American.) Husband, 50; wife, 46; son, 22; son, 21; daughter, 14. Real estate, \$3,200; insurance, \$216; mortgage, \$1,700.

A son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. He was the principal wage earner of the family, as he gave his entire earnings into the family fund, while the husband was working only part time, and the elder son paid board only. The wife earned \$5 a month by renting a room. It was feared, after the disaster, that the family would not be able to keep up the payments on the property they were buying.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$195. Eastland Fund gift of \$315.

No. 151. (German.) Husband, 57; wife, 47; daughter, 24; daughter, 17; daughter, 15; son, 12; daughter, 10; son, 9; daughter, 7. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$746; mortgage, \$2,500.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Her wages were a very important part of the family income, as there were so many small children, and the husband earned only \$18 a week as a foundryman, and the second daughter earned but little. The family was buying the home, which was under a heavy mortgage, and the wife found it extremely difficult to keep up the payments even before the disaster.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$251. Eastland Fund gift of \$995.

No. 152. (Bohemian.) Husband, 56; wife, 52; son, 30; son, 28; son, 28; son, 26; son, 23; daughter, 21; daughter, 19; daughter, 17; daughter, 14. Real estate, \$4,000; insurance, \$516.

Two daughters, both employed by the Western Electric Company, were drowned. Both husband and wife had been married previously, and the four children of the

wife and the five unmarried children of the husband by those previous marriages lived with them. All the children of working age were employed, and the family had a comfortable income, and owned the property unincumbered.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$332. Eastland Fund gift of \$400.

No. 156. (German.) Husband, 58; wife, 47; son, 25; daughter, 21; son, 13.

The daughter was drowned. She had been a wage earner, but the father and the elder son were both working steadily and bringing in a comfortable income. The family had managed to save \$800, and was in no need of emergency aid.

Eastland Fund gift, \$300.

No. 106. (Scotch.) Husband, 55; wife, 53; son, 21; daughter, 24; daughter, 18; son, 13. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$491; mortgage, \$1,000.

Two daughters, one an employe of the Western Electric Company, were drowned. The entire family, except the younger son, had been employed, and had bought the house in which they lived, though it was under heavy mortgage. No emergency aid was required.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$114. Eastland Fund gift of \$368.

No. 162. (German.) Husband, 45; wife, 40; daughter, 20; son, 18; son, 15; daughter, 12; daughter, 10. Insurance, \$132; debts, \$150.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband was a wage earner, but squandered most of his money in drink, and the wages of the daughter were largely depended on to keep the family going. The daughter was paying for new furniture and a piano, and still owed \$150 at the time of the disaster, and there was no reserve fund.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit of \$176. Eastland Fund gift of \$420.

No. 164. (German.) Husband, 53; wife, 50; son, 23; son, 20; son, 18; son, 16; son, 9. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$267; mortgage, \$1,300.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The wife was insane, and the eldest son was the housekeeper. The husband was a musician earning a good salary in the summer, but with little employment in the winter months. The family had borrowed \$400 from a relative and was attempting to buy the home, but for a year had made no payments. The son who was drowned was the only wage earner at the time of the disaster but the Western Electric Company at once gave work to the second son.

Western Electric grant, \$156. Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

No. 166. (Bohemian.) Husband, 45; wife, 44; daughter, 23; son, 21; daughter, 18; daughter, 15; daughter, 13. Real estate, \$3,500; mortgage, \$2,000.

The son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The family was largely dependent upon his earnings, as he turned over all his wages to the household, and was the only steady wage earner. The father and the eldest daughter had worked only part of the time for a year, and the second daughter was out of employment at the time of the disaster.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$190. Eastland Fund gift of \$575.

No. 170. (German.) Husband, 45; wife, 42; son, 17; son, 12; son, 8; daughter, 6; son, 2.

A son was drowned. He was employed, and though he earned but \$10 a week, he turned over all his money to help support the family, and they depended upon him to a large extent. The father had been out of work all winter and there had been a great deal of illness in the family, so that there was no reserve fund.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$1,050.

No. 171. (Italian.) Husband, 44; wife, 42; son, 21; son, 18; daughter, 10.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The father had steady work, but at a small salary, and the family depended largely on the \$14 weekly which the son brought in. The younger son was apprenticed to a machinist. The family planned to move to cheaper quarters and lower the standard of living.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$139.50. Eastland Fund gift of \$400.

No. 173. (Bohemian.) Husband, 45; wife, 46; daughter, 20; daughter, 19; daughter, 16; son, 14; son, 12; daughter, 9; daughter, 6. Real estate, \$1,800; insurance, \$128; mortgage, \$200.

A daughter was drowned. The father was an employe of the Western Electric Company at \$16 a week; she had earned \$9 a week from a mail order house. She was the only child who could be depended on to give any material help with the family expenses, though all the children of working age were employed. The eldest daughter was about to be married, and the family would of course lose whatever she had been contributing to the income.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit of \$223.75. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$575.

No. 175. (Bohemian.) Husband, 45; wife, 42; son, 18; son, 16; son, 15; son, 12; daughter, 10; daughter, 3. Real estate, \$4,500; mortgage, \$1,900.

The eldest son of of a large family, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband, a painter, had been out of work for a long time, and the son was the only wage earner in the family. He brought them \$11 each week. The family owned the building in which they lived, and had an income of \$21 a month from rent, but the property was mortgaged.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit of \$230. Eastland Fund gift of \$315.

No. 178. (Polish.) Husband, 46; wife, 54; son, 21; daughter, 19; daughter, 18; daughter, 14; daughter, 12; daughter, 10; son, 8; son, 5; son, 20; son, 17; daughter, 14. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$110; debts, \$600.

A daughter was drowned. She was not a Western Electric Company employe, but her eldest brother and eldest sister were. Both husband and wife had children by previous marriages, and had been married but a year. The eight children first mentioned were the husband's and the three last mentioned the wife's. Soon after the disaster the family separated, the husband and his seven children moving away. He was a heavy drinker, and working only part of the time, so that the eldest two children were practically at the head of the house. The wife and her three children remained in the home, which she owned. The insurance money went to the eldest brother of the victim, and the money from the Red Cross to an administrator for the younger children.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, \$216.74; Red Cross emergency relief and Eastland Fund gift, \$858.

No. 179. (Jewish.) Husband, 58; wife, 45; son, 26; son, 20; daughter, 17; daughter, 17; son, 14. Insurance, \$1,000; debts, \$150.

The eldest son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. He had been working steadily and gave \$10 each week toward the household expenses. All the children of working age were employed, but they were paying for new furniture, and there was no reserve fund on hand.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$142. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 185. (German.) Husband, 56; wife, 55; son, 34; daughter, 29; daughter, 19; son, 15; grandchild. Real estate, \$4,000; insurance, \$186; mortgage, \$2,850.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had not been living at home, and the family was in no way dependent on her earnings. The family owned the home, though it was still under mortgage, and the income of the family was entirely sufficient for its needs. The only aid requested was with the funeral expenses.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$215. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 186. (Bohemian.) Husband, 44; wife, 42; son, 23; son, 21; daughter, 17; son, 16; son, 13; daughter, 9. Real estate, \$9,000; mortgage, \$3,400.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, at a salary of \$14.50 a week, was drowned. He was the one to whom the family looked for a steady income. The husband earned \$13.50 a week, and the eldest son had been paying only \$5 a week for his board, and expected to be married soon when even that income would stop. The daughter was not working, and the 16-year-old son earned but \$25 a month. The family owned the flat building in which they lived, and received \$44 a month rent, but the property was still mortgaged.

Western Electric benefit, \$200. Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 193. (Polish.) Husband, 45; wife, 40; son, 20; daughter, 18; son, 17; daughter, 15; son, 12; daughter, 12. Real estate, \$5,500; insurance, \$991.74; mortgage, \$5,000.

A young man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband and three other children were also wage earners, and the family had a comfortable income, but they had just sent this son to business college and given him special advantages, and were counting a great deal on his help. Also they had just bought the home and had begun to pay for it, and had a heavy mortgage to lift.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit of \$200. Eastland Fund gift of \$315.

No. 196. (German.) Husband, 51; wife, 52; daughter, 23; son, 22; son, 21; son, 19. Real estate, \$5,000; insurance, \$268.44; mortgage, \$3,000.

A young man, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The entire family was very enterprising and ambitious, and every member except the wife was employed at fair wages. They owned the home, although it was still rather heavily mortgaged.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$190. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 205. (Norwegian.) Husband, 59; wife, 55; daughter, 30; daughter, 29; daughter, 27; son, 23; son, 21. Real estate, \$4,400; insurance, \$158; mortgage, \$4,000.

A daughter was killed, and the mother had to be taken to a hospital until she recovered from the shock. The father was employed, and four of the children were living at home and paying board. The family owned the home, but it was under mortgage to almost its entire value. The death of the daughter made no material difference in the family standard of living.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200 paid the father.

No. 206. (German.) Husband, 50; wife, 50; son, 25; daughter, 22; daughter, 19; son, 16; daughter, 13; son, 11. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$150.10.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The family lived in a suburban town in a property inherited by the husband from his people. The wife had assumed the responsibility of the head of the house, as the husband was a drinker. After the disaster there were still in the home five wage earners, so that the family had a good income.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$172.25. Eastland Fund gift of \$420 paid the mother.

No. 207. (Polish.) Husband, 55; wife, 46; son, 21; daughter, 14.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. He had been an important factor in the family, for the husband earned but small wages. The family had some debts, but refused emergency aid.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$100. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 212. (German.) Husband, 50; wife, 49; son, 24; daughter, 21; son, 19. Real estate, \$2,750; insurance, \$129.25; mortgage, \$1,000.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband was in an advanced stage of tuberculosis, and very feeble. The younger son was employed by the Western Electric Company, but the wife was afraid that even with his assistance they would find it difficult to complete the payments on the home.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company and benefit of \$339.60. Eastland Fund gift of \$365.

No. 215. (Polish.) Husband, 60; wife, 53; son, 30; son, 26; daughter, 21; son, 19; daughter, 17; son, 13; son, 10. Real estate, \$3,500; insurance, \$636.85; mortgage, \$2,200.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband had suffered an injury to his back ten years before, and since that time had been unable to work. After the disaster there were still in the family four children of working age. The eldest son, however, had a record as a drinker, and contributed very little to the support of the family, and the third son was out of work. The family owned the home, but it was heavily mortgaged.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit of \$152.50. Eastland Fund gift of \$420.

No. 217. (Polish.) Husband, 51; wife, 48; daughter, 22; son, 19; daughter, 18; daughter, 12; son, 7; grandmother. Real estate, \$2,000; mortgage, \$1,500.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband and two other children were employed, and there was some income from rents, so that the family needed no emergency assistance. They owned the property, though it was still under a heavy mortgage.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$194. Eastland Fund gift, \$368.

No. 220. (German.) Husband, 60; wife, 55; son, 26; daughter, 24; daughter, 22; son, 19; son, 13; daughter, 9. Real estate, \$1,800; insurance, \$129; mortgage, \$1,100.

A son was drowned. He had formerly been employed by the Western Electric Company, but had given up his position to help his father with a small milk business. That had to be given up because of the wife's ill health, and he was to have returned to the employ of the Western Electric Company on July 26 (two days after the disaster). The father was earning \$60 as a switchman, the eldest daughter was ill, and the second daughter had to remain at home and keep house in her mother's illness. The eldest son was out of work. This left the whole family dependent on the earnings of the husband.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

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No. 224. (English.) Husband, 50; wife, 50; daughter, 22; daughter, 20; daughter, 18; son, 14; daughter, 12. Real estate, \$2,000; insurance, \$132; mortgage, \$1,200; debts, \$200.

One daughter was drowned. She had been employed at a salary of \$30 a month. The husband, a steam fitter, had been out of work most of the time for two years because of strikes, and the eldest three children had earned most of the living. The family owned the property in which they lived, but it was under heavy mortgage. Also, since the husband had been so long out of work, debts of \$200 had accumulated. The family required no emergency aid. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 231. (Norwegian.) Husband, 57; wife, 49; son, 26; daughter, 23; son, 21; son, 20; daughter, 18; son, 10.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. All the family of working age were employed except the elder daughter, who was studying music. The family had a comfortable living, but had not accumulated any reserve fund. The loss of the son would not make any great difference in the standard of living.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$190. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 232. (German.) Husband, 48; wife, 44; son, 23; daughter, 21; daughter, 20; son, 18; daughter, 16; son, 12; daughter, 10. Real estate, \$1,600; mortgage, \$500.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had been earning \$10 a week, and all the children of working age were wage earners except the second son, who was out of employment. The family owned the flat building where they lived, and received \$10 a month from the rent of the first floor.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit of \$291. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 234. (German.) Husband, 46; wife, 43; son, 22; daughter, 19; son, 17.

The only daughter was injured in the disaster, and died after lingering for months. The elder son, already tubercular, suffered from injury and shock, and a year afterward was still unable to work. The wife took in washing to supplement the husband's wages and help meet the expenses.

Eastland Fund gift, \$300.

No. 239. (Bohemian.) Husband, 52; wife, 52; son, 22; daughter, 20; son, 18. Real estate, \$7,000; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$2,000.

A son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The family was entirely dependent on the earnings of the three children, as the husband had been in poor health and unable to work for two years previous to the disaster. They had bought their home, though it was still under mortgage, and received \$45 a month from the rent of one flat. The funeral expenses were borne by the Bohemian Charitable association.

Western Electric gift, \$200. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 240. (German.) Husband, 52; wife, 50; son, 22; daughter, 19; daughter, 18; daughter, 15; daughter, 12; daughter, 11; daughter, 8; son, 3. Real estate, \$9,000; mortgage, \$5,000.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The family was not at all dependent on her earnings as the husband owned and conducted a cigar factory, and owned other real estate, though it was rather heavily mortgaged.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$175. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 241. (German.) Husband, 47; wife, 47; son, 25; son, 22; son, 19; daughter, 8. Insurance, \$135.

A son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. At the time of the disaster the eldest son was not working, but the husband was a saloonkeeper, and apparently the family was not in need of much assistance.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$195. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 242. (Bohemian.) Husband, 49; wife, 45; daughter, 19; son, 15. Real estate, \$4,500; mortgage, \$1,800.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The family at that time depended largely on the daughter's earnings of \$10 a week as the husband, a carpenter, had been out of work for a long time. The family owned the home and received \$10 a month rent from the first floor flat, but there was still a mortgage on the property.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200. Eastland Fund gift, \$263.

No. 243. (American.) Husband, 50; wife, 40; son, 21; daughter, 9; son, 7. Insurance, \$261.

The son was killed. He was a railroad employe, and the family had for several months been entirely dependent on his earnings, as the husband, a carpenter, had been out of employment. The wife aided a little by the sale of bakery goods. Work was found for the husband after the disaster.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$420.

No. 254. (Swedish.) Husband, 53; wife, 50; daughter, 31; son, 27; son, 23; daughter, 21; daughter, 15. Real estate, \$2,350; mortgage, 1,000.

A son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The family depended to a great extent on his earnings, for the father was very frail, and did most of his work as coat maker in the home, and the eldest daughter was in poor health and had been unable to work for more than a year. The youngest daughter was in school, and the two other children were employed.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$60. Eastland Fund gift, \$210.

No. 255. (German.) Husband, 45; wife, 42; daughter, 24; son, 23; daughter, 22; son, 21. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$135; mortgage, \$2,800.

A son, a wage earner, was killed. The wife had, some months before the disaster, lost her sight, and it had been planned that the son should give up his position and remain at home to care for her. The family had but recently bought the home, which was almost entirely covered by a mortgage, and the expense of the wife's medical treatment had not yet been met, so that there was no reserve fund.

Eastland Fund gift of \$420.

No. 258. (Bohemian.) Husband, 46; wife, 43; son, 20; daughter, 17; daughter, 15; son, 10. Real estate, \$2,800; mortgage, \$1,000.

A daughter, a wage earner, was drowned, and a son, an employe of the Western Electric company, escaped with difficulty. The family had bought the home, and the earnings of both husband and son were devoted to meeting the payments. The family standard of living was good, and there was hesitancy about accepting any aid at all.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$142.50. Eastland Fund gift of \$315.

No. 260. (Bohemian.) Husband, 48; wife, 40; daughter, 19; son, 17; daughter, 14; son, 12; son, 3.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. Her earnings were important to the family by reason of much illness. The husband, a blacksmith, had heart disease and was able to work only four hours a day. Two members of the family had undergone operations not yet paid for, and the youngest daughter suffered a crushed hand at her work in a department store.

Emergency relief and \$210 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$630.

No. 262. (English.) Husband, 56; wife, 53; daughter, 22; son, 17; son, 11; son, 6.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Her wages were an important item, for the husband, a carpenter, had worked irregularly, and the daughter was the only other wage earner. The shock affected the mother's health severely. After the disaster the Western Electric Company took on the eldest son.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company and benefit of \$94. Eastland Fund gift of \$735.

No. 266. (Irish.) Husband, 45; wife, 41; son, 21; son, 18; son, 16; son, 14; son, 12; daughter, 9; son, 8; father; mother. Insurance, \$1,000.

A son 21 years old, the eldest of seven children, was killed. He was a wage-earner, and his help would be missed by the family, as the parents of the wife lived with her, and were entirely dependent. The family seemed

quite enterprising and independent, and averse to accepting any aid whatever. At first the husband said that they would not allow the Red Cross to aid him, but when the funeral and other expenses were so much heavier than he had expected, and he realized the loss of the son's earnings, he accepted.

Eastland Fund gift of \$210.

No. 267. (Polish.) Husband, 57; wife, 43; daughter, 21; son, 20; daughter, 17; daughter, 15; son, 13; daughter, 11; daughter, 8; daughter, 5; son, 2. Real estate, \$2,000; insurance, \$950; mortgage, \$500.

Two daughters, both employed by the Western Electric Company, were drowned. The eldest son was also an employe of the company, and lived at home, but he refused to help with the family expenses further than to pay his board. The husband was a railroad laborer, crippled with rheumatism, and with only irregular work at best. The disaster left the large family with only two wage-earners, though the third daughter hoped to get a position soon, and help with the expenses. The family owned the home except for a small mortgage, and this was held by the wife's sister, and she would not press for payments.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company, and benefit of \$455.91. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$840.

No. 271. (Bohemian.) Husband, 52; wife, 50; son, 21; daughter, 19. Real estate, \$4,000; mortgage, \$1,400.

The daughter, the chief wage-earner in the family, was drowned. The husband was out of work because of a fire in the factory where he had been employed. The son was an apprentice earning but a small wage, and the wife's sight was failing so that she could no longer help with needlework. The family owned the home, though it was mortgaged.

Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 277. (Bohemian.) Husband, 41; wife, 35; daughter, 18; daughter, 16; son, 13. Real estate, \$6,000; mortgage, \$5,000.

Two daughters, both employed by the Western Electric Company, were drowned. The only wage-earner left was the husband, who earned a fair salary. The family had bought the home on the payment plan, and it was still mortgaged for almost its full value.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$266.50. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$840.

No. 279. (Polish.) Husband; wife; daughter, 21; daughter, 17; son, 13; daughter, 11; daughter, 6; daughter, 4. Real estate, \$3,300; mortgage, \$2,200.

Two daughters, the principal wage-earners of a large family, were drowned. The husband was a carpenter, in ill health and not always able to work even when there

was work to be had. The wife was subject to frequent attacks of insanity by reason of a street car accident in which she had been injured four years previous to the disaster. The family owned the home, but it was under heavy mortgage, and they were much afraid that the loss of the daughters' wages would cause them to default in payments and so lose their equity.

Emergency relief by Red Cross, and organization of the family finances, and Eastland Fund gift of \$1,830.

No. 280. (Polish.) Husband, 56; wife, 48; daughter, 22; son, 17; daughter, 12; son, 9; daughter, 7; brother. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$630; mortgage, \$1,200.

The eldest daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, and the only member of the family then employed, was drowned. The wife's brother lived with the family and kept a small grocery, but was able to help very little with the family expenses. The husband had lost an arm in an accident, and it was with the damages collected that he had bought the home. It yielded \$12 a month from rented rooms, but was under mortgage. The Western Electric Company took on the elder son after the accident.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit of \$230. Eastland Fund gift of \$630.

No. 281. (Polish.) Husband, 50; wife, 50; son, 20; daughter, 19; son, 14; daughter, 12; daughter, 10; daughter, 8. Insurance, \$500.

The eldest daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She and the elder son were the only members of the family employed. The wife and youngest four children were living, rent free, on a piece of land in the suburbs, while the husband and the eldest two children remained in the city to earn the living. The husband was out of work at the time of the disaster.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$175. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$898.

No. 284. (Bohemian.) Husband, 57; wife, 54; son, 24; son, 21. Real estate, \$2,800; insurance, \$500.

The elder son was killed. The husband and the other son were employed at good wages, and the family had a comfortable income. They required no immediate assistance except with the funeral expenses.

Eastland Fund gift of \$300.

No. 288. (Norwegian.) Husband, 50; wife, 53; son, 23; son, 20; daughter, 16; daughter, 16; daughter, 10. Insurance, \$500.

One son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, and at the time the only child employed, was killed. The husband earned only \$12 a week, the wife was in poor health, and the elder son had been ill a long time with blood poisoning. Owing to these misfortunes, the family was without any reserve fund.

Emergency relief and \$172 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$420.

No. 289. (Swedish.) Husband, 60; wife, 56; son, 24; daughter, 22; daughter, 17. Insurance, \$1,200.

The only son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The father and the elder daughter were working, but the son was the largest wage-earner, and the family depended largely on him. The wife and the youngest daughter were both in poor health.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$474. Eastland Fund gift of \$210.

No. 294. (Polish.) Husband, 45; wife, 40; daughter, 18; son, 17; son, 11; daughter, 9; son, 7; daughter, 4; son, 4; son, 1. Real estate, \$3,400; insurance, \$225; mortgage, \$2,700.

The eldest child, a daughter of 18, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She was the only child employed, and as the father earned only an uncertain wage as a teamster, the family depended very largely on the daughter's earnings. Her wages were at best an inadequate support for such a large number of growing children, yet the family had bought the home and was trying to pay off a heavy mortgage. There was an income of \$12 a month from rented rooms. The Western Electric Company at once gave employment to the eldest son.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit of \$180. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$1,260.

No. 295. (German.) Husband, 39; wife, 39; son, 18; daughter, 12; daughter, 4. Real estate, \$1,900; insurance, \$262; mortgage, \$800.

The only son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. He had been turning over his entire earnings to the family fund, to help pay for the home which they had bought. The father was employed and was earning \$20 a week. With this, and the sum received from the Red Cross and the son's employer, he hoped to keep on.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$194. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 297. (Bohemian.) Husband, 45; wife, 44; son, 24; son, 23; daughter, 16. Real estate, \$6,500; mortgage, \$3,500.

The second son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. At the time of the disaster all the family were employed. They had bought the two-apartment building in which they lived, and had an income of \$18 a month from rents. The loss of the son's wages would make some difference in the rate at which the mortgage could be paid, but the family was still in comfortable circumstances.

Western Electric payment, \$194; Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 300. (Bohemian.) Husband, 46; wife, 47; daughter, 22; daughter, 20; daughter, 14; son, 6; father, 75. Real estate, \$2,500; loans, \$1,000.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, and the largest wage-earner of the family, was drowned. The husband was unable to work at all, but all the children of working age were employed. The wife's father also lived with the family, and was entirely dependent on them. The family owned the home, and had an income of \$8 a month from rented rooms.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, \$235. Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift of \$575.

No. 302. (Bohemian.) Husband, 49; wife, 41; daughter, 21; son, 20; son, 13; son, 11. Real estate, \$4,000.

The eldest son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband was rapidly losing his sight and the daughter was not strong enough to do much work, so that the family was largely dependent on the son. They had just finished paying for the home, and had an income of \$15 a month from rented rooms.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200; Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 304. (Polish.) Husband, 46; wife, 41; daughter, 19; daughter, 15; daughter, 12; son, 6. Insurance, \$850.

The eldest daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband and wife were both in poor health, and at the time the family was wholly dependent on the \$10 a week which she earned. With no other income than this, the family was compelled to live most frugally.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200. Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund benefit of \$394.

No. 305. (German-Polish.) Husband, 60; wife, 55; daughter, 24; daughter, 16; daughter, 14. Real estate, \$4,000; mortgage, \$2,000.

The eldest daughter, who had been earning \$7 a week, was killed. The husband and the second daughter were also employed, and the family owned the flat building in which they lived, though under mortgage. They had an income of \$25 a month from the rent of two flats.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift of \$400 was paid the husband.

No. 306. (German.) Husband, 60; wife, 61; daughter, 30; daughter, 28; daughter, 25; daughter, 23; son, 20; son, 16. Real estate, \$3,250; mortgage, \$2,500.

A daughter was drowned. She had gone on the excursion with a sister, who was an employe of the Western Electric Company. The eldest daughter was in poor health and unable to work, but there still remained four wage-earners in the family, all employed. The family owned the home, though there was still a rather heavy mortgage to be met.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$175. Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 311. (German.) Husband, 52; wife, 52; son, 30; son, 28. Insurance, \$1,235.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. At the time the husband was out of work, and the elder son made but an uncertain income from a small candy store.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$160. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 312. (Irish.) Husband, 60; wife, 55; son, 24; daughter, 23; son, 13.

A son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. In addition to his wages of \$16 a week, he was pitcher on the company's team, and on Sundays and holidays pitched for money and added considerably to his earnings. The father, a cab driver, made an uncertain income, and the daughter was in poor health and worked but little.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company and \$150 benefit. Emergency relief by Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 318. (Polish.) Husband, 65; wife, 54; daughter, 21; daughter, 20; daughter; son-in-law; 2 grandchildren. Real estate, \$7,000; mortgage, \$1,000.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband was unable to work by reason of the infirmities of age, and the two daughters earned the only income. The family had, only a few months before, invested all their savings in the home, and there was no reserve fund when the disaster came.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company and benefit of \$205. Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 319. (Polish.) Husband, 63; wife, 44; son, 27; daughter, 22; son, 21; daughter, 19; daughter, 16; son, 9; daughter, 7. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$201; mortgage, \$800.

A daughter, one of the wage-earners of the family, and a little son, were drowned. The wife also was on the boat, but was rescued with minor injuries. The husband was a laborer, and worked only irregularly, but all the children of working age were employed, and the family owned the home almost free of incumbrance. Western Electric payment, \$254.

Eastland Fund gift of \$350 was paid to the husband.

No. 320. (German.) Husband, 48; wife, 45; son, 21; son, 18; daughter, 15; daughter, 12; daughter, 2. Insurance, \$216.20.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband was a tubercular suspect and had not worked much in six years. The eldest three children had given all their wages toward the family's support, and the wife, formerly a Western Electric Company employe, had of late been taking in sewing.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$145. Eastland Fund gift to wife, \$525.

No. 321. (Polish.) Husband, 42; wife, 40; daughter, 21; son, 17; daughter, 1. Real estate, \$7,000; insurance, \$50; mortgage, \$3,500.

A daughter, the only steady wage-earner in the family, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband was a molder, and had been out of work most of the time for a year. The family owned the home, though mortgaged for half its value, and had an income of \$32 a month from rents. The Western Electric Company gave work to the son.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company and benefit of \$214. Eastland Fund gift of \$210.

No. 331. (Bohemian.) Husband, 55; wife, 49; daughter, 22; daughter, 20; daughter, 18; son, 15; son, 12; daughter, 6. Real estate, \$4,000; insurance, \$27; note, \$500.

Two daughters, both employes of the Western Electric Company, were drowned. The eldest daughter was also employed by the firm, and the family depended largely on their earnings. The husband was a teamster, and his work was very irregular. The family owned the home, but there was an outstanding note of \$500 to be met.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company and benefit of \$365. Eastland Fund gift of \$630.

No. 333. (Bohemian.) Husband, 50; wife, 47; daughter, 22; son, 20. Insurance, \$1,000.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband and the son had both been out of employment for several months, and the family was entirely dependent on the earnings of the daughter. The Western Electric Company gave work to the son.

Benefit by Western Electric Company, \$200. Eastland Fund gift, \$210.

No. 336. (Polish.) Husband, 45; wife, 43; daughter, 21; daughter, 20; son, 19; daughter, 16; son, 14; daughter, 8; son-in-law, 21; daughter, 22. Real estate, \$2,200; insurance, \$135.05; mortgage, \$700.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She was working under an assumed name, because she had once resigned her position, and under the rules of the company was not eligible to a position at that time. She was the chief reliance of the family, for she contributed about half the income. The husband, a street laborer, was in poor health, and had been out of work for five months. The combined wages of the second and third of the children was only \$17 a week. The married daughter and her husband were temporarily living at the home, but went to house-keeping on their own account soon after the disaster. The Western Electric Company also gave work to the 16-year-old daughter.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$226. Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 337. (Bohemian.) Husband, 42; wife, 40; daughter, 21; daughter, 20; son, 16. Real estate, \$3,500; mortgage, \$600.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The son was also on the boat, but he escaped without injury. The husband and the second daughter were employed, earning a combined salary of \$22 a week. The family owned the flat building where they lived, and had an income of \$10 a month rent from the second flat.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$339.60. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 338. (Polish.) Husband, 44; wife, 40; son, 17; son, 12; daughter, 10; daughter, 3. Real estate, \$2,000; insurance, \$463; mortgage, \$1,400.

The elder son, a wage-earner, was killed. The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, suffered a complete nervous breakdown from the shock, and was unable to work for several weeks. The family owned the home, but subject to a heavy mortgage.

Emergency relief was given by the Western Electric Company, and benefit of \$157. Eastland Fund gift of \$680.

No. 340. (German.) Husband, 48; wife, 47; daughter, 22; daughter, 20; son, 16. Real estate, \$3,000; mortgage, \$1,000.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband and the son were employed, but the elder daughter was an invalid, requiring constant attention. The family owned the home, though under mortgage.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company, and benefit of \$218. Eastland Fund gift of \$315.

No. 344. (German.) Husband, 54; wife, 47; daughter, 23; son, 21; son, 16; daughter, 14; son, 13. Real estate, \$3,000; mortgage, \$1,900.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Her work by day brought her \$9 a week, and in the evening she was cashier at a moving picture show and earned an additional \$6 weekly. All the other members of the family of working age were employed, and the family owned the home though under a heavy mortgage.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$175. Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 345. (Bohemian.) Husband; wife; son, 21; daughter, 19; daughter, 17; daughter, 15; daughter, 11. Insurance, \$1,267.

The only son in a family of five children, was killed. He was an employe of the Western Electric Company. The husband and all the children of working age were employed, and the family was very comfortably situated.

Western Electric relief, \$194. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 347. (Bohemian.) Husband, 60; wife, 47; daughter, 25; son, 19. Real estate, \$2,400; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$700.

The son, a wage-earner, was killed. The daughter was a cripple, entirely dependent, and the husband earned only \$10 a week. Only two months before the disaster the family had put all their savings into the home, and the death of the son found them with no funds, and with a mortgage to pay.

Eastland Fund gift of \$315.

No. 352. (Polish.) Husband, 48; wife, 44; daughter, 23; daughter, 20; son, 19; son, 14; son, 12; daughter, 7; daughter, 3. Real estate, \$500; insurance, \$140.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Because of the husband's falling health, the family had just moved to a suburb and bought a little plot of ground where the husband might raise vegetables to supply the family. The two daughters kept their positions, and sent the family \$20 to \$25 a month, which was their only income. The death of the daughter cut this in half.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$144.60. Eastland Fund gift, \$800.

No. 353. (Polish.) Husband, 60; wife, 56; son, 30; daughter, 28; daughter, 20; daughter, 13; daughter, 11. Real estate, \$3,050; insurance, \$15; mortgage, \$3,000.

The only son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. At the time the husband and the eldest daughter were out of work, and the family's only source of income was \$8 a week earned by the second daughter. They had bought the home, but lack of work had caused them to fall in arrears with payments, and they faced the danger of losing what they had paid.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company and benefit, \$226. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland gift of \$700.

No. 355. (Polish.) Husband, 51; wife, 51; son, 23; daughter, 22; son, 21; son, 20; son, 19; son, 16; daughter, 13. Real estate, \$8,500; mortgage, \$4,000.

A son was drowned. He had left home when his mother married a second time, and had been living with a married sister. There were no small children, and at the time of the disaster the husband and all the children of working age were employed. The family owned the home, though under mortgage, and was in no way dependent on the son who was drowned. The only assistance required was with the funeral expenses.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 358. (Polish.) Husband, 48; wife, 50; son, 18; son, 13; son, 10; daughter, 7. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$839; mortgage, \$2,000.

The eldest son, the principal wage-earner of the family, was killed. He was employed at the stock yards at \$11 a week, which was the most reliable income the family had. The husband was employed, but was a heavy drinker and could not be depended on to make a steady living for the family. The family owned the home and had an income of \$11 a month from rented rooms, but the property was very heavily mortgaged.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$420 to the wife.

No. 361. (American.) Husband, 36; wife, 34; daughter, 11; son, 9.

A little boy was drowned. The husband, a Western Electric Company employe, was injured when rescuers dragged him through a port hole. The Western Electric Company paid the transportation, and the child's body was taken to New York for burial. On his return the husband was able to work.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$542.10. Eastland Fund gift, \$250.

No. 363. (German.) Husband, 57; wife, 56; daughter, 32; daughter, 22; daughter, 19; daughter, 17; daughter, 14; son, 12; son, 6; daughter, 6.

The eldest daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Two other daughters and the wife were on the boat, and were rescued with great difficulty. The wife was already very frail, and the shock made her very ill, so that she was under a physician's care for some time. The husband was employed, and there were still three wage-earning children.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$190. Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

No. 364. (Polish.) Husband, 57; wife, 49; son, 19; son, 16; son, 13; daughter, 10. Real estate, \$2,700; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$1,000.

The eldest son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband was a railroad employe at a fair salary, there were still two wage-earners in the family, and as there was no ill health and no very small children, they seemed able to go on comfortably. They owned the home.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$186.60. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 365. (Swedish.) Husband, 59; wife, 52; daughter, 25; son, 23; daughter, 18. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$2,000.

The only son, a wage-earner, was killed. The husband held a good position, and the young daughter was employed, so that they felt reluctant to accept help from the Red Cross. But as the elder daughter was delicate and the husband advanced in years, they were uneasy about the future. They owned the home free of incumbrance.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 367. (Polish.) Husband, 44; wife, 40; daughter, 20; son, 20; son, 18; son, 15; son, 13.

The eldest daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The father earned only a laborer's wage, and one of the sons had tuberculosis of the neck glands and was unable to work, so that the daughter had been turning her entire earnings over to the family fund. After the disaster the 15-year-old son was taken from school and put to work.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$205. Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

No. 376. (Polish.) Husband; wife; son, 23; son, 21; son, 19; daughter, 15; sister. Insurance, \$500.

The youngest son, a wage-earner, was killed. The husband had just rented a farm in another state and had gone with all the family except the youngest two children, to live there. The youngest son had assumed full responsibility for the support of the sister. After the disaster the sister went to live with her parents on the farm.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$67.40. Eastland Fund gift, \$203.50.

No. 378. (French.) Mother, 53; son, 32; son, 29; son, 27; son, 21. Insurance, \$89.95.

One son, a wage earner, was killed. The husband was a patient in the state insane asylum, and the mother was dependent on the sons. Two of them had been out of employment for several months. After the disaster the mother planned to go east and live with a married daughter.

Eastland Fund gift, \$400.

No. 380. (Polish.) Husband, 50; wife, 46; daughter, 21; daughter, 20; daughter, 15; daughter, 10; daughter, 6; son, 3.

The eldest daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company and the principal wage earner, was drowned. For fourteen months she and the second daughter had been the sole support of the family of eight. The father was ill and unable to work, and had not had medical treatment even to learn the nature of his illness. He had been a foundry foreman for 18 years.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$225. Emergency relief and medical treatment by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$945.

No. 382. (German.) Husband, 52; wife, 50; son, 19; daughter, 17; son, 13. Real estate, \$3,500; insurance, \$273.90; debt, \$600.

A son and daughter, both employes of the Western Electric Company, were killed. The husband was a hod-carrier, earning fair wages only at intervals. The main support of the family had been the two children who were killed.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$395. Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

No. 384. (Danish.) Husband, 47; wife, 47; son, 22; son, 20; son, 17; son, 12; mother, 67.

A son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. Husband and wife owned a small candy store which made them a comfortable living, and two of the surviving sons were wage earners, so that the family was not in financial straits.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$170.25. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 386. (Swedish.) Husband, 58; wife, 47; son, 23; daughter, 22; son, 18; son, 15. Insurance, \$240.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The family seemed to be quite unstable. The husband had been a heavy drinker, and the wife had for a long time supported the children by taking in washing. Just before the disaster they had moved to the suburbs, but the children came back to the city to work. The wife seemed to concern herself very little about them. After the disaster she developed serious heart disease, and went to live with a married daughter.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$145.50. Eastland Fund gift, \$400.

No. 387. (Bohemian.) Husband, 51; wife, 51; son, 26; daughter, 18; son, 16; married son; family. Real estate, \$2,000; mortgage, \$1,000.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband earned only a laborer's wages when he worked, which was not more than half the time on account of rheumatism. The eldest son was a wanderer and did not help support the family. The married son who, with his family, lived in the house, was not able to pay more than nominal board. The family owned the home, under mortgage to half its value.

Western Electric emergency aid and benefit, \$230. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 388. (Polish.) Husband, 45; wife, 45; daughter, 20; daughter, 16; son, 14; son, 11; daughter, 9; son, 7; son, 4; son, 1.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had been the main support of a family of ten persons for almost a year. The husband, for 25 years with one firm, had been laid off the previous season, and could not find work. Just before the disaster he was put back to work, and one other child had found work to help support the family.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$130.10. Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift of \$1,260.

No. 398. (German.) Husband, 54; wife, 48; daughter, 24; daughter, 22; son, 20; daughter, 16; son, 15; son, 12; daughter, 10; daughter, 8; son, 5. Real estate, \$3,400; insurance, \$629.25; mortgage, \$1,800.

Two daughters, both employed by the Western Electric Company, were drowned. The husband was a common laborer, and worked very irregularly. One son was in

the army, and made no regular contribution to the support of the family. After the disaster there remained only the son of 20 and the daughter of 16 to add to the father's scanty earnings and support the large family of dependents.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$500.45. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,050.

No. 401. (Scotch.) Husband, 48; wife, 50; daughter, 25; daughter, 18; son, 15; son, 12. Insurance, \$1,071.40.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother was greatly affected by the loss, and the eldest daughter, an invalid, had to be sent to the country after the disaster. The husband was an employe of the city, a dependable man earning good wages, and was able to assume the full support of the family.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$200. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 403. (Jewish.) Husband, 50; wife, 40; son, 22; daughter, 18; son, 15; daughter, 8. Real estate, \$11,000; mortgage, \$9,500.

The elder son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband was a diabetic with no hope of recovery, and earned but \$6 a week. The elder daughter was employed, and the younger son was willing to go to work if necessary. They owned the home, but it was mortgaged to almost its full value.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$414.91. Eastland Fund gift of \$815.

No. 404. (Bohemian.) Husband, 48; wife, 45; son, 21; son, 18; son, 16; daughter, 13; daughter, 10; son, 7. Real estate, \$6,000; debts, \$400.

The eldest son of a family of six children, a wage earner, was killed. The father had been a cripple since he fell from a wagon fifteen years before, and immediately after the disaster he had to be taken to a hospital for a third operation. The family owned and operated a bakery which brought them a comfortable living, and in spite of the misfortunes, were quite hopeful of the future.

Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

No. 407. (Bohemian.) Husband, 51; wife, 50; daughter, 24; daughter, 22; daughter, 17; son, 14; daughter, 12; son, 10; son, 5; mother. Real estate, \$2,800; debts, \$500.

The eldest daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband was a railroad laborer, and immediately after the disaster he suffered an injury and was confined to his bed for some time. The remaining wage earners were three children, and a married son who owned a grocery where the family could get supplies on credit. Also there was a small income from rents from other rooms in the home, and the family did not seem in serious financial straits.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$198. Eastland Fund gift, \$680.

No. 410. (Bohemian.) Husband, 44; wife, 40; daughter, 18; son, 17; son, 14; father; mother. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$120; mortgage, \$1,100.

A daughter, a wage earner, was drowned. The husband was a tailor, employed by the same firm for which the daughter worked, and earned a fair wage. The elder son was also a wage earner, and the family lived very comfortably. The old father and mother lived in a separate apartment, but were entirely dependent on the family earnings. The family owned the flat building in which they lived, but it was under mortgage.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 411. (Bohemian.) Husband, 48; wife, 48; daughter, 22; daughter, 20; son, 18; daughter, 16; son, 12; daughter, 11. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$100; mortgage, \$1,200.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric company, was drowned. She had been the principal wage earner of the family, and earned the highest pay. The husband was a glazier, working regularly only in certain seasons. The elder daughter contributed only her board, and expected to be married soon. The elder son earned only \$7 a week. Soon after the disaster the wife had to undergo an operation for appendicitis which seemed likely to take most of the money granted the family.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$229. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 413. (Bohemian.) Husband, 70; wife, 60; daughter, 20; son, 19. Real estate, \$2,500; mortgage, \$1,600.

The only daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The family was largely dependent on her earnings, for the husband was working only part of the time, and the son had no work. The Western Electric Company took the son on at \$10 a week.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company, and benefit, \$210. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$503.

No. 420. (Irish.) Husband, 40; wife, 40; daughter, 21; daughter, 19; daughter, 14; daughter, 9. Insurance, \$255.

The eldest daughter, a wage earner, was drowned. The wife, who was soon to become a mother again, was also on the boat and was injured. The husband had been out of work for weeks, and the family still owed bills incurred in the loss of a child the previous year, and was behind with the rent.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$147. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$426.

No. 423. (Irish.) Husband, 50; wife, 46; son, 28; son, 18; son, 16; daughter, 13; daughter, 10. Real estate, \$10,000; mortgage, \$1,600.

A young man, a wage earner, was killed. The husband and both the surviving sons were employed, and

as they had an income of \$120 a month from rentals, they were very comfortably situated as to finances.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 424. (Polish.) Husband, 63; wife, 52; son, 30; son, 22; daughter, 18; son, 14. Real estate, \$6,000; insurance, \$1,000.

The eldest son, employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. His earnings had been the chief dependence of the family, for the husband was unable to work and had earned nothing for years, and the second son paid only his board. The family owned the home clear of incumbrance, and had \$10 monthly income from rents.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$930.74. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 430. (American.) Husband, 50; wife, 45; son, 22; son, 20. Real estate, \$8,000.

The elder son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband and other son were both employed, and the family owned the home and had some savings in the bank.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$150. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 431. (German.) Husband, 62; wife, 55; daughter, 22; daughter, 18.

A daughter, a wage earner, was drowned. The father had almost lost his sight and was not working, so that after the disaster the family was dependent on the \$9 a week earned by the elder daughter, who was delicate.

Emergency relief by decedent's fellow employes of the C. M. & St. P. R. R. Co., \$68. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$755.

No. 433. (German.) Husband, 51; wife, 40; daughter, 21; daughter, 16; daughter, 11; son, 9. Real estate, \$2,500; mortgage, \$1,000.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had been the principal wage earner of the family, for she earned \$12 a week while the husband and the second daughter together brought in but \$15 a week.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and \$221 benefit. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$704.

No. 434. (German.) Husband, 59; wife, 55; daughter, 25; son, 24; son, 23; daughter, 22; son, 21; daughter, 18; daughter, 17; daughter, 15; daughter, 13. Real estate, \$2,500; mortgage, \$1,000.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Two other children were on the boat but escaped. The father, formerly a miner in Pennsylvania, was a sufferer from miner's asthma, and had been unable to work for five years previous to the disaster. All the children of working age were employed and the family owned their home and lived comfortably.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$208.23. Eastland Fund gift, \$262.

No. 439. (German.) Husband, 50; wife, 49; daughter, 18; son, 9.

The only daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The family depended entirely on her earnings of \$8 a week, as the husband had worked very irregularly in the winter, and just then was unemployed.

Emergency relief and employment for the husband by the Western Electric Company, and \$223 benefit. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 441. (German.) Husband, 50; wife, 45; son, 21; daughter, 19; daughter, 17; son, 16; son, 14; son, 9; son, 5. Real estate, \$2,400; insurance, \$1,116; mortgage, \$1,500.

The eldest son was drowned. Survivors said that he saved three persons from the water before he became exhausted and sank in the river. He had not been employed, but the husband and the other children of working age were all wage-earners, so that they were not dependent on him.

Eastland Fund gift of \$315.

No. 444. (Welsh.) Husband, 40; wife, 38; daughter, 18; son, 16; daughter, 14; son, 8; son, 1. Insurance, \$1,224; debts, \$300.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She was the only child employed, and her wages were an important item, for the husband did not earn enough to keep so large a family comfortably. In spite of the earnings of both, the family was \$300 in debt at the time of the disaster.

Western Electric Company, employment for the eldest son, and \$145 benefit. Eastland Fund gift, \$210.

No. 445. (German.) Husband, 42; wife, 39; daughter, 20; son, 17; son, 15. Insurance, \$222.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband was ill and unable to work, and the family was dependent on the earnings of the son and the daughter.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit, \$152.80. Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

No. 449. (Bohemian.) Husband, 51; wife, 53; son, 26; daughter, 24; daughter, 21; daughter, 19. Real estate, \$5,500; mortgage, \$3,000.

Two daughters, both employed by the Western Electric Company, were drowned. Their combined salaries had been \$20 a week. The husband and son had also been employed, bringing in \$27 a week. The youngest daughter had to remain at home and care for the wife, who was an invalid. The family owned the home, though under mortgage, and had an income of \$15 from rents.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$332.50. Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

No. 450. (German.) Husband, 55; wife, 53; son, 23; son, 21; daughter, 20; daughter, 17. Real estate, \$3,300; insurance, \$167; mortgage, \$3,000.

The youngest daughter was drowned. She had never been of rugged health and had never been employed. The eldest son had joined the army and gave the family no assistance. The wage-earners were the husband and the two remaining sons. The family had just moved into the neighborhood, and the daughter had gone on the boat excursion with some new friends from the Western Electric plant.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 455. (Polish.) Husband, 50; wife, 40; son, 20; daughter, 18. Real estate, \$1,250.

The only daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. All through the preceding winter the husband and the son had been without work, and she had been the family's sole support. Just before the disaster they had found work, and the family had a comfortable income. They owned the home.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$137.60. Eastland Fund gift, \$210.

No. 456. (Bohemian.) Husband, 50; wife, 46; son, 23; son, 22; son, 18; son, 13. Real estate, \$5,000; insurance, \$1,266.60; mortgage, \$3,200.

A son, who had been a wage-earner, was killed. The father was a tailor, but was diabetic beyond hope of a cure, and also was crippled in one hand. The eldest son, a mechanic, was out of work. The second son, formerly a professional boxer, was earning nothing. The Red Cross had physicians attend the husband, but they could promise no improvement in his condition.

Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 458. (Swedish.) Husband, 56; wife, 53; son, 24; son, 20; son, 16; daughter, 14; daughter, 10. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$500.

The eldest son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband and the two remaining sons were also employed, and another son was married and living on a farm. By thrift the family had bought their home, and also assisted the parents of the wife in Sweden.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$163. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 461. (Bohemian.) Husband, 64; wife, 58; daughter, 23; daughter, 21; son, 20; son-in-law; daughter; two grandchildren. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$600; mortgage, \$1,700.

The eldest daughter, one of three wage-earners in a very large family, was drowned. The second daughter was injured at the same time, and for a while was compelled to give up her work, so that only the son was bringing in any money. The husband had suffered a sun-stroke a year before and was unable to work, and the son-in-law had not been able to find employment. After

the disaster he promised to find something to do, and take the responsibility for his own family off the relatives of his wife.

Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

No. 462. (German.) Husband, 48; wife, 47; daughter, 21; daughter, 17. Real estate, \$4,000; insurance, \$135.10; mortgage, \$1,100.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The father, though crippled, had a good position in one of the parks, the younger daughter was a stenographer, and a married son was a prosperous fruit farmer and could be counted on in case of need. The family felt very deeply the loss of the daughter, and seemed unnecessarily worried about the future.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$192. Eastland Fund gift, \$473.

No. 465. (Bohemian.) Husband, 48; wife, 43; son, 20; daughter, 15; daughter, 14; son, 12; son, 9.

The eldest son, the only wage-earner, was killed. The wife was in the insane asylum, and the husband was insane but had escaped from the asylum four years before, and was living with his son and caring for the house. The youngest three children were in the Bohemian orphanage, and the eldest daughter lived with an aunt. After the disaster this aunt, a sister of the wife, was made legal guardian of the children and they were released to her from the orphanage. The Red Cross placed the money so that she could use it to bring up and educate them.

Eastland Fund gift, \$1,117.15.

No. 466. (Bohemian.) Husband, 62; wife, 60; daughter, 31; son, 28; son, 20. Insurance, \$800.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband suffered from a hernia and was unable to work. The wife had been under the care of a physician for two years, and was made much worse by the shock. The elder son was an epileptic. After the disaster the family had only \$12 a week, earned by the younger son.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, \$452.79. Eastland Fund gift, \$545.

No. 469. (Polish.) Husband, 63; wife, 55; daughter, 31; son, 30; son, 25; son, 23; daughter, 15; son, 13; daughter, 11. Real estate, \$3,500; insurance, \$434; mortgage, \$2,000.

The eldest daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband was a rheumatic and his sight was failing, so that he had not been employed for six years. The eldest two sons were employed and paid board, and the third son had been working until just before the disaster. The family owned the property and had an income of \$28 a month from rents, and was able to maintain a fair standard of living.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$180. Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

No. 470. (Polish.) Husband, 49; wife, 42; daughter, 19; daughter, 16; son, 11; son, 4. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$1,070; mortgage, \$2,200.

Two daughters, one of whom was an employe of the Western Electric Company, were drowned. The family had bought the building where they lived, and the husband operated a small tailor shop and cleaning establishment on the first floor. The family had depended considerably on the wages of the two daughters.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$325. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 472. (Polish.) Husband, 50; wife, 55; son, 25; daughter, 23; daughter, 21; son, 20; son, 17; son, 15; son, 10; mother. Real estate, \$7,000; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$5,000.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband and four of the children were much above the average in ambition and in earning ability. The eldest son studied law in the winter and worked in a law office in the summer. The family owned the property in which they lived, though it was heavily mortgaged, and there seemed no danger of any financial difficulties.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$194. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 477. (Irish.) Husband, 60; wife, 54; daughter, 28; daughter, 19; daughter, 15; son, 9. Insurance, \$100.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband was a laborer and had work. The wife had been taking in washing, but had broken her foot and was unable to work, and the second daughter, the only other wage-earner, had been bitten by a dog suspected of rabies, and had to stop work and remain under medical care.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$275. Eastland Fund gift, \$440.

No. 447½. (Polish.) Husband; wife; daughter, 19; daughter, 16; son, 12; son, 10.

The elder daughter, a wage-earner, was injured in the disaster, and after several months of illness, both mental and physical, died of her injuries. The husband had worked, but irregularly, and the wife and daughter had earned most of the living. The Red Cross gave the money to the wife to meet the expenses of the illness and funeral.

Eastland Fund gift, \$250.

No. 479. (Swedish.) Husband, 54; wife, 53; daughter, 26; daughter, 21; daughter, 19; son, 15; son, 13. Real estate, \$2,000; insurance, \$260.10; mortgage, \$700.

Two daughters, employes of the Western Electric Company, were drowned. The husband was a victim of sciatica and hernia, and had not worked in two years. The eldest daughter and the elder son were both severely shocked by the disaster and were unable to work for some time. The son had, besides, a heart leakage.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric

Company, \$261.80. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$557.

No. 481. (German.) Husband, 60; wife, 56; son, 25; daughter, 18; daughter, 16; daughter, 14. Real estate, \$3,500; insurance, \$100; mortgage, \$2,000.

A daughter, a wage-earner, was drowned. The husband was a building laborer who had work only at certain seasons. The wife and the youngest daughter were both in delicate health and required medical attention, but there still remained in the family three workers whose earnings furnished a fair standard of living.

Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 484. (German.) Husband, 45; wife, 49; son, 22; son, 19; son, 17; daughter, 7. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$116.05; mortgage, \$1,000.

One son, a wage-earner, was killed. The father and the elder son were regularly employed and the youngest son expected to have work soon, so that there was a comfortable income. The family owned property besides the house in which they lived, and a good standard of living seemed assured to them.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 486. (Bohemian.) Husband, 50; wife, 50; daughter, 22; son, 21; son, 19; daughter, 14; daughter, 12; son, 10. Real estate, four lots; insurance, \$600.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Husband and wife had both been married before, and the wife was step-mother to the victim. Immediately after the disaster the wife took her own children, the eldest and the youngest sons, and left home. She charged that the husband was cruel, and that she and her sons could live better apart from him. The husband and the 19-year-old son were working.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$215. Eastland Fund gift of \$315 paid to the husband.

No. 487. (French.) Husband, 50; wife, 50; son, 22; daughter, 19; daughter, 17. Real estate, \$4,000; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$1,300.

The only son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband had a fine position and the family owned the very comfortable home, though under mortgage. The family was perfectly willing to forego the benefit and gift.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$168.10. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 490. (American.) Husband, 65; wife, 60; daughter, 25; daughter, 23; son, 21; son, 16; son, 10. Real estate, \$2,850; insurance, \$359.50.

The eldest son, a wage-earner, was killed. The husband and the elder daughter were employed at good wages, and as the family owned the home free of incumbrance, they seemed assured of a comfortable living. At first they refused to accept any assistance, but later agreed to take the money awarded them by the Red Cross.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 491. (Bohemian.) Husband, 48; wife, 46; daughter, 24; son, 20; son, 17. Real estate, flat; insurance, \$232.50.

The elder son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The father, a lather, and the younger son, were both employed. They owned the three-flat building free of incumbrance, and two flats were rented to married children. The family seemed entirely adequate to the emergency.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200; Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 492. (Bohemian.) Husband, 52; wife, 50; son, 24; son, 19; daughter, 17; son, 15; daughter, 13; daughter, 10; son, 6. Real estate, \$5,000.

The eldest daughter of a large family was drowned. She had not been employed, but went on the outing with friends. The father was a building contractor doing a prosperous business when strikes did not interfere with his operations. The eldest son was a carpenter, and the second son temporarily at work as a farm laborer. The family owned the home free of incumbrance, and seemed certain of a comfortable living.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 499. (Danish.) Husband, 41; wife, 52; daughter, 19; daughter, 17; son, 11.

A young son was killed and the wife and elder daughter suffered minor injuries and exposure. The daughter was a Western Electric Company employe. She had to give up her work for several weeks, and the husband was earning only laborer's wages after a long period of unemployment.

Western Electric Company emergency relief and benefit, \$149.75. Eastland Fund gift, \$210.

No. 501. (Danish.) Husband, 51; wife, 50; daughter, 23; daughter, 21; son, 13; daughter, 10. Insurance, \$1,000.

The elder daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband had failed in business and took to drink six years before, and since that time the wife and daughter had largely supported the family. A short time before the disaster the wife's health had failed and she had to give up washing, and the husband got work as a laborer. The second daughter was also employed.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$309.28. Eastland Fund gift, \$210.

No. 502. (Swedish.) Husband, 36; wife, 37; son, 16; daughter, 8. Insurance, \$140.

A little daughter was killed. The husband, a Western Electric Company employe, and the wife, were both injured. The family was very industrious, and had maintained a comfortable home. The son was being given a technical education.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$105.04. Eastland Fund gift, \$150.

No. 503. (Bohemian.) Husband, 41; wife, 39; daughter, 17; son, 16; daughter, 14; son, 12; son, 10; daughter, 8; son, 7; son, 5; son, 3. Real estate, \$3,000; mortgage, \$2,000.

The eldest son of a family of nine children, a wage-earner, was killed. The husband was a small contractor, and in normal times made a good living, but for a year previous to the disaster business depression and strikes had greatly hampered him. The eldest daughter had to remain at home and help the mother in the care of the large household, so that they depended a great deal on the earnings of the son. The family owned the home, but it was under a heavy mortgage.

Western Electric payment, \$276.71. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,024.

No. 505. (Bohemian.) Husband, 48; wife, 40; daughter, 19; daughter, 18; daughter, 16; daughter, 10. Real estate, \$2,300; insurance, \$128; mortgage, \$450.

Two daughters, both wage-earners, one an employe of the Western Electric Company, were drowned. The husband was a carpenter, employed at irregular intervals, and the wife and third daughter were both in delicate health. The two daughters contributed all their earnings to the support of the family, and were the chief dependence.

Western Electric Company emergency relief and benefit, \$345. Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

No. 509. (Bohemian.) Husband, 49; wife, 49; daughter, 22; daughter, 20; daughter, 18, daughter, 16. Real estate, \$4,200; insurance, \$140.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband and two remaining daughters were employed. The family owned, free of incumbrance, a neat and comfortable home, and there was some income from rents. The standard of living was excellent.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$198. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 512. (Polish.) Husband, 58; wife, 55; son, 28; son, 24; daughter, 21; son, 19; daughter, 16; daughter, 15. Real estate, \$4,000; mortgage, \$800.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband owned a grocery store, and the eldest son and the eldest daughter worked for him in the store. They had a good income, and maintained a fair standard of living. The loss of the son's wages would work no especial hardship on them.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$180. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 518. (Polish.) Husband, 60; wife, 63; daughter, 21; son, 19; son, 17; mother. Real estate, \$6,500; insurance, \$500; mortgage, \$4,500.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Her wages formed an important part of the family's income. The husband earned but

very small wages, and the only other wage-earner was the elder son, who worked for the Western Electric Company. That firm gave work to the younger son after the disaster, but he did not keep the position.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$190. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 521. (Polish.) Husband, 48; wife, 40; daughter, 20; daughter, 18; son, 16; son, 13; daughter, 11; daughter, 8; daughter, 6; daughter, 3. Real estate, \$2,800; insurance, \$500; debt, \$500.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She was the eldest of eight children, and one of the two earning wages. The husband had been out of work for 18 months previous to the disaster, but the wife was earning a fair income as a mid-wife. The family owned the home, and the only obligation was a debt of \$500 owing a married son who had paid off the mortgage on the property.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$301.86. Eastland Fund gift, \$473.

No. 524. (Polish.) Husband, 44; wife, 40; daughter, 19; daughter, 17; son, 15; son, 12; son, 4.

A daughter, a wage-earner, was drowned. Except her 17-year-old sister, she was the only member of the family bringing in a regular income. The husband had an excellent record with a foundry firm, but was temporarily out of work. After the disaster he had assurance that he would be taken back. The family was quite enterprising and ambitious.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$525.

No. 526. (Slavish.) Husband, 44; wife, 49; son, 23; son, 19; daughter, 17; son, 15; son, 11; daughter, 7. Real estate, \$6,500; insurance, \$227.90; mortgage, \$4,600.

A daughter, one of the wage-earners of the family, was drowned. The husband, a Western Electric Company employe, earned only laborer's wages by working in a roundhouse. Three sons were also working and contributing their wages to the family's income. The family had begun to build a new home, largely with money borrowed from relatives, which placed a heavy mortgage on the property.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$150. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 527. (Bohemian.) Husband, 48; wife, 48; daughter, 19; daughter, 18; daughter, 12. Real estate, \$1,700; insurance, \$245.58; mortgage, \$900.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The second daughter was also an employe of the firm, and their wages supported the family. The husband was a step-father to the children. He worked very irregularly, and all that he earned went toward the mortgage and taxes.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$215. Eastland Fund gift of \$262.50 paid the wife.

No. 529. (Polish.) Husband, 50; wife, 50; daughter, 15; son, 14; son, 9. Real estate, \$1,800; insurance, \$255.97; mortgage, \$1,300.

A daughter who was a wage-earner, though only 15 years old, was drowned. The husband worked only irregularly at laborer's wages in the stockyards. After the disaster four married children living in the city took some of the responsibility for the family's support.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 534. (Irish.) Husband, 58; wife, 52; son, 28; daughter, 23; daughter, 13. Real estate, \$5,000; mortgage, \$2,000.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Two sons had died of tuberculosis in a few years, and the remaining one was suspected of having the disease, and had not worked for two years. The father was a city employe at good pay, and the family maintained a high standard of living.

Western Electric payment, \$206. Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 540. (Bohemian.) Husband, 55; wife, 56; son, 21; daughter, 20; son, 17; daughter, 16; son, 10; daughter, 6. Real estate, \$5,000; insurance, \$125; mortgage, \$3,000.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband and two sons were also employed, but there had been a great deal of illness in the family, and they had laid by no reserve fund to meet such an emergency. The Western Electric Company immediately gave employment to the 16-year-old daughter. The family owned the home, though it was rather heavily mortgaged.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit, \$210. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$210.

No. 545. (Bohemian.) Husband, 57; wife, 54; son, 23; son, 22. Real estate, \$6,000.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband had not been able to work in several years because his hearing had failed. Both the sons were wage earners, and there was an income of \$30 a month from rents from part of the home which the family owned.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$190. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 546. (German.) Husband, 45; wife, 43; daughter, 21; daughter, 15; son, 11; brother. Real estate, \$2,500; mortgage, \$1,500.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. This bereavement was the climax of a series of difficulties. One daughter had recently died, the family had met a financial reverse in trying to operate a farm, and the wife had developed serious heart trouble and was scarcely able to attend to the house-

work. The husband was working, and the remaining daughter got work after the disaster. The brother paid only his board.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$177.50. Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 548. (German.) Husband, 49; wife, 49; son, 21; son, 20; daughter, 19; son, 12. Real estate, \$2,000; insurance, \$180; mortgage, \$700.

The only daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The father and the two sons of working age were employed, but they earned only small wages, and the family had no reserve funds. They owned the home, with a small mortgage to be met.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$140. Eastland Fund gift of \$210.

No. 550. (Bohemian.) Husband, 50; wife, 47; daughter, 22; daughter, 19; daughter, 14; son, 10; son, 5. Real estate, \$4,500.

Two daughters, both employes of the Western Electric Company, the only members of the family who had earned any wages in more than a year, were drowned. The only income left to the family after the disaster was \$13 a month from rents. The husband was a bricklayer, but for more than a year had been out of work.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit, \$419. Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$314.

No. 551. (German.) Husband, 46; wife, 41; daughter, 22; daughter, 14; son, 12, daughter, 10, daughter, 8; son, 2; father. Real estate, \$3,500; mortgage, \$2,640.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had contributed all her earnings toward the support of the family. The only other sources of income were from the husband, who earned only laborer's wages, and the 14-year-old daughter, who earned a very small wage doing housework. The aged father whom the family was supporting was badly crippled with rheumatism, and was a heavy responsibility.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$184. Eastland Fund gift of \$1,182.

No. 552. (American.) Husband, 45; wife, 38; son, 13; son, 7. Insurance, \$52.

The young son of an employe of the Western Electric Company was killed. The husband was far from robust, and the wife had a weak heart and was under the care of a physician for some time after the disaster.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$155.75. Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 555. (German.) Husband, 60; wife, 52; daughter, 28; son, 25. Real estate, \$3,500; insurance, \$50.

The only son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband was ill, and for a year had not been able to work. After the disaster the

family's only source of income was the wages of the daughter, only \$10 a week. They owned the home.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$478. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 559. (American.) Husband, 47; wife, 45; daughter, 21; son, 18; son, 16; son, 14; niece, 14. Insurance, \$135.

The only daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had been the only one of the family able to assist the husband in earning the living. They had undertaken the support and education of an orphan niece, had bought furniture and piano on installments, and maintained a high standard of living. They were anxious that all the children should have at least a high school education.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$210.

No. 560. (German.) Husband, 49; wife, 46; daughter, 20; daughter, 16; son, 14; daughter, 12; son, 10; daughter, 8; son, 5; daughter, 3. Real estate, \$2,500; mortgage, \$1,200.

Two daughters, the principal support of a large family, were drowned. One was an employe of the Western Electric Company. The father had a reputation as a drinking man, and had been out of work for several months. After the disaster the only member of the family earning wages was the 14-year-old boy. The wife was compelled to appeal to the courts because of the husband's behavior, and he was arrested, but was released on parole to help take care of the family. The gift money was placed in trust in the wife's name, to be paid her \$40 a month.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$328.50. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,250.

No. 563. (German.) Husband, 48; wife, 46; son, 19; daughter, 10. Real estate, \$4,300; insurance, \$250; debts, \$300.

The only son was killed. The father was a printer with steady work and earning good wages, but the son had been adding \$11 a week to the family income. The family owned the home, and maintained a good standard of living.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 565. (Bohemian.) Husband, 45; wife, 43; son, 23; daughter, 22; daughter, 19; son, 17. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$216.10; mortgage, \$2,000.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned, and her sister was rescued only after she had been in the water for thirty minutes and had suffered from exposure and shock. She was unable to work for two weeks afterward. The husband and all the children were wage earners, and the wife kept a small store in the house where they lived. They owned the home, though it was mortgaged for almost its entire value.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$174. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 568. (Polish.) Husband, 56; wife, 50; daughter, 21; son, 19; son, 14; son, 10; son, 6. Real estate, \$10,000; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$2,000.

A daughter was drowned, with her fiance to whom she was to have been married within a month. (His case treated elsewhere). She was not a wage earner, but was really the housekeeper because the wife was almost entirely incapacitated with heart disease. All the other children were in school. The husband was a saloon keeper, but immediately after the disaster gave up his business, meaning to sell the property and move into less expensive quarters, and hire a housekeeper to assist the wife.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 572. (German.) Husband, 58; wife, 48; son, 24; daughter, 22. Real estate, \$6,000; mortgage, \$2,500.

The only daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband was a machinist, but had not had steady work in more than a year. The son and daughter supplemented by their earnings the income of \$34 a month from rents. The family owned the home, and a building adjoining.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$339. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 576. (German.) Husband, 62; wife, 60; son, 24; son, 22; daughter, 19; daughter, 15; daughter, 13; son, 12; daughter, 8. Insurance, \$256.68.

A son, a wage earner, was killed. He had just finished his apprenticeship as a hair spinner, the trade at which the eldest son worked. The father had been crippled with rheumatism for three years and unable to work. After the disaster the wife suffered an accident, and it transpired that she had for years been troubled with an open sore on her foot, but the family refused medical treatment.

Emergency relief was given by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$840.

No. 580. (Bohemian.) Husband, 43; wife, 40; daughter, 20; daughter, 18; son, 14; son, 7; son, 3.

A daughter, the only member of the family earning wages, was drowned. She was employed by the Western Electric Company. The husband was a baker by trade, but had been out of work for months. After the disaster he got work at laborer's wages in a lumber yard, and the Western Electric Company gave work to the surviving daughter.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$248. Emergency relief by Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$840.

No. 581. (German.) Husband, 60; wife, 46; daughter, 23; daughter, 20; son, 18; son, 16; son, 12. Real estate, \$3,000; debts, \$4,500.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. At the time he was the only member of the

large family earning wages. The husband had Bright's disease and had failed in business and still faced a heavy debt. The wife, who had been taking in washing, had been forbidden by the physician to work any more. The elder daughter had just undergone an operation and the younger was recovering from an operation on her tonsils.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$220. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 582. (German.) Husband, 53; wife, 55; son, 31; daughter, 28; son, 27; son, 24; son, 21.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. He was quite an athlete, and one of the best players on the company's ball team. The daughter was physically unable to work, and the youngest son was out of employment. The family standard of living was very comfortable.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$190. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 583. (Bohemian.) Husband, 47; wife, 40; daughter, 18; son, 16. Real estate, \$6,000; insurance, \$269; mortgage, \$4,500.

The son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The daughter also worked for the firm, and the husband was taken on after the disaster. He had been ill and unable to work, and the family had depended on the earnings of the two children, and an income of \$20 a month from rents.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$240. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 585. (Bohemian.) Husband, 47; wife, 44; daughter, 20; son, 17; son, 15; daughter, 14; daughter, 9; daughter, 7. Real estate, \$5,200; insurance, \$1,202; mortgage, \$3,000.

The eldest daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband and both sons were earning wages, and the family maintained a high standard of living. They owned their home, and had an income of \$14 a month from rents, though there was a rather heavy incumbrance on the property. No emergency relief was required.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$145. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 588. (German.) Husband, 52; wife, 51; daughter, 28; daughter, 26; daughter, 24; son, 21; son, 17; daughter, 14. Real estate, \$5,000.

A daughter, who had been earning \$19.50 a week at the Western Electric Company plant, was drowned. The second daughter was also on the boat, and was ill for some time from the nervous shock. The husband was a sufferer from heart disease and not able to work regularly. However, the other children of working age were employed, and the family owned the home free of incumbrance, and had \$31 a month income from rents.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$490.53. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 589. (German.) Husband, 42; wife, 44; daughter, 22; daughter, 17; daughter, 16; son, 15; son, 13. Real estate, \$3,500; insurance, \$130; mortgage, \$1,800.

The eldest daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had gone on the outing with her fiance, who perished with her (case treated elsewhere). She was the largest wage earner of the family, and had been keeping up the payments on the home. However, the husband and all the children of working age were employed.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$154. Eastland Fund gift of \$420.

No. 594. (German.) Husband, 56; wife, 60; daughter, 25; son, 22; son, 18; daughter, 15. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$180; mortgage, \$600.

A daughter, the most reliable wage earner of the family, was drowned. The husband worked only part of the time, the sons had a small express business and their income was always uncertain, and the family depended a great deal on the steady wages of the two daughters, which aggregated \$12 a week. The Western Electric Company gave work to the elder son immediately after the disaster.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 603. (Bohemian.) Husband, 51; wife, 47; son, 25; daughter, 23; son, 22; daughter, 16; daughter, 14; daughter, 13; daughter, 10. Real estate, \$3,500; insurance, \$250; mortgage, \$2,000.

The eldest daughter in a family of seven children was drowned. She had been an employe of the Western Electric Company. The husband had been out of work ten weeks because of an accident. However, the son and two daughters were still employed, and the 16-year-old girl had been granted a work certificate and was looking for a position. There seemed no danger of privation. The family owned the home, though under mortgage.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$170; Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 604. (German.) Husband, 53; wife, 46; son, 20; daughter, 16; daughter, 15; daughter, 5. Insurance, \$499.20.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband had lost one eye, and in the winter had little or no work. In summer he did street cleaning in the town of La Grange. The son, the only other wage earner, was a porter at a railway station.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$175. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 607. (American.) Husband, 52; wife, 58; daughter, 33; son, 19. Real estate, \$6,000; insurance, \$150; mortgage, \$3,600.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband earned an average of only \$6 a week doing janitor's work, and the son was

unable to work at all. The wife conducted a small store in the front room of the home, earning a commission of \$55 a month. The family owned the home, though it was heavily mortgaged.

Western Electric Company benefit, **\$553**. Eastland Fund gift, **\$400**.

No. 610. (Bohemian.) Husband, 50; wife, 49; son, 22; daughter, 15; daughter, 11; daughter, 9; daughter, 5. Real estate, \$1,800; insurance, \$200; mortgage, \$1,200.

The only son, employed by the Elevated railway company, was killed. For more than a year, while the husband had been out of work, the son was the sole support of the family. The husband had just found work when the disaster came. The wife earned a little at sewing, and after the disaster the eldest daughter went to work in a tailor shop at \$3.50 a week. The family owned the home, but it was mortgaged to almost its full value.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of **\$945**.

No. 611. (Polish.) Husband, 49; wife, 49; daughter, 21; son, 15; son, 11; daughter, 9.

The daughter, the most dependable member of the family, was drowned. The husband drank and was irresponsible, and the family depended largely on the \$8.50 a week the daughter earned in a laundry. Not only did she furnish most of the family income, but she had more control over her father than anyone else, and immediately after her death he lapsed into dissolute habits. The neighbors raised \$30 at once to help the family. The Red Cross paid them \$150, and placed the remainder of the gift in trust to be paid \$25 a month.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of **\$733**.

No. 612. (Polish.) Husband, 48; wife, 40; son, 26; daughter, 22; daughter, 15; daughter, 12. Real estate, \$3,500; mortgage, \$1,000.

The eldest daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband was employed but at the time of the disaster the victim was the only one of the children who was earning anything, and the family found her wage an important item.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit, **\$182.60**. Eastland Fund gift, **\$315**.

No. 617. (American.) Husband, 58; wife, 55; son, 29; daughter, 18. Insurance, \$50.

The son, employe of the Western Electric Company, earning \$26 a week, was killed. The husband had been shot by bandits shortly before the disaster, and was still unable to return to work. The daughter was in high school.

Western Electric Company benefit, **\$804.03**. Eastland Fund gift, **\$200**.

No. 622. (Bohemian.) Husband, 48; wife, 43; son, 21; daughter, 20; daughter, 18; son, 13; son, 9. Real estate, \$3,800; mortgage, \$1,100.

Two daughters, both employed by the Western Electric Company, were drowned. The husband was earning \$20 a week with a brewing company, but the work was very heavy and he was about to give it up. The wife suffered with heart disease, but the son was a wage earner. The family owned the home, though it was mortgaged.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$346. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 623. (Polish.) Husband, 46; wife, 42; daughter, 21; son, 20; son, 18; son, 11; daughter, 7. Insurance, \$184.

A daughter, who had been earning \$12 a week at the Western Electric Company plant, was drowned. The husband had been crippled with rheumatism for six months and was unable to work, and the only other wage earner was the 18-year-old boy, who brought in \$7 a week. The daughter had postponed her marriage because her parents needed her wages. She and her fiance had bought a bungalow on which they were making payments. They were drowned together. (His case treated elsewhere.)

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$220. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 627. (Danish.) Husband, 50; wife, 55; son, 24; son, 22; daughter, 20; daughter, 13.

A daughter was drowned. She had planned to take the outing with her brother, an employe of the Western Electric Company, but missed him and went aboard alone. The husband and all the children of working age were employed, and there was no danger that the family would suffer privation.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 631. (Bohemian.) Husband, 50; wife, 50; son, 21; son, 18. Real estate, \$7,000; mortgage, \$2,000.

The younger son, a wage earner, was killed. The husband had been out of work for several months, and the family depended on the earnings of the two sons and \$28 a month income from rents.

Eastland Fund gift, \$300.

No. 633. (Bohemian.) Husband, 52; wife, 47; daughter, 28; daughter, 19. Real estate, \$4,000; insurance, \$617; mortgage, \$2,000.

A daughter, the principal wage earner of the family, was drowned. She was an employe of the Western Electric Company. The husband and the other daughter were both employed, and the family owned the home and had an income of \$22 a month from rents.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 634. (Irish.) Husband, 49; wife, 46; daughter, 24; son, 19; daughter, 17. Insurance, \$218.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company and the only member of the family earning a wage, was drowned. The father had been out of work for more than a year and the son had been idle for six months. After the disaster, work was found for both.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$329. Eastland Fund gift, \$300.

No. 636. (Hungarian.) Husband; wife; son, 25; son, 22; son, 19. Insurance, \$500.

A son, a wage earner, was drowned with his sweetheart (case treated elsewhere). He was a machinist, earning \$20 a week. At the time of the disaster the husband and all the sons were employed.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 639. (German.) Husband, 53; wife, 51; daughter, 25; son, 16. Insurance, \$144.20.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband suffered from a hernia and was unable to work, and after the disaster the only wage earner in the family was the 16-year-old son.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$168. Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

No. 648. (German.) Husband, 35; wife, 35; daughter, 15; son, 12. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$253; mortgage, \$1,500.

The daughter of a Western Electric company employe was drowned. The husband earned only \$10 a week, but the wife earned \$15 a month, and there was an income of \$10 a month from rent, which kept the household going.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$217. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 650. (Polish.) Husband, 63; wife, 55; son, 35; son, 25; daughter, 22; son, 18; son, 16. Insurance, \$500.

The only daughter, and the only wage earner of the family, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband had not had work in three years and at the time of the disaster not one of the sons was employed. The Western Electric Company at once took on two of them.

Benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$190. Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 651. (Bohemian.) Husband, 55; wife, 45; daughter, 24; daughter, 22; daughter, 20; daughter, 19; daughter, 18; daughter, 15; son, 15; son, 12. Real estate, \$3,500; insurance, \$240; mortgage, \$2,600.

Three daughters were drowned. One was an employe of the Western Electric Company. The family had undergone much misfortune already. The father was unable, by reason of hernia and varicose veins, to work, but he kept a small hat store in which the eldest daugh-

ter had assisted him. The second daughter had a crippled hand and the younger children had been ill much of the time. Yet he owned the home, and was paying off the incumbrance.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$436.50. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,258.

No. 656. (Irish.) Husband, 57; wife, 52; daughter, 23; daughter, 21; daughter, 20; son, 18; son, 14; daughter, 11; daughter, 8. Insurance, \$216; debts, \$250.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. At the time of the disaster the husband and all the children of working age were employed, but there had been little work to be had through the winter, and the family had accumulated debts to the amount of \$250. The family had neither property nor a reserve fund to meet such an emergency, and the insurance carried by the decedent was only about sufficient for the funeral expenses.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$199. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 658. (Swedish.) Husband, 55; wife, 42; daughter, 25; daughter, 22; daughter, 14; brother; niece, 15. Insurance, \$271.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. This left the family dependent on the husband and the second daughter, whose combined wage was only \$14 a week. The husband was not in good health and was able to work only irregularly. A brother of the wife and his daughter lived with the family and paid \$7 a week board.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$326.71. Eastland Fund gift, \$225.

No. 663. (Polish.) Husband, 46; wife, 39; son, 19; son, 17; daughter, 15; son, 11; daughter, 3. Real estate, \$6,000; mortgage, \$2,500.

A son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had been earning \$10 a week, and at the time of the disaster was the only member of the family with steady employment. The husband was a bricklayer, but for a year had been unable to work at his trade and had merely done odd jobs, averaging two days' work a week. The Western Electric Company at once took on the eldest son. The family owned the home and had an income of \$15 a month from rents.

Benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$170. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 664. (Polish.) Husband, 48; wife, 43; daughter, 17; daughter, 14; daughter, 11. Real estate, \$2,200; insurance, \$900; mortgage, \$1,000.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The family depended largely on the \$10 a week she earned, for the husband worked only part of the time, and the other children were too young to earn anything. The family owned the home and had an income of \$12 a month from rents.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$132. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 665. (German.) Husband, 51; wife, 46; daughter, 24; son, 22; son, 10. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$1,124; mortgage, \$1,500.

The elder son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband, who earned only a laborer's wage, was the only remaining source of income. The family had no reserve fund, but had maintained a good standard of living. The daughter had been married, but was widowed and returned to live with her parents.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 667. (Polish.) Husband, 44; wife, 46; daughter, 23; son, 21; daughter, 20; son, 18; son, 14; son, 11; son, 9. Real estate, \$3,100; insurance, \$133.25; mortgage, \$1,000.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The father and two of the remaining children were employed at fair wages. The family owned the home, though it was under mortgage, and, besides living rent free, had a small income from rented rooms. There did not seem to be any danger of privation, and no need of emergency relief.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200.40. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 669. (German.) Husband, 60; wife, 46; daughter, 22; daughter, 21; daughter, 20; son, 16; son, 6. Real estate, \$5,200; mortgage, \$4,000.

The son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. He was a graduate of a technical high school, a very promising youth, and the pride of the family. All the family except the wife and the 6-year-old boy were earning wages. The father was a laborer, the eldest daughter taught school and was helping buy the home, and the two other daughters were employed and paid board.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$242. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 672. (German.) Husband, 52; wife, 42; daughter, 25; son, 23; daughter, 21; daughter, 19; daughter, 18; son, 15; daughter, 12; daughter, 9; son, 6. Real estate, \$2,000.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The eldest daughter had been an invalid for years with stomach trouble and was unable to add anything to the family income. However, there still remained four wage earners, and as the family owned the home free of incumbrance, they did not anticipate any financial difficulty.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$190. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 676. (Norwegian.) Husband, 65; wife, 50; son, 22; daughter, 20; son, 18; daughter, 16; daughter, 13; son, 4. Insurance, \$140.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband had been a janitor, but within

the year before the disaster had undergone two operations, and probably would never be able to work again. The eldest three children had been paying \$6 a week each for board. After the disaster the eldest increased his contribution to \$12 a week.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$164. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 679. (Bohemian.) Husband, 65; wife, 41; daughter, 24; daughter, 22; son, 18; daughter, 16; son, 14; son, 12; sister; brother. Real estate, \$1,400; mortgage, \$300.

Two sons and two daughters in this one family were killed. The eldest had been an employe of the Western Electric Company. The second and third were also wage earners, while the 14-year-old boy was still in school. The husband was a shoemaker, but not very efficient because his hands were crippled. His plan, after the accident, was to open a small store and run it with the assistance of his sister, who made her home with the family.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$401.50. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,260.

No. 681. (Bohemian.) Husband, 51; wife, 50; son, 24; son, 22; daughter, 20; daughter, 17; daughter, 12. Real estate, \$2,200; mortgage.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Her wages had been an important item. The husband was a carpenter, but had been injured in an accident three years before and was able to work only at intervals. For more than a year the elder son had been unable to work and had just begun to earn wages. The eldest daughter was in California and was not assisting the family.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$164. Eastland Fund gift, \$326.

No. 685. (Bohemian.) Husband, 50; wife, 48; daughter, 25; daughter, 23; daughter, 21; daughter, 19; son, 14. Insurance, \$272.70.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The eldest two daughters were earning wages. The husband had been out of work for a long time, but the Western Electric Company promised to take him on. The wife was crippled with rheumatism and the youngest daughter had to remain in the home and attend to the household duties.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$183.50. Eastland Fund gift, \$473.

No. 686. (Bohemian.) Husband, 50; wife, 53; son, 28; daughter, 24. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$240; mortgage, \$400.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had been the chief dependence of the family, for the husband had been ill for three years and unable to work at all in that time, and the son was an acute alcoholic and utterly undependable.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$318. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$680.

No. 689. (Austrian.) Husband, 66; wife, 61; son, 31; daughter; grandson. Real estate, \$3,500; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$2,000.

The son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had been married, but his wife had divorced him three years before the disaster, and the courts had given her custody of the child. However, her lawyer demanded the gift from the Red Cross for her. At a conference it was decided that half the Eastland Fund gift should go to the man's parents, as they were dependent on him, and half placed in trust for the child.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$758.41. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 694. (Polish.) Husband, 48; wife, 40; son, 21; son, 20; son, 16; son, 13; daughter, 10. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$130.25; mortgage, 2,000.

The son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband and two other sons also worked for the company at fair wages, and the wife added to the income by keeping a little school-supply store. The family owned the home, though under heavy mortgage, and there was some income from rent. The standard of living was good.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$190. Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 699. (American.) Husband, 46; wife, 44; son, 18; daughter, 14; daughter, 6. Real estate, \$2,300; insurance, \$100; mortgage, \$1,350.

The daughter was drowned. Husband and son were both employes of the Western Electric Company. The family maintained a high standard of living and were especially proud of the daughter, to whom it was the intention to give a good education. They owned the home, though under mortgage, and were in no danger of financial difficulties.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$86.25. Eastland Fund gift, \$150.

No. 700. (American.) Husband, 46; wife, 42; son, 21; daughter, 15; son, 13; daughter, 11; daughter, 6; son, 4. Real estate, \$1,800; mortgage, \$600.

The eldest son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. Two other children worked for the same firm. The husband was a carpenter and had been on strike early in the year. Later he suffered an injury and had been unable to work. Until these reverses, the family had maintained a good standard of living. They owned the little house in which they lived.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$190. Eastland Fund gift, \$788.

No. 701. (Bohemian.) Husband, 48; wife, 43; son, 24; son, 23; daughter, 19; daughter, 15; daughter, 12; son, 10; daughter, 6; daughter, 4. Real estate, \$4,800; insurance, \$145.55; mortgage, \$3,800.

A son, formerly an employe of the Western Electric Company, and a young daughter were drowned together. The second son and the eldest daughter were employed by the company. The husband was a cutler and was working steadily at good wages, and the family had always been able to live comfortably. After the disaster they planned to sell the property and rid themselves of a heavy mortgage. They had no fears of any financial difficulty.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$209.50. Eastland Fund gift, \$945.

No. 704. (Bohemian.) Husband, 56; wife, 56; son, 24; son, 21; son-in-law; daughter. Real estate, \$9,000; mortgage, \$3,000.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband and the son-in-law owned a saloon on the ground floor of the building where the family lived, and the elder son had a small shoe store, so that there was a considerable income. The family at first hesitated about accepting anything from the Eastland Fund gift.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$190. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 705. (German.) Husband, 52; wife, 58; son, 28; son, 25; daughter, 22; daughter, 20; son, 20; daughter, 16; son, 14; son, 11. Real estate, \$3,000; mortgage, \$1,500.

A son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The shock brought on both physical and mental illness of the husband and he was compelled to leave his work. The eldest son was also, at the time of the disaster, temporarily out of work. However, there were still four members of the family employed and earning fair wages, and they expected to experience no unusual financial difficulty.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$160. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 711. (Polish.) Husband, 58; wife, 51; son, 28; son, 22; daughter, 15; son, 9. Insurance, \$132.

The eldest son, the only wage earner of the family, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Husband, wife and the second son were all incapacitated by rheumatism. After the disaster the 15-year-old daughter went to work in a laundry at \$4 a week, and this was the family's only income.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$467.48. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$680.

No. 723. (Polish.) Husband, 44; wife, 35; son, 17; son, 13; daughter, 11; son, 9; son, 1; daughter, 1. Insurance, \$130.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. Of a family of six children, he was the only one old enough to earn wages. The husband had stepped

on a rusty nail a year previous, and, as he had not had proper surgical attention, had been unable to work for months. The wife was physically frail and scarcely able to look after the house and the children.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$150. Emergency relief and sanitarium care by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$1,581.

No. 728. (German.) Husband, 48; wife, 47; daughter, 19; son, 15; daughter, 12; daughter, 5. Insurance, \$112; debts, \$200.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She was the most dependable wage earner of the family, for the father was a teamster and, though a reliable worker, was never certain of employment. The wife had been ill and the husband out of work until \$200 in debts had accumulated. In these circumstances, the loss of the daughter's wages was keenly felt.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, \$176. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$945.

No. 730. (German.) Husband, 59; wife, 49; son, 21; son, 18; son, 16; son, 13; daughter, 9. Insurance, \$1,000.

The eldest son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. He was the chief dependence of the family. The husband operated a small barber shop, but the location was not favorable, and because of his age he was timid about giving it up and trying for a position. The second and third sons were employed at small wages and the family made a modest living.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$168.75. Eastland Fund gift, \$300.

No. 732. (German.) Husband, 39; wife, 36; son, 18; son, 14; daughter, 12. Real estate, home; insurance, \$271.40.

The eldest son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband was also employed at fair wages and the family was buying the property where they lived, a two-story house. One apartment was rented at \$16 a month.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$139.50. Eastland Fund gift, \$300.

No. 738. (Bohemian.) Husband, 52; wife, 42; daughter, 21; son, 20; daughter, 18; daughter, 16; son, 13; son, 9. Real estate, \$2,500; mortgage, \$1,200.

One of the daughters, an employe of the Western Electric Company, which had been paying her \$13.50 a week, was drowned. At the time of the disaster the husband and the eldest son were both employed, earning a combined wage of \$28 per week. The family's standard of living was very good. The Western Electric Company gave employment to the eldest daughter after the disaster.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$151. Eastland Fund gift, \$300.

No. 739. (Bohemian.) Husband, 59; wife, 54; daughter, 30; son, 26; daughter, 25; son, 24; son-in-law; daughter; grandchild. Real estate, \$15,000; mortgage, \$7,500.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. At the time of the disaster the elder son and one of the daughters were also bringing in wages. The husband had been unable to work in eight years, but the family enjoyed an income of \$145 a month from the real estate they owned. A married daughter, with her husband and child, lived with the family. After the disaster the Western Electric Company gave work to the son-in-law.

Benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$150. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 740. (Bohemian.) Husband, 56; wife, 57; daughter, 23; daughter, 20; daughter, 18; daughter, 13. Real estate, \$3,000; mortgage, \$1,500.

Three daughters, all employed by the Western Electric Company, were drowned. They had been the sole support of the family, for the father, well along in years, suffered with chronic stomach disease and for a long time had been unable to work steadily, though there was a position open to him whenever he could work. After the disaster a married daughter came to make her home with the family and care for her father and mother.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$888.62. Eastland Fund gift, \$1,470.

No. 741. (Polish.) Husband, 53; wife, 50; daughter, 19; son, 17; daughter, 15; daughter, 13; daughter, 10; son, 6. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$1,127; mortgage, \$1,500.

The eldest daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had earned \$10 a week and was the only one of the children bringing in any wages. The husband was a policeman earning \$100 a month, and the wife said that even with the aid of the daughter's wages it had been difficult to support the family properly. She did not see how she would manage without the daughter's wages. However, the Western Electric Company took on the son of 17 and the daughter of 15.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$137.10. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 743. (German.) Husband, 54; wife, 50; son, 27; son, 24; son, 20; son, 18; daughter, 16; son, 14; son, 12; son, 9; son, 7. Real estate, \$9,500; mortgage, \$4,500.

A youth of 18 was drowned. He had worked in the mailing room of a newspaper, earning from \$6 to \$8 a week. The family owned the property where they lived, but it was under a heavy mortgage, and there was very little income. The husband was a carpenter by trade, but all winter he had been out of steady employment.

The eldest two sons worked for a brewing company, but they merely paid board and bore no responsibility in the support of the many children. The younger ones were in school. The family was in quite straitened circumstances.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 751. (Polish.) Husband, 55; wife, 52; daughter, 23; son, 20; daughter, 18. Real estate, home; insurance, \$1,044.

A son, a wage earner, was killed. The husband was a street-car employe with a steady position, but the wife was a chronic invalid and the shock of her son's death was almost fatal to her. The husband had to leave his work and remain at home to care for her. The husband was secretary of a local building and loan association and owned their little home free of incumbrance, and maintained a comfortable standard of living.

Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

GROUP F. MARRIED COUPLES WITHOUT SURVIVING CHILDREN.

Twenty couples lost all of their children—25 in number. In 17 cases the deaths (19) were of wage earners, while in 3 the deaths (6 in all) were of the younger children. In 8 families the parents surviving were over 60 years old. The relief fund was based upon a low group scale, but special individual grants were made where there was dependency because of age or incapacity. 80% of this group held insurance policies, amounting to \$7,253, while 70% owned property the equity of which was valued at \$42,150.

GROUP F—I (Loss of Children)

No. 109. (Irish.) Husband, 60; wife; daughter, 21. Real estate, \$5,600; insurance, \$1,232; mortgage, \$3,500.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The daughter was the chief support of the family, as the husband was incapacitated, but the wife assisted by taking in boarders. They owned the home, though it was heavily mortgaged.

Emergency relief given by the Western Electric Company, and \$212. Eastland Fund gift of \$545.

No. 126. (Bohemian.) Husband, 60; wife, 58; son, 20; daughter; grandchild. Real estate, \$3,500; mortgage, \$1,300.

The only son was drowned. He had a little business of his own, making fancy cases for pipes, and was able to keep himself, his parents, his sister and her little child. The husband, though crippled by rheumatism, planned to continue the son's business and try to support the family, and continue payments on the home they were buying.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$575.

No. 154. (Swedish.) Husband, 53; wife, 59; daughter, 24. Real estate, \$6,000; insurance, \$250; mortgage, \$3,000.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The family depended a great deal on her wages, as the father earned only \$11 a week. They had bought the home where they lived, and the daughter had planned to be married very soon and still make her home with them. The income from the rent of the second floor apartment was \$32.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$200. Eastland Fund gift of \$315.

No. 226. (Norwegian.) Husband, 52; wife, 50; daughter, 22. Real estate, \$3,400; mortgage, \$100; loans, \$600.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She was the last of seven children. The husband earned but \$12 a week, and had been depending on the daughter's earnings to clear off the debts against the property. The only other income was \$15 a month from the rent of the first floor flat.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$148. Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 235. (American.) Husband, 50; wife, 53; son, 22. Real estate, \$4,250; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$1,500.

The only son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband, a tailor, had been out of work for several months, and the family dependent entirely on the son, who gave all his earnings toward the family support. They had recently purchased the home, and had counted on the son's earnings to finish paying for it.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$438.

No. 237. (German.) Husband, 40; wife, 37; son, 18; brother, 24; father, 69. Real estate, \$5,000; insurance, \$100; mortgage, \$3,000.

The only son was drowned. He was a machinist, earning a fair salary, and the family had depended a great deal on him. The husband, a decorator, earned a comfortable salary. The family also maintained in the home with them the aged father and the crippled brother of the wife. They owned the home, but it was heavily mortgaged.

Eastland Fund gift of \$420.

No. 268. (German.) Husband, 49; wife, 47; son, 18. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$240.40; mortgage, \$1,700.

The son, a wage-earner, was killed. The family had depended almost entirely on him, for the husband had heart trouble and a crippled leg, and could do only light work. Moreover, the physicians said that his heart might fail at any moment. They hoped that a married daughter might help a little.

Eastland Fund gift of \$505.

No. 324. (Bohemian.) Husband, 64; wife, 59; daughter, 26. Real estate, \$10,000; insurance, \$229; mortgage, \$800.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She was the only child remaining at home. The father was working steadily, and the family owned the three-flat building where they lived and had an income of \$35 a month in rentals.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 356. (Polish.) Mother, 70; daughter, 21. Insurance, \$366.

The daughter was drowned. The parents were separated, and the father was in the East, dependent on a married son, but also getting some aid from the decedent. The mother was entirely dependent on the daughter's earnings, which varied from \$7 to \$14 a week. The mother received the insurance money and \$200 of the gift; the remainder was sent to the father.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 464. (Roumanian.) Husband, 63; wife, 63; daughter, 21. Real estate, \$4,500; mortgage, \$2,000.

The last remaining daughter of an aged couple was drowned. She had been their only support, save for an income of \$21 a month from their heavily mortgaged property. The couple had six other daughters, but all were married and gone, and unable to help.

Eastland Fund gift of \$575 paid to the husband.

No. 483. (Polish.) Husband, 80; wife, 62; son, 29. Real estate, home; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage, \$200.

The son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband was a street laborer, irregularly employed, and suffered from incurable ulcers. There were two married daughters and other relatives who gave some aid, and the income from rent was \$10 monthly.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$447.64. Eastland Fund gift of \$315.

No. 544. (Bohemian.) Husband, 62; wife, 60; daughter, 20; son-in-law; daughter; grandchild. Real estate, \$2,000; insurance, \$250.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, and the principal support of the aged couple, was drowned. The husband was incapacitated by hernia. However, the family owned the home free of incumbrance, and there was an income of \$12 a month from the rent of one flat. After the disaster the son-in-law, also, undertook part of the responsibility of the support of the husband and wife.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company and benefit, \$225. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 556. (German.) Husband, 45; wife, 44; son, 20. Insurance, \$1,500.

The son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had just been graduated from the Lane

Technical High School, and was a most promising young man. The father earned only modest pay as a tailor, and the family depended largely on the son for the future.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$138. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 661. (Polish.) Husband, 60; wife, 60; daughter, 24; daughter, 22. Real estate, \$6,000; insurance, \$500.

Two daughters were drowned. They were both employed, their combined salary amounting to \$27 a week. The husband was a contractor and made a good living. The family owned the home free of incumbrance and was in no need of emergency relief.

Eastland Fund gift, \$400.

No. 671. (German.) Husband, 59; wife, 58; daughter, 23; daughter, 18. Real estate, \$5,500; insurance, \$530.60; mortgage, \$1,500.

Two daughters, one of whom was employed by the Western Electric Company, were drowned. The husband was a bricklayer by trade, but was out of employment. The family lived in a large house which the father had built some years before. Two married children occupied apartments in the house and paid rent.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$301.86. Eastland Fund gift, \$400.

No. 682. (Norwegian.) Husband, 58; wife, 63; son, 23.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The husband had been a special policeman, but had a nervous breakdown, and did not hope to be able to work again. The son was the sole support of his parents. After his death they planned to live with a married son.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$178.85. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 744. (Polish.) Husband, 59; wife, 62; daughter, 23; daughter-in-law; son. Real estate, \$2,000; insurance, \$500; mortgage, \$800.

A daughter, a wage earner, was drowned. The girl had been earning \$9 a week, which was an important item in the household. Both the husband and the married son who lived in the home were hodcarriers and worked but irregularly. The family owned the home, but there was no other income than the wages of the two men when they could find work.

Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

GROUP F — II.

(Loss of Minor Children)

No. 11. (Danish.) Husband, 37; wife, 35; son, 4. Insurance, \$40.

A little child was killed and both parents slightly injured. Family seemed very enterprising, and had a high standard of living, but had no property or savings. The mother tried to work after the disaster, but was not strong enough.

Western Electric Company emergency relief and benefit, \$87. Eastland Fund gift of \$150.

No. 315. (German.) Husband, 39; wife, 29; daughter, 11; daughter, 9. Insurance, \$280.

Two little girls were drowned. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company. The entire family was on the boat, the father suffering minor injuries, and the mother suffering a shock which later caused a complete nervous breakdown. They did not wish to remain in Chicago, so the firm transferred the husband to its New York shop.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$605.21. Eastland Fund gift, \$350.

No. 416. (Scotch.) Husband, 32; wife, 26; daughter, 5; daughter, 4; sister, 25. Insurance, \$527.

Two little daughters and the wife's sister were drowned. The wife was also on the boat, but was rescued. The sister was an employe of the Western Electric Company at \$15 a week, and her salary added to the family income an appreciable amount.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200. Eastland Fund gift, \$300.

GROUP G. WIDOWS WITHOUT SURVIVING CHILDREN.

Fifty-one deaths of husbands and children left 37 widows in need of help. 17 women lost husbands. 5 lost both husbands and children, while 15 mothers, widowed before the disaster, lost their children. In 12 cases the only surviving children were killed. 78% of this group held insurance policies amounting to \$26,695, while 27% owned property the equity of which was valued at \$1,900.

GROUP G — I.

(Loss of Husbands)

No. 23. (English.) Husband, 55; wife, 65.

The husband, an employe of the Eastland, was killed. The wife had been clerk in a third-class hotel and was suspected of being tubercular. Efforts to have her enter an institution were unsuccessful.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$700.

No. 48. (German.) Husband, 27; wife, 20; mother; brother; sister-in-law; baby. Insurance, \$401.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. He and his wife had been living co-operatively with his married brother and their mother, who kept boarders. The wife suffered from heart disease. In the final settlement it was by the wish of the wife that her mother-in-law receive the largest share of the Eastland Fund gift.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$515.68 to the wife. Eastland Fund gift, \$250 to the wife and \$433 to the mother.

No. 122. (German.) Husband, 28; wife, 28. Insurance, \$2,000.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Immediately after the disaster the wife planned to give up her home in Chicago and return to her parents in southern Illinois.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$210. Eastland Fund gift of \$350.

No. 264. (English.) Husband, 44; wife, 44; grandmother. Insurance, \$1,075.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The wife had never done any work except in her own home, and the grandmother was old, and dependent on her for support. The landlord had come into the home as a boarder, so that they paid but \$5 a month rent. The wife planned to continue this arrangement, and find other work she could do at home.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and \$1,580.00 benefit. Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 298. (American.) Husband, 35; wife, 34. Insurance, \$1,000.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. There were no children. The wife took the body east for burial, and remained there. The Red Cross sent the money to her there.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, \$819. Eastland Fund gift, \$536.

No. 349. (German.) Husband, 22; wife, 21. Insurance, \$1,000.

The husband, a member of the band on the Eastland, was drowned. The wife gave up her home and returned to her parents.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$504.

No. 360. (Italian.) Husband, 28; wife, 30; sister; brother. Insurance, \$300.

The husband, a musician on the Eastland, was killed and his brother lost a valuable musical instrument. The wife had undergone several operations and was in poor health. Her parents, who were dependent, came from St. Louis immediately after the disaster, expecting to live on the Eastland Fund gift. The wife refused to agree to monthly payments, so the lump sum was given her.

Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$672.

No. 400. (Polish.) Husband, 55; wife, 55. Real estate, \$5,500; insurance, \$900.

The husband was killed. The wife had been ill for months and the husband remained at home to care for her. They had been supported for nine months by a married daughter who, with her husband and five children had moved into the house with them. This daughter was also lost in the disaster (case treated elsewhere),

and the son-in-law was out of work and not dependable. There was a small income from rents, and three married children who could give some help.
Eastland Fund gift, \$541.

No. 418. (Scotch.) **Husband, 40; wife, 36.** Insurance, \$637.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. There were no children, and the wife gave up her home at once and went to live with her mother.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$502. Eastland Fund gift, \$499.

No. 425. (German.) **Husband, 40; wife, 43.** Insurance, \$1,000.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The wife was also on the boat, and was ill for some time because of injuries, exposure and shock. She had been a nurse before marriage, and planned to return to that work.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$88. Emergency relief by Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$485.

No. 448. (German.) **Husband, 34; wife, 32.** Real estate, \$4,000; insurance, \$500; mortgage, \$1,500.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The wife was rescued from the boat, but her immersion in the river infected her with typhoid fever and she was ill for some weeks.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$905. Eastland Fund gift, \$270.

No. 476. (Swedish.) **Husband, 51; wife, 50; niece.** Insurance, \$500.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The wife and the niece took a smaller flat and planned to work and support themselves.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$955.89. Eastland Fund gift, \$310.

No. 511. (Swedish.) **Husband, 36; wife, 39.**

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The wife went immediately to live with a sister in another state.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$154. Emergency relief by Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

No. 523. (Bohemian.) **Husband, 25; wife, 23.**

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The wife, in very frail health, went to work with a tailoring firm where she had once been employed, and boarded with her brother-in-law.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$240. Eastland Fund gift, \$735.

No. 714. (German.) **Husband, 40; wife, 38; brother-in-law; sister; two nephews.** Real estate \$3,000; mortgage.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The wife was already in delicate health and the shock of her bereavement caused her to be very ill. She was cared for by her sister. The sister's husband was employed and after the disaster his wages were the sole income of the family.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$208. Eastland Fund gift, \$693.

No. 721. (German.) Husband, 27; wife, 24.

The husband, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The wife went, immediately after the disaster, to live with relatives until she should feel strong enough to earn her own living.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$220. Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

No. 722. (Jewish.) Husband, 28; wife, 26.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. He was an expert swimmer and was to have had charge of the swimming races that day. He was thrown into the water when the boat capsized and for half an hour or more he swam back and forth, rescuing others until his strength was exhausted and he sank. The wife was in a delicate condition and the shock caused the premature birth and death of the child.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$701. Eastland Fund gift, \$600.

GROUP G — II.

(Loss of Husbands and Children)

No. 64. (German.) Husband, 42; wife, 38; daughter, 17; daughter, 11; son, 9; daughter, 7; daughter, 1; brother. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$1,734.94; mortgage, \$2,300.

The husband and five children were killed. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company. The family had but recently come from Jersey City, and the widow planned to take all the bodies back there for burial, and to make her home there with her brother.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and \$1,635.06. Eastland Fund gift of \$800.

No. 296. (Irish.) Husband, 27; wife, 24; son, 2. Insurance, \$1,444.

The husband and son were drowned. The husband had been an employe of the Western Electric Company, earning \$24 a week. The wife was injured in the disaster, and suffered severely from the shock. As soon as she was able, she went East to live with her parents.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$1,234.93. Eastland Fund gift, \$500.

No. 414. (German.) Husband, 30; wife, 27; daughter, 5.

The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed, together with his little daughter and his wife's mother. The wife had formerly worked for the Western Electric Company, and planned to return as soon as she was able.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company, and benefit, \$175. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$500.

No. 485. (English.) Husband, 52; wife, 39; daughter, 17. Insurance, \$2,150.15.

The husband and the only child, a daughter, both employed by the Western Electric Company, were killed. The wife was rescued from the boat, but was slightly injured by being drawn through a port hole. She went to live with friends in another city.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$540.37. Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 662. (American.) Husband, 36; wife, 32; son, 10; daughter, 6. Real estate, \$3,500; mortgage, \$2,900.

The husband was drowned with the two little children. The wife was with them on the boat, but was rescued unhurt. The family had lost one child just before the disaster, and the shock of the second bereavement caused the wife to be very ill. She planned to go to work as soon as she was able.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$830. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

GROUP G — III

(Loss of Children)

No. 55. (German.) Mother; daughter, 30. Real estate, \$6,000; insurance \$225.

A daughter, employed as a dressmaker, was killed. She had earned the living, and, with some assistance from two married brothers, had maintained a comfortable home. The two brothers assumed the expenses incurred by her death.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 141. (German.) Mother, 55; son, 21; daughter; son-in-law. Insurance, \$250.

A son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother, a widow, had been living at the home of a married daughter, but was supported by the son.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$190. Eastland Fund gift of \$735.

No. 275. (Austrian.) Mother, 40; son, 18.

The son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had been a widow for 16 years, and for 15 years she had worked and supported the son. A year before the disaster he had gone to work, and had insisted that she stop work and let him support her. Though in ill health, she had to go to work again after the disaster.

Emergency relief and \$210.10 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$860.

No. 301. (German.) Mother, 79; daughter, 39. Insurance, \$255.

The daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The mother had been a widow for 30 years and depended chiefly on the daughter, her only unmarried child.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company and benefit, \$1,076. Eastland Fund gift of \$456.

No. 375. (German.) Mother, 56; daughter, 23; daughter, 21; daughter, 18. Insurance, \$2,046.

The three daughters of a widow, all three employes of the Western Electric Company, were drowned. The mother was completely prostrated by the shock, but hoped later to be able to work and support herself. She was taken in by her brother.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$630. Eastland Fund gift, \$735.

No. 428. (German.) Mother, 55; daughter, 21; daughter, 18; two grandchildren. Insurance, \$132.

A daughter was drowned. The mother had been a widow for fourteen years, and this daughter was her sole support. A widowed daughter with her two children also lived in the home, but she earned only enough to pay board for herself and the children. The body of the victim was not recovered for two weeks after the disaster, which added to the distress of the mother.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$860.

No. 488. (German.) Mother, 47; son, 24; daughter, 20. Real estate, \$2,800; insurance, \$3,000; mortgage, \$2,400.

The son and daughter of a widowed mother were killed. Both had been wage-earners. The son, a plumber, had always earned good wages, and the daughter also had held a good position. A married son was at first counted on for aid, but it was found that he had consumption.

Eastland Fund gift of \$860 paid to the mother.

No. 495. (German.) Mother, 62; daughter, 23. Insurance, \$246.72.

A daughter, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had been supporting her widowed mother. After the disaster the four married children agreed to assist the mother.

Western Electric Company emergency relief and benefit, \$389.75. Eastland Fund gift, \$860.

No. 557. (Irish.) Mother, 57; son, 22. Insurance, \$256.

A son, the only support of a widowed mother, was killed. There were two other grown sons, but neither helped in the care of the mother. The Red Cross ascertained that the mother was not reliable in financial matters, so the gift was placed in trust, to be paid her \$20 a month. A distant relative was appointed trustee.

Eastland Fund gift, \$840.

No. 558. (Irish.) Mother, 47; son, 25. Insurance, \$346.

The son, the only support of a widowed mother, was killed. She had supported him from the time he was three years old until he was 17, when he insisted that she stop work. Since that time he had earned a good living for her. Three married children were not able to assist her.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$1,050.

No. 586. (German.) Mother, 47; son, 27. Insurance, \$2,000.

The only son of a widow, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. A statement was made to the Red Cross that the mother was an invalid, but investigation failed to substantiate this.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$591. Eastland Fund gift, \$815.

No. 595. (German.) Mother, 73; son, 36.

The son, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had been a widow for years, and depended entirely on this son. There were married children, but none able to assist her.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$212. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$630.

No. 599. (German.) Mother, 62; son, 27. Insurance, \$1,000.

The son of a widow, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was killed. She depended entirely on his earnings and an income of \$9 a month rent. She owned the home.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$415. Eastland Fund gift, \$441.

No. 696. (Irish.) Mother, 57; son, 20. Real estate, \$2,800; insurance, \$399.30.

The son, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The mother had been widowed five years before. She owned the property free of incumbrance and had an income of \$13 a month from the rent of one flat.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$91.70. Eastland Fund gift, \$441.

No. 745. (German.) Mother, 58; daughter, 22; niece, 19; niece, 17. Insurance, \$200.

A widow's daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. With her also perished her cousin. The mother had been a widow for twelve years, but had depended largely on a son for support. A year before the disaster this son, then 30 years of age, died, leaving the mother entirely dependent on her daughter's wages. The two nieces paid board only.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$369.60. Red Cross emergency relief, and land Fund gift, \$840.

The cases of this group are printed under "Single Men," as the social problems are similar. 34 men were bereaved of wife and children. There were 47 deaths. In 22 cases the wife was lost, in 10, wife and children were killed, and in 1, a child was drowned. As there was little dependency in this group, the relief grants were for the most part on account of deaths.

GROUP H—I.

(Loss of Wife)

GROUP H. WIDOWERS WITHOUT CHILDREN.

No. 3. (German.) Husband, 35; wife, 36; sister, 26. Insurance, \$126.10.

A wife and her unmarried sister were killed. The unmarried woman was an employe of the Western Electric Company. The husband had a record for drinking, and had worked irregularly. Some time after the death of his wife and her sister he broke his arm and was helpless, and also mentally irresponsible. A married sister from another state came to take charge of him.

Western Electric benefit of \$198 paid to the father of the two women. Eastland Fund gift of \$230 paid to the husband.

No. 101. (Jewish.) Husband, 30; wife, 24.

The wife was drowned. The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, suffered minor injuries. The couple had been living with a sister of the wife, and had helped generously with the household expenses. It was agreed that the husband and the sister should share the gift.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 118. (German.) Husband, 26; wife, 20; mother; three brothers; sister. Insurance, \$463.93.

A wife, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The husband was also employed by the company. They had been living with the wife's mother, paying board. Two of the brothers were working, but a third was serving a term for attempted robbery. The husband suffered from hernia, which had prevented him from working full time, and under the direction of the Red Cross he was successfully operated.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, \$195. Emergency relief and medical care by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$250.38.

No. 140. (German-American.) Husband, 35; wife, 25.

A wife was drowned. There were no children, and the husband was employed in a department store at a fair salary. Immediately after the disaster he gave up his home and went to live with his parents.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 157. (German.) Husband, 26; wife, 24. Real estate, \$2,700; insurance, \$500; mortgage, \$1,500.

The wife was drowned. The couple had been married about two years, and there were no children. They were buying the little cottage in which they lived, and had it more than half paid for. There was no need of emergency aid.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 172. (Bohemian.) Husband, 23; wife, 19.

A young married woman, whose husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. He earned but \$15 a week, and they had accumulated no property. After the disaster the husband went back to live with his parents, who had lost a daughter (case treated elsewhere).

Western Electric Company benefit, \$204. Eastland Fund gift, \$229.

No. 176. (Polish.) Husband, 29; wife, 24. Insurance, \$500.

The wife was drowned, and the husband received minor injuries. They had lost their only child five months previously, and had no reserve fund. After the disaster the husband gave up his home and went to live with a brother.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 180. (Italian.) Husband, 28; wife, 18. Insurance, \$135.

The wife of a Western Electric Company employe was drowned. The couple had been assisting to support the deaf mute mother of the wife, and the parents of the husband in Italy. As the husband had already received a gift of \$450 because of the death of his brother (treated elsewhere) the money from the Red Cross was paid the wife's mother.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$147. Red Cross, emergency relief and Eastland Fund gift, \$140.

No. 270. (Italian.) Husband, 25; wife, 36.

The wife was drowned and the husband, a Western Electric Company employe, suffered greatly from the shock. He agreed that the money from the Red Cross should be divided between him and his wife's mother, who was dependent on her children.

Western Electric Company, \$170 benefit. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 278. (German.) Husband, 21; wife, 21. Insurance, \$469.

The wife was drowned. The couple had been married but a few months, and left no dependents. The husband planned to give up his home and live with his brother.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 755. (Scotch.) Husband, 37; wife, 35. No real estate. Insurance, \$237.30.

The wife was killed. The husband immediately sold the household effects and went to live with his wife's aunt. Insurance more than covered expense of funeral and husband said he did not wish to be considered for any gift.

No. 323. (Bohemian.) Husband, 31; wife, 26.

A young wife was drowned. There were no children. The husband was employed at a good salary.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 370. (French.) Husband, 27; wife, 22.

The wife of an employe of the Western Electric Company was drowned. Her parents were partly dependent on the couple. In conference it was agreed that the money from the Red Cross should be divided between the parents and the husband.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit of \$177.50. Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 372. (Italian.) Husband, 30; wife, 25; two brothers; father.

The wife was drowned. The husband was employed, and no dependents were found in either America or Europe. The two brothers of the wife assumed the care of their father, who had lived with the family.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 438. (Norwegian.) Husband, 46; wife, 54.

A wife was drowned. The husband, also on the boat, escaped uninjured.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$150. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 513. (German.) Husband, 23; wife, 17. Insurance, \$262.90.

A bride of two weeks was drowned. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company. He returned to his parents' home after the disaster. Because of debts and illness in the family of the bride's parents it was agreed that the gift money should go to them.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$226. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

GROUP H — II.

(Loss of Wife and Children)

No. 16. (Hungarian.) Husband, 30; wife, 29; daughter, 6; son, 3; mother.

The wife and two little children were drowned. The husband was a wood carver, regularly employed, but the shock made him unable to work, though he refused to go to a sanitarium. The aged mother, formerly a domestic, could no longer work, and the situation was complicated and difficult. The assistance of the priest was very useful. The husband and the mother finally gave up the home and went to live with relatives.

Emergency relief and medical care by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$620.

No. 168. (Irish.) Husband; wife, 24; daughter, 8. Insurance, \$93.00.

A wife and little daughter in Chicago on a visit to relatives, were drowned. The husband was in the U. S. navy. At the husband's request the bodies were sent to Lansdowne, Pa., for burial. The mother of the wife was in poor circumstances, and \$200 of the Eastland Fund gift went to her.

Eastland Fund gift, \$420.

No. 208. (German.) Husband, 36; wife, 36; daughter, 12. Real estate, \$2,500; mortgage, \$1,500.

The wife, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned with her child. Because of the husband's record as a drinker, no Western Electric Company benefit was given. The Red Cross granted a gift on the husband's record of 14 years work with one firm.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 251. (American.) Husband, 42; wife, 41; daughter, 14; son, 7. Insurance, \$381.

The wife and both children of a Western Electric Company employe were drowned. The husband at once broke up his home and went to live with his sister.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and \$722.50 benefit. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$300.

No. 362. (German.) Husband, 39; wife, 32; daughter, 6. Real estate, \$3,500; insurance, \$58; mortgage, \$2,900.

The wife and little daughter were drowned. The husband, an employe of the Western Electric Company, escaped. The bodies were taken to Philadelphia for burial, and the husband brought back with him his wife's sister to be the housekeeper. He owned the home, though it was under mortgage, and was able to earn a comfortable living.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$280.80. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 394. (Swedish.) Husband, 28; wife, 25; son, 4; daughter, 3.

A wife and two little children were drowned. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company working regularly, and there were no dependents.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$201. Eastland Fund gift, \$300.

GROUP H — III.

(Loss of Children)

No. 538. (German.) Father, 40; daughter, 9. Insurance, \$122.

A motherless child was drowned, with her grandmother (treated elsewhere).

Eastland Fund gift of \$100.

No. 567. (Polish.) Husband, 23; wife, 28. Insurance, \$1,000.

The wife was drowned. The husband had kept a small grocery and they had lived in rooms in the rear. After the disaster he gave up the store and rooms, and went to live with his parents.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 615. (Bohemian.) Husband, 26; wife, 28. Insurance, \$1,000; debts.

A young woman was drowned. She had been married, but her husband deserted her six months before the disaster and she had returned to live with her mother. The insurance was in the deserting husband's name and it was paid to him, but the mother saw that he paid off the debts. The Red Cross paid the gift money to the mother.

Eastland Fund gift, \$300.

No. 637. (Polish.) Husband, 32; wife, 22; brother-in-law; sister. Insurance, \$1,000.

The wife was drowned. As there were no children, both husband and wife worked for the Western Electric Company. A married sister and her husband lived with them and the sister kept house.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$180. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 638. (German.) Husband, 67; wife, 68. Insurance, \$76.70.

The wife was drowned. She had gone on the outing with her married daughter and her two children, all of whom were drowned. (Case treated elsewhere.)

Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 717. (German.) Husband, 45; wife, 45. Insurance, \$250.75.

A woman visiting her daughter was drowned. The husband came on at once from New York, where they lived, and took charge of the funeral. The gift money was paid to him.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 731. (Jewish.) Husband, 33; wife, 33. Insurance, \$855.92; debts, \$500.

The wife was drowned. The husband owned one of the concessions on the Eastland and had incurred debts of \$500 in buying the concession and laying in a stock. The husband had a reputation for dissipation, and his brother-in-law was called upon to supervise his use of the gift money.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 596. (Norwegian.) Husband, 32; wife, 30; son, 9. Insurance, \$500.

Mother and little son were drowned. The husband escaped, but was unable to return to his work at the Western Electric Company plant. The child had been in hospital for several weeks, and the outing was to celebrate his recovery.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$273. Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 620. (Bohemian.) Husband, 43; wife, 36; daughter, 14; son, 9. Real estate, \$3,200; insurance, \$800; loan, \$1,000.

The wife and both children were drowned. They had gone on the outing with a girl who roomed at their home. (Case treated elsewhere.) At the time of the disaster the husband was out of work. He owned the home, but owed \$1,000, which was secured by the property.

Eastland Fund gift, \$650.

No. 630. (Swedish.) Husband, 35; wife, 30; son, 7. Insurance, \$1,000.

The wife and little son were drowned together. The husband was earning a comfortable salary and there were no dependents left.

Eastland Fund gift, \$350.

No. 710. (American.) Husband, 25; wife, 22; daughter, 3; sister. Insurance, \$454.

The wife and little daughter, with the wife's mother, were drowned. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company. Immediately after the disaster the husband left for the East and all the funeral arrangements were left in the hands of the wife's sister.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$136. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

GROUP I. SINGLE MEN AND SINGLE WOMEN.

Thirty-four men without families were killed. Relief was sent to near relatives when dependency was determined. 93% held insurance policies amounting to \$13,439, while 3% owned property, the equity of which was valued at \$7,000.

Thirty-three single women, of whom 24 were under 30 years of age, met their death in this wreck. Many were supporting relatives and the relief funds were used for those in need. 57% held insurance policies amounting to \$7,212, and 6% owned property, the equity of which was valued at \$5,000.

GROUP I—I.

(Single Women Killed)

No. 34. (Bohemian.) Woman, 22; brother, 28; sister, 22. Real estate, farm. Insurance, \$500.

A young woman, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. Since her parents had moved to

a farm in another state, two years before, she had been living with her brother's family and had not contributed much to the support of her parents.

Emergency relief and \$200 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$200 paid to mother.

No. 71. (German.) Single woman, 48; two sisters; brother; niece. Real estate, \$1,500; insurance, \$1,000.

An unmarried woman, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. She had been practically the sole support of a widowed sister and invalid niece with whom she lived. An unmarried sister and brother lived at the same address but in a separate apartment. The insurance money went to the single sister.

Western Electric emergency relief and \$603.40 benefit to the surviving sisters. Eastland Fund gift of \$280 to the widowed sister.

No. 139. (Polish.) Sister, 21; sister; brother-in-law; two children. Insurance, \$216.

A young woman, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She was an orphan, and made her home with the family of a married sister, paying her board which helped materially in sustaining the family. The married sister also worked, and the brother-in-law was a laborer earning small wages.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company and \$225 benefit. Eastland Fund gift of \$250.

No. 163. (German.) Single woman, 29.

A woman, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She and a young sister had boarded near the Western Electric plant because the family had moved to a plot of ground at the edge of the city where the husband could do gardening. After the disaster the youngest girl went to live with her parents. She and one other employed child paid \$4 board, which was the family's only income.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$289. Eastland Fund gift, \$250.

No. 756. (Bohemian.) Aunt, 55; uncle, 48; niece, 24. The girl was killed. Was employed at Western Electric Company. Left parents' home when 14 because of ill treatment by father. Went to live with aunt, to whom she paid board. No communication with father nor assistance received from him. Immediately after disaster father put in claim for benefit. Dead girl carried \$600 insurance apportioned for funeral, monument, grave decorations and bequest to aunt. Father's claim denied. Aunt said she desired no gift. Western Electric benefit.

No. 203. (Polish.) Single woman, 21.

A young woman, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Her mother was dead and her father had deserted, so she lived with her sister's family and helped with the household expenses.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company and benefit, \$205. Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 236. (German.) Single woman, 35. Insurance, \$392.

A single woman, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She was almost the sole support of a widowed sister with five children, with whom she made her home. As she earned but \$13 a week, the family lived very frugally.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company and benefit of \$684. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift of \$200.

No. 248. (German.) Single woman, 22. Insurance, \$200.

A young woman, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Her father was dead, her step-father worthless, and she and her young sister had lived with an uncle and aunt for twelve years with no aid from her mother. For two years she had been able to pay for the keep of her sister. The uncle was appointed guardian for the younger girl, and the Red Cross paid the money to him.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$294.75. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 252. (German.) Single woman, 19.

A young woman employed by the Western Electric Company was drowned. She had been sending her wages to her parents who, with four younger children, had just moved to a farm in Wisconsin, and where the crop was a failure. The money from the Red Cross was sent them.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$190. Eastland Fund gift, \$400.

No. 287. (Swedish.) Single woman, 21; single woman, 20. Insurance (not paid).

Two young women, sisters, employed by the Western Electric Company, were drowned. They were orphaned very young, and had since lived with their married sister, and assisted greatly with the family expenses when they were old enough to work. They had been insured for \$100, but as each had made the other the beneficiary, the insurance company refused to pay the money to the sister, but applied it on a tombstone. The Western Electric gave work to the brother-in-law.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and \$330 benefit. Eastland Fund gift of \$150.

No. 307. (Irish.) Single woman; single woman.

Two sisters, both employed by the Western Electric Company, were drowned. They had been supporting their aged father in Ireland with their earnings, and to him the money from the Red Cross was sent.

Western Electric Company benefit for funeral expenses, \$281. Eastland Fund gift, \$400.

No. 308. (Polish.) Single woman, 28. Insurance, \$500.

A young woman, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She was left an orphan when young, and had lived with her married sister, turning over her wages to help pay the family expenses.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$174. Eastland Fund gift, \$200, paid the sister.

No. 327. (Bohemian.) Single woman, 21. Insurance, \$210.

A young woman was drowned. She was the chief support of her married sister and two children, with whom she lived. The sister's husband was in a sanitarium for tubercular treatment, and the county was helping support the family.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company \$240, and Eastland Fund gift of \$840.

No. 339. (Bohemian.) Single woman, 23. Insurance, \$392.

A young woman, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned with her sweetheart, and they were buried together. The father had deserted when she was a year old, and the mother had died when she was two, and she had lived with her grandfather. Though he had never contributed to her support, immediately after the disaster the father demanded the benefit and Eastland Fund gift. The Red Cross opposed this, and he finally withdrew the claim. The insurance money went to an aunt.

Western Electric Company, funeral expenses and benefit, \$190. Eastland Fund gift, \$200, to the grandfather.

No. 419. (Irish.) Single woman, 23.

A single woman, an orphan, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Her only relative was an uncle who had been in charge of her since childhood. They boarded, and both were employed.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$244.60. Eastland Fund gift, \$200, paid the uncle.

No. 422. (Scotch.) Single woman, 22.

A young woman employe of the Western Electric Company was drowned. She was an orphan, and had been living with her cousin for eight years.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200. Eastland Fund gift of \$25 paid the cousin.

No. 447. (Irish.) Single woman, 32; single woman, 25. Insurance, \$1,000.

Two sisters, both employed by the Western Electric Company, were drowned. They had been living with and helping support a widowed aunt and crippled cousin, helping a married sister in Chicago, and sending money to their old mother in Ireland. The insurance

money went to the mother, and at a conference it was agreed that the money from the Red Cross should go, \$100 to the mother, \$100 to the married sister, and \$200 to the aunt.

Emergency relief and funeral expenses by the Western Electric Company, and benefit, \$330. Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$400.

No. 454. (Polish.) Girl, 17.

A 17-year-old girl, a domestic, was drowned. She had earned but \$2.50 a week, but always sent part of her wages to her mother in Wisconsin, who had been deserted with four small children.

Eastland Fund gift sent to mother, \$757.

No. 467. (German.) Single woman, 21. Insurance, \$500.

A young woman, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She and her sister were living together and working. Their parents, with eight brothers and sisters from 5 to 25 years of age, lived on their farm in the southern part of the state.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$251.55. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 516. (German.) Single woman, 21.

A young woman, a wage-earner, was drowned. Her mother had died when she was only a year old, and she had been reared in an orphan asylum. Her father was paralyzed, and was being cared for by relatives. The girl lived with a sister and paid board. After a conference with relatives, the money from the Red Cross was paid the father.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 525. (American.) Woman.

A divorcee was drowned. Her former husband had remarried and was caring for the children, so she left no dependents. The money from the Red Cross went to her sister, who came from St. Louis to care for the body.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 533. (Irish.) Single woman, 18.

A young woman was drowned, and her sister, a Western Electric Company employe, slightly injured. A married sister was also drowned (case treated elsewhere). Their parents lived on a farm in Michigan.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$288.60. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 574. (Polish.) Single woman, 37. Insurance, \$475.

A woman wage earner was drowned. She had lived with a married sister, paying board there, and helping her father, brothers and sisters who lived elsewhere. The money from the Red Cross and the insurance went to her father.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$175. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 592. (German.) Woman, 42.

A widow, who had supported herself by keeping a rooming house and doing sewing at home, was drowned. The Red Cross gave the money to a married daughter.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 598. (German.) Single woman, 26.

A young woman, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had roomed at the home of a married sister who also perished (case treated elsewhere). The money from the Red Cross was sent to her parents in Southern Illinois.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$77. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 609. (Irish.) Single woman, 21. Insurance, \$408.

A young woman, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The funeral expenses were met by the firm, and on learning that she had sent her earnings to her parents in Ireland, the Red Cross sent the gift to them. They also got the insurance money.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$187. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 695. (Bohemian.) Girl, 18.

A girl, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had lived with a married sister, who took charge of the funeral. The undertaker charged her \$258 for the funeral, of which the Western Electric Company paid \$190 and the Red Cross the remainder. The balance of the gift money was sent to the girl's parents in the war zone in Bohemia, where they were with difficulty located through the state department.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$177.90. Eastland Fund gift, \$300.

No. 698. (Swedish.) Single woman, 21. Insurance, \$225.

A young woman, a wage earner, was drowned. Her father had deserted some years before and the mother had been keeping roomers. She planned to go on as she had been doing.

Eastland Fund gift, \$708.

No. 703. (Bohemian.) Single woman, 23. Insurance, \$800.

A young woman, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. She had been living with an aunt, who took charge of the funeral. The undertaker charged her \$361, of which the Western Electric Company paid \$190 and the Red Cross \$100. Through the state department the Red Cross located the relatives in Austria. Her brothers were in the army and her father earning but 29 cents a day, so the balance of the gift was sent him.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$190. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 724. (German.) Mother, 61; son-in-law; daughter. Real estate, home; insurance, \$200.

A mother, who had been living with her married daughter and son-in-law, was drowned. She owned the home in which they lived. The funeral expenses were shared by two married daughters, and to them the gift money was paid.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 742. (Bohemian.) Single woman, 19.

A young woman, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. Her parents lived on a farm in Wisconsin and depended to some extent on what she could send them of her wages of \$8.50 a week.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

GROUP I — II.

(Single Men Killed)

No. 56. (Norwegian.) Man, 30. Real estate, farm.

A single man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. His parents in Minnesota had been in part dependent on his earnings. Western Electric fund, \$128.

Eastland Fund gift of \$200 paid his father.

No. 58. (English.) Brother, 26; brother; sister-in-law. Real estate, city lot.

A single man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had been living with his married brother and paying board, and sending \$15 a month to his parents in Winnipeg, Can. The father owned a little property, and had two children at home, one of whom was working.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$160. Eastland Fund gift of \$200 paid the father.

No. 61. (Irish.) Man, 22; brother.

A young man was drowned after he had saved the lives of a number of persons. He had one brother in Chicago, and parents in Ireland who depended largely on his earnings. The Red Cross allowed \$110 to the brother for funeral expenses, and sent \$300 to the parents.

Eastland Fund gift, \$410.

No. 65. (Irish.) Man, 43.

A single man employed on the Eastland was killed. All efforts to find the relatives were vain. The burial expenses, paid from the Eastland Fund, were \$50.

No. 132. (Polish.) Single man, 32. Insurance, \$600.

A young man employed by the Western Electric Company was killed. It was found that his parents in Poland had died since he left home, and there were no dependents. He had lived with a cousin here, but had paid board and the family was in nowise dependent on him. The benefit and gift paid for the funeral.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$194. Eastland Fund gift, \$50.50.

No. 138. (Irish.) Single man, 28.

A young man was killed. He had been contributing to the support of his sister at Roanoke, Va., so the body was sent there for burial, and the money from the Red Cross mailed the sister. Western Electric fund, \$195.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 181. (Italian.) Single man, 31.

A single man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had been assisting to support his aged mother in Italy. The money from the Red Cross was paid his brother, who planned to bring the mother over from Italy and care for her.

Emergency relief and benefit by Western Electric Company, \$121. Eastland Fund gift, \$450.

No. 184. (Bohemian.) Single man, 19.

A man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. His parents were dead and there was no one dependent on him. He lived with the family of his brother.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$194. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 191. (American.) Single man, 24. Insurance, \$250.

A young man employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had been sending part of his wages to his sister in New York, who had several children, and whose husband earned but little. The money from the Red Cross went to her.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$186. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 222. (Greek.) Single man, 25.

A young man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had been assisting in the support of his aged mother in Greece. Half the money from the Red Cross went to the mother, and half to a brother in Chicago who assumed the funeral expenses.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$235. Eastland Fund gift, \$425.

No. 244. (Scotch.) Single man, 23.

A young man employed by the Western Electric Company was killed. He had been helping support his mother in Scotland, and the money from the Red Cross was sent to her.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$129. Eastland Fund gift, \$400.

No. 751. (American.) Single man, 23, living alone. No real estate, no insurance. Employed by Western Electric Company. Parents and relatives lived in North Carolina, in comfortable circumstances. No dependents.

Western Electric Benefit, \$180.

No. 752. (Bohemian.) Single man, 22, killed. Son of well-to-do family whose members declined assistance. No dependents.

No. 753. (English.) Father, 69, two sons, two daughters, all married and independent. Father boarded with friends. Real estate \$2,500, mortgage \$1,800. No insurance. Mother had been dead for many years. Deceased had no dependents. Sons who assumed responsibility for funeral refused assistance. Western Electric Company Benefit \$146.

No. 269. (German.) Single man, 21.

A young man was killed. He had been a wage-earner, but because he had a step-father, had not lived at home, but with an aunt. He had lost a good deal of what he earned, trying to build an aeroplane. It was agreed that of the money given by the Red Cross, \$50 should go to the aunt with whom the son had lived.

Eastland Fund gift, \$315.

No. 293. (Hungarian.) Single man, 26.

A young man who had been earning \$25 a week with the Western Electric Company was drowned. He had made one payment on a plot of land in Indiana on which he had placed his parents. The problem was to help the couple meet payments so that their only hope of making a living should not be lost. The insurance money and \$250 of the sum from the Red Cross was devoted to this, and the other \$250 reserved for another payment due the next Spring.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$200. Eastland Fund gift, \$525.

No. 332. (Bohemian.) Single man, 29. Real estate, \$2,000.

A young man employed by the Western Electric Company was killed. He had been living with his two brothers, one of whom was insane and recently paroled, and both of whom had very defective sight. The money from the Red Cross was placed in trust, to be paid \$100 a year.

Western Electric Company, \$200 benefit. Eastland Fund gift, \$410.

No. 354. (Bohemian.) Single man, 22.

A young man was killed. He had been the chief support of his mother and her three small children, who had been deserted in Montana by the father. Western Electric grant, \$200.

Red Cross emergency relief to mother, funeral expenses and Eastland Fund gift, \$650.

No. 377. (Canadian.) Single man. Insurance, \$1,000.

A single man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had been living with the family of his brother, and contributed to the support of his step-mother, who also lived with the family. The money from the Red Cross was divided, by agreement, between the brother and the step-mother. The insurance was in the name of the brother.

Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 000. (Polish.) Single man, 24. No dependents. Lived with married brother. Father living but estranged from deceased son for years. Brother was beneficiary of \$1,000 insurance. Western Electric benefit of \$200, deceased having been employed there.

No. 460. (Swedish.) Single man, 37. Insurance, \$1,000.

A single man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had been the sole support of his widowed sister and her three little girls. After the disaster the sister moved, with her children, to another house where she hoped to take boarders and earn a living. She was very energetic, and hopeful despite her loss.

Western Electric Company, emergency relief and benefit, \$588.41. Eastland Fund gift, \$595.

No. 478. (Irish.) Single man.

A young man was killed. He had lived with an uncle and aunt, but paid board only. He had two sisters in the city, but they supported themselves, and he had not been helping his parents who, with seven younger children, were in Ireland. The money from the Red Cross was paid one of the sisters here, to pay funeral expenses and aid the parents as she might think best.

Eastland Fund gift, \$500.25.

No. 520. (Polish.) Single man, 31. Insurance, \$500.

A single man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. Through the state department the Red Cross located his aged parents and his sister, who was a mute, in the war zone near Warsaw, Russia. The insurance money and that awarded by the Red Cross was sent them, while his employers met the funeral expenses.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$98.85. Eastland Fund gift, \$320.

No. 530. (Austrian.) Single man, 26.

A musician on the Eastland was killed. His father came from Oklahoma to care for the body, and the money from the Red Cross was paid him.

Eastland Fund gift, \$400.

No. 542. (German.) Single man, 29.

A young man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. The gift money was sent his brother in Hoboken, N. J., who took charge of the funeral, and upon whom fell the burden of supporting the aged father.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$461.31. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 571. German.) Single man, 27. Insurance, \$275.

A young man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. He and his brother had been sending \$15 a week to his parents in the East, though they were not dependent. The brother got the insurance money, and the sum awarded by the Red Cross went to the parents.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company and benefit, \$369.20. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 587. (Canadian.) Single man, 32.

A single man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was drowned. The Red Cross located his aged parents in Canada, and sent the money to them.

Western Electric Company benefit, **\$1,248**. Eastland Fund gift, **\$200**.

No. 000. (German.) Single man, 28, widowed mother living in Germany, one brother living in Chicago. Deceased employed by Western Electric Company. Investigation through State Department and brother brought information that mother had married second time and independent. Insurance policy of \$1,000 paid to brother. Funeral expenses paid by Western Electric Company.

No. 624. (Polish.) Single man, 25.

A man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. He had lived with his brother's family and they were partly dependent on him. He also had another brother and a sister in poor circumstances. The Red Cross divided the gift money among them.

Western Electric Company benefit, **\$205**. Eastland Fund gift, **\$200**.

No. 641. (Irish.) Single man, 24.

The assistant purser on the Eastland was killed. The Red Cross gave \$182 to a married brother in the city for the funeral expenses and mailed the remainder of the gift to the parents in Ireland, who had been partially dependent on him.

Eastland Fund gift, **\$382**.

No. 680. (Belgian.) Single man, 23.

A young man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. His parents were located by the Red Cross through the state department in Belgium, but they renounced all claim to the gift and asked that it be paid to the victim's sister in Maine. This was done.

Western Electric Company, **\$118** benefit. Eastland Fund gift, **\$200**.

No. 713. (German.) Single man, 20.

A young man, employed by the Western Electric Company, was killed. His parents and brother had moved, some months before, to the suburbs and he had not been contributing at all to their support.

Western Electric Company benefit, **\$142**. Eastland Fund gift, **\$200**.

No. 729. (Polish.) Single man, 23.

A single man was killed. The Red Cross ascertained that he had been sending money regularly to his father, a coal miner in southern Illinois, who had for years been unable to work. The gift money was mailed to the mother.

Eastland Fund gift, **\$500**.

GROUP J. ENTIRE FAMILIES LOST.

Twenty-two entire families were lost. 63 deaths were recorded, 9 couples, 6 of whom were under 30 years of age, were lost, while 10 families of parents and children were drowned. A whole family of 7 was lost. The relief funds were distributed among the parents in need. 95% carried insurance amounting to \$20,778, while 22% held property, the equity of which was valued at \$6,350.

GROUP J — I.

(Parents and Children Killed)

No. 12. (English.) Husband, 36; wife, 34; son, 7. Insurance, \$1,060.20.

An entire family was killed. The husband had been an employe of the Western Electric Company. There were no dependents left. By correspondence, the husband's stepfather was located in Alberta, Canada.

Benefit by Western Electric Company, \$290. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 84. (Italian.) Husband, 35; wife, 28; daughter, 5.

A family of three was drowned. The husband had been a Western Electric Company employe. The money from the Red Cross was sent to the dependent parents of the husband in Italy.

Western Electric Company, funeral expenses, \$291. Eastland Fund gift, \$400.

No. 96. (American.) Husband, 20; wife, 19; daughter, 1. Insurance, \$1,159.

An entire family was drowned. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company. Previously they had lived for a time with the husband's mother, later with a sister of the wife and, just before the disaster, had begun housekeeping. At a conference it was agreed that the Western Electric benefit should go toward the funeral expenses, and that from the Red Cross be divided between the husband's mother and the wife's sister.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$90. Eastland Fund gift, \$410.

No. 98. (American.) Husband, 33; wife, 28; daughter, 2. Insurance, \$258.15.

Parents and baby were drowned. The husband was a Western Electric company employe. The mother of the husband came on from New York and took charge of all funeral arrangements, and to her the Red Cross turned over the money from the Eastland Fund.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$541.42. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 161. (Bohemian.) Husband, 36; wife 30; son, 7; daughter, 4. Real estate, \$2,400; insurance, \$1,800; mortgage, \$1,800.

An entire family was drowned. On his salary of \$16 a week the husband had maintained a comfortable home

for his wife and children, and had supported his aged parents. He owned the home, and his parents occupied an apartment in the same house. The money from the Red Cross was paid the parents.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company, \$25.
Emergency relief by Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$690.

No. 230. (Norwegian.) Husband, 38; wife, 33; daughter, 6; daughter, 4. Insurance, \$615.20.

A family of four, consisting of husband, wife, and two little girls, was drowned. The husband had been an employe of the Western Electric Company. There were no dependents left alive. At a conference it was decided that the money from the Red Cross should be equally divided between the sister of the husband and the parents of the wife.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$284.50. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 000. (Norwegian.) Husband, 28; wife, 25 and daughter, 8. All killed. No dependents. Mother and two brothers living in Chicago. One brother living in Los Angeles. All very comfortable. Stated very definitely that they needed no assistance. Insurance on deceased man, \$1,000.

No. 468. (Bohemian.) Husband, 34; wife, 34; daughter, 10; son, 7. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$1,000; mortgage.

Four in one family, father, mother and both children, were drowned. The father was a Western Electric Company employe. They left no dependents, but the gift was divided between the wife's mother and the husband's father.

Eastland Fund gift, \$400.

No. 564. (German.) Husband, 39; wife, 36; daughter, 14; son, 7. Real estate, \$3,000; insurance, \$1,550; mortgage, \$300.

An entire family was drowned. The husband had been an employe of the Western Electric Company. He had been contributing to the support of his aged parents who lived with his widowed sister. The wife's mother also was living with a daughter. At a conference between Red Cross officials and relatives it was agreed that money from the gift should go to the mothers.

Western Electric Company benefit and emergency relief, \$482.50. Eastland Fund gift, \$700.

No. 590. (German.) Husband, 37; wife, 34; son, 12. An entire family was drowned. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company. Relatives in New York took charge of the bodies. The Western Electric Company and the Red Cross met the funeral expenses, and sent to the wife's mother what remained of the money.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$859.55. Eastland Fund gift, \$550.

No. 759. (Polish.) Husband, 26; wife, 25; son, 18 months. Entire family killed. Husband worked for Chicago Surface Lines, earning good wages. Had no debts and were living comfortably. Husband and wife both insured for \$1,000, each naming the other as beneficiary. Funeral bills paid by Western Electric Company. Disposition of insurance left to Probate Court. Deceased man has brother in Chicago, whose wife was also killed in disaster, leaving two children. Case treated elsewhere.

No. 619. (Bohemian.) Husband, 38; wife, 37; daughter, 15; daughter, 13; son, 10; son, 7; son, 5. Real estate, \$4,000; insurance, \$600; mortgage, \$1,800.

A whole family of seven, husband, wife and children, were drowned. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company. They left no dependents, except the mother of the husband and the mother of the wife, who had at times lived with them, but at the time of the disaster were living with other of their children. The Red Cross paid the gift money to a brother of the husband, who applied it on the funeral expenses.

Emergency relief and benefit by the Western Electric Company, \$1,433.22. Eastland Fund gift, \$600.

GROUP J — II.

(Couples Killed)

No. 22. (Bohemian.) Husband, 21; wife, 19. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$250; mortgage, \$2,300.

Husband and wife, both employed by the Western Electric Company, were killed. They had been living with the parents of the wife and assisting in paying for the home. The wife's father was a teamster and able to care for his family. The wife's parents bore the burden of the loss, and the grants were made to them, except \$27 paid to the parents of the husband for expenses incurred by them.

Emergency relief and \$422 benefit by the Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$727.

No. 111. (Irish.) Husband, 24; wife, 26; mother; brother; nephew; grandfather. Real estate, \$2,500; insurance, \$1,241.20; mortgage, \$1,400.

Husband and wife, both employes of the Western Electric Company, were killed. They had been living with the mother of the wife and paying board. The grandfather was the owner of the property where they lived, but it was heavily mortgaged. After the accident the brother, earning \$12 a week, was the only support of the mother. The wife's mother and husband's father shared the funeral expenses and the benefit moneys.

Western Electric Company benefit of \$400. Eastland Fund gift of \$450.

No. 137. (German.) Husband, 23; wife, 25. Insurance, \$1,000.

Husband and wife were drowned. The husband had been an employe of the Western Electric Company. They had shared a flat with the wife's brother, and had been

sending money to the wife's widowed mother in Germany. The money from the Red Cross was divided between the mother and the brother.

Western Electric Company benefit, **\$315**. Eastland Fund gift, **\$400**.

No. 174. (German.) **Husband, 25; wife, 25; mother, 58; brother, 31; brother, 28; sister; brother-in-law. Insurance, \$1,495.**

A husband and wife were drowned. He was an employe of the Western Electric Company. They had been married about three years, and had been living with the family of the wife's mother. But the parents of the husband were dependent on him, and it had been planned for the couple to begin housekeeping for themselves, and take his parents to live with them. The husband's insurance went to his parents, and the gift from the Eastland Fund was divided between them and the parents of the wife.

Western Electric grant, **\$350**. Eastland Fund gift, **\$400**.

No. 758. (German.) **Husband, 40; wife, 38. Both killed. There were no dependents. Deceased was employe of Western Electric Company. Real estate, \$2,500, no encumbrance. Insurance \$1,600. Western Electric benefit, \$409. Father, sister and brother living in Chicago, in comfortable circumstances. Property, insurance and benefit much more than enough to reimburse relatives responsible for funerals.**

No. 276. (German.) **Husband, 32; wife, 30.**

Husband and wife were both drowned. The husband was an employe of the Western Electric Company. They had been married only a month, and the only dependent they left was a sister of the husband, ill in Denver of tuberculosis.

Western Electric Company, funeral expenses and benefit, **\$724.29**. Eastland Fund gift, **\$100** to the sister.

No. 451. (Irish.) **Husband, 25; wife, 20; father; mother; two sisters. Insurance, \$1,617.77.**

Husband and wife were both drowned. The husband had been an employe of the Western Electric Company. They had been living with the husband's father and mother and two sisters. The father had been out of work for almost a year, and one of the sisters was delicate. The insurance money and Western Electric Company benefit went to the parents. They also got \$300 of the Eastland Fund gift; the remainder to the parents of the wife.

Western Electric Company benefit, **\$399**. Eastland Fund gift, **\$450**.

No. 577. (Slav.) **Husband, 38; wife, 35.**

The wife was drowned, and the husband was so broken hearted that he committed suicide. The husband had been an employe of the Western Electric Company, and that firm paid the funeral expenses of both. The Red Cross paid \$100 to a brother of the husband, and sent the remainder to his aged mother in Hungary.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$231.70. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

No. 597. (Bohemian.) Husband, 25; wife, 23. Insurance, \$1,500.

Husband and wife were both drowned. Two of the wife's sisters also perished (case treated elsewhere). The parents of the husband were partly dependent on him. Friction developed over the insurance money and the gift. The Red Cross, in conference with both families, arranged that the wife's parents should have \$500 of the insurance and \$100 of the gift; the husband's parents \$1,000 insurance and \$250 of the gift. The funeral expenses were met by the Western Electric Company benefit, and \$150 from a lodge.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$332.50. Eastland Fund gift, \$350.

No. 618. (English.) Husband, 31; wife, 23. Insurance, \$2,000.

Husband and wife were killed together. He had been a Western Electric Company employe. They left no dependents in Chicago, but the Red Cross ascertained that they had been sending money to the mother of the husband in England, and a gift was sent to her.

Western Electric Company benefit, \$322. Eastland Fund gift, \$200.

GROUP K. RESCUED.

One hundred and one survivors suffered physical injuries and small property loss. They were given medical care and financial aid to cover the period of incapacity.

GROUP K — I.

(Widows with Children)

No. 124. (Irish.) Woman, 36.

A woman was badly bruised and suffered greatly from shock. She had been contributing to the care of her son, who was in charge of a relative.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross and Eastland Fund gift, \$100.

No. 135. (Bohemian.)

A mother was on the Eastland with her married daughter, who was drowned with her two children. (Case treated elsewhere.) The mother was made ill by the shock and her clothing was ruined.

Eastland Fund gift of \$100.

No. 197. (German.) Mother, 48; daughter, 25.

A daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was bruised, and later was ill from the shock. Her mother, a widow, was entirely dependent on her.

Eastland Fund gift of \$25.

No. 223. (Jewish.) Mother, 43; son, 20; son, 14; married daughter; grandchild.

The son, 20 years old, employed on the S. S. Theodore Roosevelt, assisted in the rescue of many Eastland passengers. He became infected from the river water and contracted typhoid fever, and was in a hospital for some time. He was the only wage earner in the family.

Emergency relief to the family by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift \$195.16.

No. 473. (Irish.)

A young woman, living at home with a dependent mother, suffered crushed ribs and serious nervous breakdown.

Western Electric Company paid sick benefit for thirteen weeks. Eastland Fund gift of \$25.

No. 683. (American.)

A young woman suffered from bruises and shock. The Red Cross awarded her \$25.

GROUP K — II.

(Widowers with Children)

No. 70. (American.)

A man, employed on the Eastland, lost his clothing. Paid \$9.95 by the Red Cross.

No. 453. (Irish.) Father, 62; son, 30; daughter, 24. The father and daughter were rescued from the boat, but suffered from bruises and shock, and the daughter was made ill by her experience.

Eastland Fund gift of \$25.

GROUP K — III.

(Married Couples without Children)

No. 20. (American.)

A man employe of the Eastland lost property worth \$25.60 and his position. His wife had been ill at her father's home and had just returned to Chicago, and they were without funds.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, \$22.

No. 79. (Irish.) Husband, 56; wife, 55.

The husband, employed on the Eastland, lost his clothing in the accident. The wife was in the water some time before she was rescued, and was made ill.

Hospital treatment by the Red Cross, and payment of cash, \$20.

No. 117. (American.)

A fireman on the Eastland lost his clothing and was thrown out of employment. The Red Cross paid him \$42.26.

No. 165. (Dutch.) Husband, 51; wife, 40.

The husband, second officer on the Eastland, lost his clothing. Supplied by the Red Cross, \$9.95.

No. 194. (German.)

A young woman suffered minor injuries and the loss of clothing. She had recently been married, and lived with her mother, who owned property.

Relief by the Red Cross, \$25.

No. 202. (Scotch-Irish.)

A married man, employed on the Eastland, lost clothing and personal property, and was out of a position.

The Red Cross paid him \$24.

No. 459. (Norwegian.) Husband, 32; wife, 30; nephew, 8.

A man, his wife and little nephew were in the water for some time, and suffered minor injuries and the loss of clothing.

The Red Cross paid them \$25.

No. 642. (Irish.) Husband, 29; wife.

A man, employed on the Eastland, suffered exposure in the water and an injury to his feet. He had been crippled from birth and earned very little money, but was married and his wife was about to be confined. The Red Cross sent the wife to a hospital and had her cared for through confinement. It also secured the services of specialists, who operated on the husband and gave him almost full use of his legs. The couple had been living in furnished rooms, but, through the aid of the Red Cross, bought furniture and began keeping house.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, and Eastland Fund gift, \$380.85.

No. 668. (American.)

A married man who took an active part in the rescue work suffered the loss of his clothing. Was entirely without funds and needed to leave the city.

The Red Cross gave him an order for new clothing, \$30.

No. 725. (German.)

A woman was made ill by exposure in the water and by nervous shock, and had to be sent to a hospital.

The Red Cross paid her from the Eastland Fund gift \$75.

GROUP K — IV.

(Married Couples with Children)

No. 192. (American.)

A young man suffered a wound in his leg, and loss of clothing. He lived with his parents, who were in comfortable circumstances.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, \$25.

No. 211. (English.)

A landscape gardener, living in a suburb, suffered a sprained ankle and torn ligaments, and was unable to work and under heavy expense for weeks.

Relief by the Red Cross, \$100.

No. 214. (German.)

Two brothers suffered loss of clothing, and were infected from being in the water, and suffered from effects of anti-typhoid vaccination.

The Red Cross gave them \$50.

No. 228. (Canadian.) Husband, 40; wife, 32; daughter, 5.

A man employed on the Eastland lost personal property in the disaster, and asked for help.

The Red Cross paid him \$10.

No. 260. (Russian.) Husband; wife; three children.

A musician on the Eastland lost his clothing and music and his violin was damaged so that he could not earn a living until it was repaired.

The Red Cross paid him \$18 to have the violin repaired.

No. 273. (German.) Husband, 38; wife, 28; daughter, 6; daughter, 2.

The entire family was on the boat, but escaped with their lives. The wife, however, was infected with typhoid fever by immersion in the river, and was ill for several weeks.

Eastland Fund gift of \$150.

No. 283. (Danish.) Father, 50; daughter, 29; son, 21.

The daughter was injured and her clothing ruined. The son was ill at the time, and the shock of the daughter's injuries and the loss of a married sister and her family in the disaster, caused a relapse. The mother was in the Dunning insane asylum.

Eastland Fund gift of \$50.

No. 285. (Bohemian.) Husband, 45; wife, 40; daughter, 21; son, 8; daughter, 7.

The elder daughter, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was severely injured, necessitating a surgical operation which kept her in hospital for five weeks. The father operated a small cigar factory and made a comfortable living.

Eastland Fund gift, \$100.

No. 328. (Austrian.) Husband, 52; wife, 47; daughter, 21; son, 19; daughter, 18.

Two young women were badly bruised and under the care of a physician for some time. Also a niece was drowned (case treated elsewhere) and the family put to much expense.

Eastland Fund gift, \$100.

No. 330. (Bohemian.) Husband, 59; wife, 55; son, 21; son, 19.

The elder son was on the boat, and contracted typhoid fever from immersion in the river.

The Red Cross gave the family \$25 toward the expenses.

No. 348. (German.) Husband, 37; wife, 37; daughter, 14; son, 11; daughter, 7; son, 3; daughter, 2.

The wife was bruised and suffered from shock. The husband had been previously in the employ of the Western Electric Company, but had left them before the disaster. The family was a month behind in the rent,

REPORT OF THE RELIEF COMMITTEE

and owed a grocery bill. The Western Electric Company gave the husband employment.

Emergency relief by Western Electric Company. Eastland Fund gift of \$25.

No. 369. (Bohemian.) Husband, 40; wife, 40; daughter, 12.

The mother was on the boat, and though she escaped without injury, she lost some property and was ill for some time from the shock. She was given \$25 from the Eastland Fund gift.

No. 395. (Irish.)

A young woman, living with her parents, suffered from nervous shock, and lost some clothing.

Emergency relief by the Red Cross, \$30.

No. 405. (Italian.)

A man employed by the Western Electric Company suffered severe bruises. He had a wife and seven children, the eldest only 13, and they were in very poor circumstances. As he was soon able to return to work, only emergency relief was granted.

The Red Cross paid him \$15.

No. 541. (German.) Husband, 42; wife, 38; daughter, 16.

The family of three were in the water for some time, suffering exposure and loss of clothing and some money.

The Red Cross awarded them from the Eastland Fund gift, \$15.

No. 566. (German.) Mother, 35; son, 11.

The mother, an employe of the Western Electric Company, was made ill by her experience on the boat. The father was insane, and the child was entirely dependent on her. She earned only \$10 a week.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, and benefit, \$30. Eastland Fund gift, \$100.

No. 570. (German.)

A young woman suffered from shock and was under the doctor's care for a time.

The Red Cross awarded her from the Eastland Fund a gift of \$50.

No. 573. (Italian.) Father, 61; son, 25; seven children; mother.

The father, a harpist, and his son, a violinist in the Eastland orchestra, lost valuable instruments and were unable without them to earn a living. The father had seven other children and an aged mother to care for.

The Red Cross awarded them, toward new instruments, \$264.70.

No. 608. (German.)

A water tender on the Eastland suffered slight injuries and was out of work.

The Red Cross paid him \$5.

No. 629. (German.)

A boy of 19, a wage earner, was injured and unable to work for two weeks. He had gone on the outing with his sister and his sweetheart, both of whom he saved when the boat capsized.

Eastland Fund gift, \$55.

No. 647. (American.)

A musician on the Eastland lost his uniform and was unable to get another position without one.

The Red Cross paid him \$15 from the Eastland Fund gift.

No. 688. (Jewish.)

A young woman suffered severe injuries to her feet and was confined to her bed for several weeks.

The Red Cross and Western Electric Company both gave emergency relief, and a gift of \$45 was made from the Eastland Fund.

No. 693. (American.)

A young man, the sole support of a family of five, lost all his clothing.

The Red Cross awarded him \$25 for a new outfit.

No. 702. (Bohemian.)

A girl, 18 years of age, suffered a fracture of her toes. The Western Electric Company provided surgical attention and paid her sick benefit, and the Red Cross gave her from the Eastland Fund gift \$50.

No. 706. (Bohemian.)

A family of four suffered from shock and slight injuries, and their clothing was ruined. The husband was unable to work for some time afterward.

The Red Cross paid them from the Eastland Fund gift, \$40.

No. 716. (American.)

A girl, 7 years old, was made ill by exposure in the water and the nervous shock.

The Red Cross paid from the Eastland Fund gift \$25.

No. 734. (Scotch.)

A husband, wife and baby were slightly injured and the husband was ill for some time as a result. Their clothing was ruined.

The Red Cross paid them from the Eastland Fund gift \$50.

GROUP K — V.

(Single Women)

No. 8. (German.) A single woman, visiting her sister and her sister's husband, received a very severe nervous shock when both were killed in the disaster.

Eastland Fund gift of \$25.

No. 201. (Polish.)

A young woman, employed by the Western Electric Company, suffered slight injuries and shock.

The Red Cross gave her \$10.

No. 341. (German.)

Young woman was thrown into the water and her clothing ruined. Red Cross assisted her to the amount of \$25.

No. 359. (Irish.)

A young woman, employed by the Western Electric Company, suffered from shock and bruises, and her clothing was ruined. The Red Cross aided her to the amount of \$25.

No. 368. (American.)

A young woman suffered from shock and from being thrown into the water. A young sister was partly dependent on her. The Red Cross gave her \$50.

No. 429. (German.)

A young woman was slightly injured and lost some clothing. Was unable to work for two weeks after the disaster.

The Red Cross paid her \$25.

No. 437. (Polish.)

A young woman employed by the Western Electric company was made ill by her experience.

Emergency relief by the Western Electric Company, \$15. Eastland Fund gift, \$25.

No. 494. (German.)

A married woman, living apart from her husband, suffered from exposure and bruises.

The Red Cross paid her \$25.

No. 528. (English.)

Two sisters, wage-earners, who lived co-operatively with a brother, were injured. One suffered a crushed hand and both suffered from shock.

The Red Cross paid them \$25.

No. 584. (German.)

A woman on the Eastland was bruised and suffered from exposure, and later developed erysipelas.

The Red Cross paid the doctor's bill, \$6.50.

No. 616. (Bohemian.)

A young woman reported to the Red Cross that her brother was drowned and the family destitute and without food. The Red Cross gave \$5 for emergency relief, but on investigation found that a cousin (case treated elsewhere) and not a brother was the victim, and no further grant was made. The girl's mother said she was hysterical and not responsible for her actions.

Red Cross, \$5.

No. 646. (German.)

A woman employe of the Western Electric Company was made ill by exposure and shock.

The Western Electric Company allowed her sick benefits while she was ill, and the Red Cross granted her \$25 from the Eastland Fund.

No. 709. (Swedish.)

Three months after the disaster a woman who had been injured on the Eastland was reported to the Red Cross as still unable to work. She had lost a brother-in-law and a nephew. (Case treated elsewhere.)

She was paid from the Eastland Fund \$50.

GROUP K — VI.

(Single Men)

No. 82. (Swedish.)

A man employed on the Eastland lost his money and clothing in the disaster, and applied for help to the Red Cross. He was paid \$10.

No. 97. (American.)

A young man, employed on the Eastland, lost his clothing and was thrown out of employment. Red Cross paid him \$10.

No. 103. (Slavish.) Man, 28.

A man employed on the Eastland lost his clothing. Clothing and \$5 given by the Red Cross.

No. 108. (American.)

A man employed on the Eastland suffered slight injury and lost his clothing. The Red Cross paid him \$25.02.

No. 112. (Irish.)

A man, employed on the Eastland, lost his clothing. The Red Cross paid him \$15.63.

No. 115. (English.)

A man, electrician on the Eastland, was slightly injured and lost his clothing. The Red Cross paid him \$27.

VIII.
FINANCIAL STATEMENT

ARTHUR YOUNG & COMPANY
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
205 S. LASALLE ST.

Chicago, March 28, 1919.

MR. J. J. O'CONNOR,
Director, Eastland Relief,
The American Red Cross,
Chicago.

Dear Sir:

We have completed the examination of the accounts and records of the Eastland Disaster Fund and submit herewith statement of receipts and disbursements.

All receipts and disbursements were verified and found correctly entered.

Vouchers, duly signed, covering all expenditures were found in order, and properly recorded.

All vouchers covering payments from the Petty Fund (an emergency fund), were on file in the bank and bore the signatures of the proper officials, accounting for the disbursement of this fund, except a small balance which has been re-deposited in the general fund.

Our examination showed not only adequate emergency grants, but the larger part of the fund was paid out in less than two months after the disaster and within one week after subscriptions to the fund had been closed.

The dispatch with which the work was carried on and the small operative expense, about eight-tenths of one per cent, appear to mark a record in the handling of such funds.

The painstaking effort put forth in investigating each of the many unfortunate cases and determining immediate relief in fairness and justice, which involved a mass of detail, is worthy of mention.

A complete file is kept in each individual case, showing its entire history from reports of visits by investigators working under supervisors in the different districts and revealing the needs for relief and how they were met.

In this connection a system styled the "Eastland Disaster Method of Equalizing Grants" was worked out by the Director for arriving at the just amount of relief to be made each family that has permanent value and might well be adopted in the distribution of similar public funds.

The method used in the handling of Trusts which insures adequate monthly payments from the principal, not merely the interest, to the families is also worthy of note. Nearly all of the minor children in families where the fund was thus handled appear on the records to be assured of sufficient income to rear them to working age.

Yours faithfully,

ARTHUR YOUNG & CO.

REPORT OF THE RELIEF COMMITTEE
THE AMERICAN RED CROSS EASTLAND
DISASTER FUND

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

RECEIPTS:

From Julius Rosenwald,		
Chairman Finance Committee.	\$384,097.84	
Interest on Bank Deposits.....	1,881.94	
		\$385,979.78

DISBURSEMENTS:

Relief — distributed
according to
groups—

Group A.
Orphans\$ 13,720.00

Group B.
Widows with
children 145,159.57

Group C.
Widowers with
children 25,368.00

Group D.
Separated Par-
ent with chil-
dren 13,211.00

Group E.
Married Couple
with children. 119,012.15

Group F.
Married Couple
without chil-
dren 7,183.00

Group G.

Widows without children	21,021.00
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Group H.

Widowers with- out children..	14,812.38
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Group I.

Parents or other dependents ..	7,587.26
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Group J.

No survivors to their depend- ents	9,304.75
--	----------

Group K.

Rescued	3,036.02	
	<hr/>	\$379,415.13

Administration—

Salaries	\$ 1,431.95	
Office Supplies ..	188.70	
Office Equipment.	40.00	
Postage	274.60	
Sundry Expenses.	1,964.62	
	<hr/>	\$ 3,899.87

Held for Designated Families, Printing of Report, etc., March 22, 1919.....	2,664.78	
	<hr/>	\$385,979.78

**THE AMERICAN RED CROSS EASTLAND
DISASTER FUND**

**RELIEF FUND DISTRIBUTED BY THE
WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY AS REPORTED BY THEM**

Group A. Orphans	\$ 5,501.09
Group B. Widows with Children.....	58,119.04
Group C. Widowers with Children.....	9,972.02
Group D. Separated Parent with Children...	2,516.04
Group E. Married Couple with Children.....	48,152.19
Group F. Married Couple without Children..	3,143.56
Group G. Widows without Children.....	15,689.08
Group H. Widowers without Children.....	8,430.20
Group I. Parents or Other Dependents.....	8,202.68
Group J. No Survivors to their Dependents..	6,528.17
Group K. Rescued	5,831.25
Blankets and Supplies	4,305.29
Contributions to Red Cross Fund.....	5,000.00
	\$181,390.61

**FINANCIAL STATEMENT
WESTERN ELECTRIC EXPENDITURES**

I.—From Western Electric Company Relief Fund.

Contributions to Red Cross Fund.....	\$5,000.00	
Blankets and other supplies used at boat..	4,305.29	
Funeral bills paid.....	75,806.37	
Emergency cash relief—		
(a) Deaths	\$14,932.50	
(b) Sickness and injury..	557.31	
	15,489.81	
Total		\$100,601.47

**II.—Benefits Paid in Accordance with Company
Benefit Plan—**

(a) Death benefits (122 cases).....	\$75,227.93	
(b) Disability (sickness and injury, 81 cases)	3,290.44	
	78,518.37	
Total (203 cases).....		78,518.37

**III.—Benefits Paid by Western Electric Employees'
Benevolent Association—**

(a) Death benefits (30 cases).....	\$2,100.00	
(b) Disability (6 cases).....	170.77	
	2,270.77	
Total (36 cases).....		2,270.77
Grand total		\$181,390.61

IX.
APPENDIX

Mayor's Office

Wm. Hale Thompson
Mayor

September 18,
1915.

Mr. J. J. O'Connor,
Director, Central Division,
American Red Cross,
Chicago, Illinois.

My dear Mr. O'Connor:

I cannot allow the occasion of the distribution of the Eastland Relief Fund to pass without expressing my deep appreciation of the excellent work that you and those associated with you have done in making possible so prompt a division of the money collected for the relief of those affected by the disaster.

I have felt that it was of the utmost importance, in order that the purpose for which the fund was collected might be accomplished, that it should reach the beneficiaries without delay and without any of the "red tape" that sometimes becomes evident in matters of this kind. This, to my mind, has been accomplished in a most extraordinary manner. When it is considered that every case has been investigated minutely, and all circumstances given careful thought, the magnitude of the task that has been accomplished may easily be appreciated.

Those who contributed to this fund of more than \$375,000 may well be elated at the fact that all of the work of investigation and distribution has been accomplished at an expense of less than \$500, which is the only deduction to be made from the fund and which, so far as I am able to learn, stands as a record.

Personally and officially I desire to express my warm appreciation of the services that you and your associates and the Mayor's Committee have rendered to those who suffered through the capsizing of the Eastland and to the City of Chicago.

Respectfully,

Wm. Hale Thompson

MAYOR

LM

CLASSIFICATION OF EASTLAND FAMILY GROUPS.

Survivors	Victims
GROUP A.	
I. Children Orphaned.	Parent or Parents.
II. Children (Orphans).	Brother or Sister.
GROUP B.	
I. Widows with Children.	Husband.
II. Widows with Children.	Husband and Child or Children.
III. Widows with Children.	Child or Children.
GROUP C.	
I. Widowers with Children.	Wife.
II. Widowers with Children.	Wife and Child or Children.
III. Widowers with Children.	Child or Children.
GROUP D.	
Separated Parent with Children.	Child or Children.
GROUP E.	
Married Couple with Children.	
GROUP F.	
I. Married Couple.	Wage-Earning Child or Chil- dren.
II. Married Couple.	Minor Child or Children.
GROUP G.	
I. Widows.	Husband.
II. Widows.	Husband and Child or Children.
III. Widows.	Child or Children.
GROUP H.	
I. Widowers.	Wife.
II. Widowers.	Wife and Child or Children.
III. Widowers.	Child or Children.
GROUP I.	
I. Parents or other depend- ents.	Single Women.
II. Parents or other depend- ents.	Single Men.
GROUP J.	
I. No survivors.	Parents and Children.
II. No survivors.	Adults.
GROUP K — RESCUED.	
I. Widows with Children.	
II. Widowers with Children.	
III. Married Couples without Children.	
IV. Married Couples with Children.	
V. Single Women.	
VI. Single Men.	

SUMMARY OF DEAD

Total of dead according to the records of the Coroner of Cook County 812

Summary of Dead

Males 356
 Females 456
 Total 812

Family Groups Summarized
 (Name of group indicates class of survivors)

Groups of:—	Families	
	Having Deaths	Deaths
A. Children only	19	26
B. Widows with children.....	138	156
C. Widowers with children.....	51	72
D. Separated parents	15	15
E. Married couples with children.....	262	290
F. Married couples without children.....	20	25
G. Widows without children.....	37	51
H. Widowers without children.....	33	47
I. Parents and other dependents.....	64	67
J. Families wiped out.....	22	63
Total	661	812

Groups of:—	Males		Females	
A. Children only	14	12		
B. Widows with children.....	101	55		
C. Widowers with children.....	15	57		
D. Separated parents	6	9		
E. Married couples with children.....	109	181		
F. Married couples without children.....	8	17		
G. Widows without children.....	34	17		
H. Widowers without children.....	6	41		
I. Parents and other dependents.....	33	34		
J. Families wiped out—no survivors.....	30	33		
Total	356	456		

Summary of Dead Classified as to Age

	Number Deaths
Under 5 years.....	24
5 to 10 ".....	30
10 to 15 ".....	26
15 to 20 ".....	168
20 to 25 ".....	287
25 to 30 ".....	111
30 to 35 ".....	58
35 to 40 ".....	49
40 to 45 ".....	33
45 to 50 ".....	11
50 to 55 ".....	8
55 to 60 ".....	4
60 to 65 ".....	3
Total	812

Summary of Dead, Under and Over 16 Years, Classified as to Social Position

	Under 16	Over 16
Groups of:—		
A. Children only	1	25
B. Widows with children.....	12	144
C. Widowers with children.....	10	62
D. Separated parents .....	..	15
E. Married couples with children.....	11	279
F. Married couples without children.....	5	20
G. Widows without children.....	8	43
H. Widowers without children.....	15	32
I. Parents and other dependents.....	..	67
J. No survivors	18	45
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total	80	732

Position in Family of Those Killed

Total husbands	135
Total mothers	75
Total wives	32
Total sons	191
Total daughters	316
Total single men.....	30
Total single women.....	33
	<hr/>
Total	812

Summary of Survivors, Classified as to Age and Sex

	Males	Females
Under 5 years.....	65	74
5 to 10 "	106	107
10 to 15 "	166	177
15 to 20 "	177	181
20 to 25 "	177	140
25 to 30 "	81	58
30 to 35 "	34	32
35 to 40 "	29	31
40 to 45 "	54	66
45 to 50 "	85	103
50 to 55 "	81	100
55 to 60 "	44	80
60 to 65 "	26	32
65 to 70 "	9	9
70 to 75 "	2	8
75 to 80 "	3	..
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	1,139	1,198
Total survivors	2,337	

SUMMARY OF DEAD

Western Electric Company Employees

Male	242	
Female	223	
Total		465
Relatives of Western Electric Company employees.....	217	
Others	130	
		347
Total		812

Marital Condition Western Electric Employees Killed

Married males	109
Married females	10
Single males	133
Single females	213
Total	465

Position in Family of Western Electric Employees Killed

Husbands	107
Wives	9
Sons	117
Daughters	195
Brothers	16
Sisters	14
Others	7
Total	465

Cases Acted Upon by Western Electric Company

Western Electric Company employees.....	465
Relatives of Western Electric Company employees.....	187
Other	1
	653

STATISTICAL TABLE OF DEATHS, SURVIVORS, PROPERTY HOLDINGS, INSURANCE HOLDINGS AND RELIEF GRANTS

Group	Total Families	Families where Death Occurs	Families where Deaths Cases Deaths	Families with Injuries or Property Loss	Number of Hold-insurance	Per Cent	Amt. of Ins.	Number of Hold-ins R. E.	Per Cent	Property Value	Amt. of Equity in R. E.	Fund Granted by W. E.	Fund Voted by R. C.	Totals
Children only.....	19	19	26	.....	15	77	11603	8	42	17970	12700	5501.09	13720.00	19221.09
Widows with Children....	144	138	156	6	104	75	80960	67	48	225800	134002	58119.04	145159.59	203278.61
Widowers with Children...	53	51	72	2	38	76	22627	25	50	82495	37734	9972.02	26368.00	35340.02
Separated—with Children.	15	15	15	.....	12	80	4354	6	40	9800	1700	2516.04	13211.00	15727.04
Married Couples with Children.....	295	262	290	33	160	61	76239	174	67	739325	375500	48152.19	119012.15	167164.34
Married Couples without Children.....	30	20	25	10	16	80	7253	14	70	62250	42160	3143.56	7183.00	10326.56
Widows without Children.	37	37	51	.....	29	78	22695	10	27	36100	1900	15689.08	21021.00	36710.08
Widowers without Children	33	33	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11400	7000	8430.20	8214.38	16644.58
Single Men.....	63	31	34	37	29	93	13439	3	3	.....	.....	8202.68	6598.00	14900.68
Single Women.....	46	33	33	13	19	57	7212	2	6	7500	5000	6528.17	7587.26	14115.43
Entire Families Lost.....	22	22	63	.....	21	95	20778	5	22	835	6350	.....	9304.75	9304.75
Rescued.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	762	661	812	101	443	.....	267160	314	.....	1193475	624046	*172085.32	379415.13	551500.45

*Donation to Red Cross of \$5,000 and expenditure for blankets and supplies of \$4,305.29 not included in W. E. total.

No.	Surname		Address		Floor	Front or Rear	Rent	How Long at Address	Special Status	Date
213	Smith		5887 Westmorland St		Cottage	F	OWN HOME	7 yrs m.c		July 26-1915
1	Man	John	AGE 46	DATE BIRTH 7-24-15	PRESENT EMPLOYER - ADDRESS	DATE OF PRESENT EMPLO.	CHARACTER OF EMPLO.	WHERE IS PATIENT	DATE OF PRESENT EMPLO.	REMARKS
2	Woman	Mary	AGE 22	DATE BIRTH 7-24-15	Western Electric Co	1904-15	21		MYL 500	MEB 620 Made Illinois
3	Children	Emily	AGE 11	DATE BIRTH 7-24-15						
4		John	AGE 9	DATE BIRTH 7-24-15				Arm broken		Go Hosp
5		Edward	AGE 7	DATE BIRTH 7-24-15				Shocks		5887 Westmorland
6		Mary	AGE 6	DATE BIRTH 7-24-15						
7	Owners in Household									
8	Birth Place									
9	Race of Parents									
10	Time in U.S.									
11	Scale									
12	City									
13	Naturalization									
14	Church									
15	Kind of Help									
16	Probable Duration of Help									
17	Food									
18	Shelter									
19	Other ways									
<p>PLANS FOR FUTURE</p> <p>Family's Suggestion: Father and brother will take orphaned children to raise</p> <p>Visitor's Suggestion: Agrees with family</p> <p>Other Information: Father and brother of man are of good repute. They will ask Court to appoint brother guardian of children</p> <p>Action Taken: Trust fund for children. Stated sum paid monthly to guardian</p>										
<p>FUNERALS</p> <p>Underwriter: Jones Address: 6197 East St</p> <p>Where Buried: Galvary Expense: 410</p> <p>Who assumes it: How much will owe: None</p> <p>Where Business: Western Electric Co</p> <p>Where Springs: 38.5</p> <p>Where Real Estate: Cent. Value: 1500</p> <p>Agency: Home Mortgage 1700</p> <p>Ad Previous to Disaster: None</p>										

CHART 10 H MARRIED COUPLE WITH CHILDREN (CONTINUED).

VICTIM	AGE	SEX	W.S. RES.	R.E.	W.S. RES.	Other	R.C.	SCALE	RECO.	PAY NO	VOYED	REMARKS.
<i>Reproduction of Committee Chart</i>	16	F	50:M 46	52:0	\$65.			200	200		✓	Victim not a wage earner. No present need.
		G	22:0 21	40:0								
		G	20:3 4	18:0								
	21	F	62:0 19	20:00	Funeral 200			370 000	400 000		✓	Fairly good income per wages. No savings. Living expense heavy
		M	43:0 18									
		B	25:3 15									
<i>Names of Victims purposely omitted.</i>	18	F	66:M 50		Funeral 140.			254 200	300		✓	Family has had much sickness. When incapacitated permanently. No savings. No ins. Good type of family living.
		B	22:0 20									
		B	16:0 13									
	17	F	61:M 50	22:00	225		\$10	200	300		✓	Family have difficulty meeting expenses. Inquent by 24 sickly and at. part time. Standard of living.
		B	24:3 22	25								
		G	20:0 12	1885								
	21	F	50:M 48		185		25	200	250		✓	Father out of employment for one year Victim chief wage earner
		G	26:0 23			Met. 240.00						
		B	19:3 14									
		F	55:M 53	28:00	220		25	200	225		✓	Father out of employment. Son drinks Victim chief wage earner.
		B	28	400 2100								
		F	66:M 61	36:00	553.			200	200		✓	None letters from lawyer A victim of Public Goodwill.
	20	F	48:M 40	50:00	190			280	300		✓	Victim's salary \$15 great help to family.
		B	21:3 16	70:00								
		B	15:0 10	10:00								
	21	F	46:M 48	18:00	200			730	750		✓	Father's work has been irregular. Victim's salary of \$14 was great help to family.
		B	18:3 15	400								
		G	13:3 11	13:00								
	25	F	62:M 58	50:00	160			200	200		✓	Father in weak, mental and physical condition from shock. Victim turned entire salary \$18, into family budget help to family.
		B	28:0 22	16:00								
		B	20:3 20	16:00								
		G	16:3 14									
		G	11.									
	21	F	56:M 56	90:00	200			200	200		✓	Victim gave all his salary \$14 week to Mother.
	B	24.	20:00 20:00									

57585.00

